



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 171L  
Title : PROTEIN FLEXIBILITY AND ADAPTABILITY SEEN IN 25 CRYSTAL FORMS OF T4 LYSOZYME  
Authors : Heinz, D.; Matthews, B.W.  
Deposited on : 1995-03-24  
Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.  
We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)  
A user guide is available at  
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>  
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692  
EDS : rb-20026688  
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)  
Refmac : 5.8.0135  
CCP4 : 6.5.0  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk26865

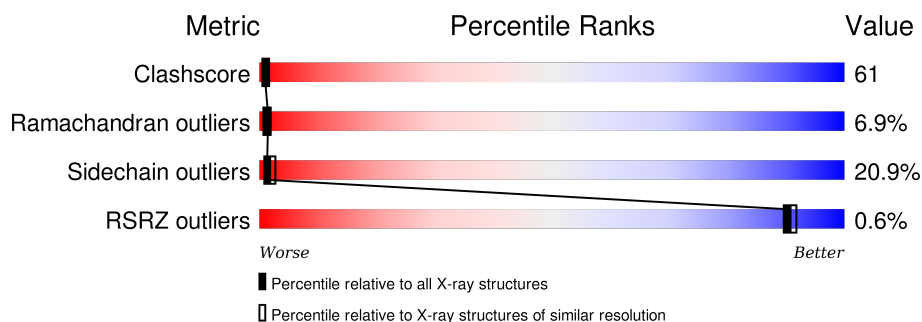
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

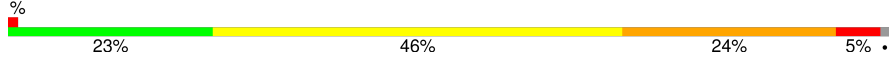
The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	102246	4242 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	4156 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	100360	4158 (2.50-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	91569	3562 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	164	

## 2 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1288 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called T4 LYSOZYME.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	162	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1288	812	235	236	5			

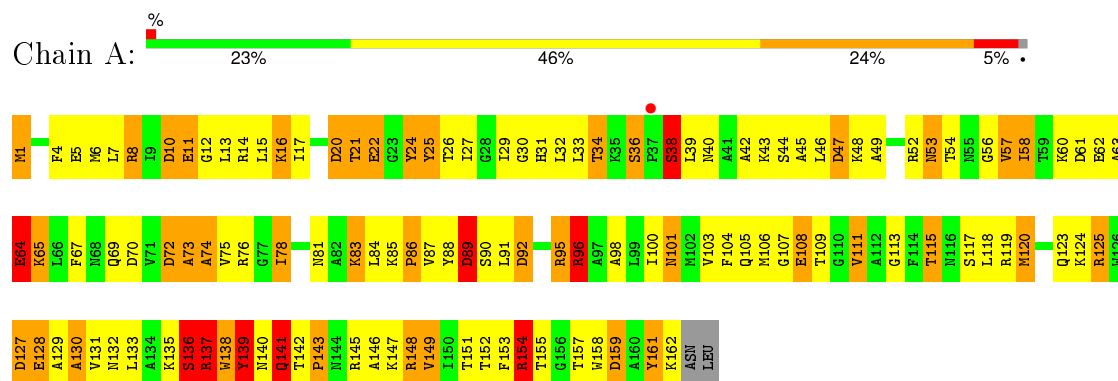
There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	45	ALA	GLU	CONFLICT	UNP P00720
A	54	THR	CYS	CONFLICT	UNP P00720
A	97	ALA	CYS	CONFLICT	UNP P00720

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $\text{RSRZ} > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

#### ● Molecule 1: T4 LYSOZYME



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 2 <sub>1</sub> 2 <sub>1</sub> 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	29.30 Å   129.30 Å   48.90 Å 90.00°   90.00°   90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	6.00 – 2.50 8.64 – 2.11	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (6.00-2.50) 48.3 (8.64-2.11)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	3.07 (at 2.12 Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	TNT	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.217 , (Not available) 0.212 , (Not available)	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	16.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	1.012	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.30 , 122.3	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.46$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.30$	Xtriage
Outliers	0 of 5406 reflections	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.90	EDS
Total number of atoms	1288	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	31.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 10.52% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	1.41	9/1308 (0.7%)	1.88	38/1762 (2.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	1	1

The worst 5 of 9 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	161	TYR	C-N	20.90	1.82	1.34
1	A	108	GLU	CD-OE1	6.54	1.32	1.25
1	A	128	GLU	CD-OE1	6.50	1.32	1.25
1	A	11	GLU	CD-OE2	-6.47	1.18	1.25
1	A	64	GLU	CD-OE2	6.28	1.32	1.25

The worst 5 of 38 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	161	TYR	C-N-CA	-16.32	80.91	121.70
1	A	154	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.71	115.45	120.30
1	A	139	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-8.61	115.83	121.00
1	A	154	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.50	124.55	120.30
1	A	38	SER	N-CA-CB	8.21	122.82	110.50

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
1	A	38	SER	CA

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	142	THR	Mainchain

## 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1288	0	1317	160	0
All	All	1288	0	1317	160	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 61.

The worst 5 of 160 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:161:TYR:C	1:A:162:LYS:N	1.82	1.31
1:A:161:TYR:C	1:A:162:LYS:CA	2.14	1.14
1:A:161:TYR:C	1:A:162:LYS:HA	1.70	1.10
1:A:161:TYR:O	1:A:162:LYS:HA	1.65	0.97
1:A:13:LEU:HD11	1:A:15:LEU:HD21	1.51	0.91

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	160/164 (98%)	121 (76%)	28 (18%)	11 (7%)	<b>1</b> <b>1</b>

5 of 11 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	137	ARG
1	A	138	TRP
1	A	139	TYR
1	A	115	THR
1	A	73	ALA

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	134/136 (98%)	106 (79%)	28 (21%)	<b>1</b> <b>2</b>

5 of 28 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	83	LYS
1	A	106	MET
1	A	141	GLN
1	A	89	ASP
1	A	96	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	69	GLN
1	A	123	GLN
1	A	140	ASN



### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	162/164 (98%)	-0.05	1 (0%) 90 91	6, 28, 57, 68	0

All (1) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	37	PRO	4.9

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.