wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Apr 26, 2016 – 02:09 PM BST

PDB ID	:	1BOC
Title	:	THE SOLUTION STRUCTURES OF MUTANT CALBINDIN D9K'S, AS DETERMINED BY NMR, SHOW THAT THE CALCIUM BINDING SITE CAN ADOPT DIFFERENT FOLDS
Authors	:	Johansson, C.; Ullner, M.; Drakenberg, T.
Deposited on	:	1993-04-23

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

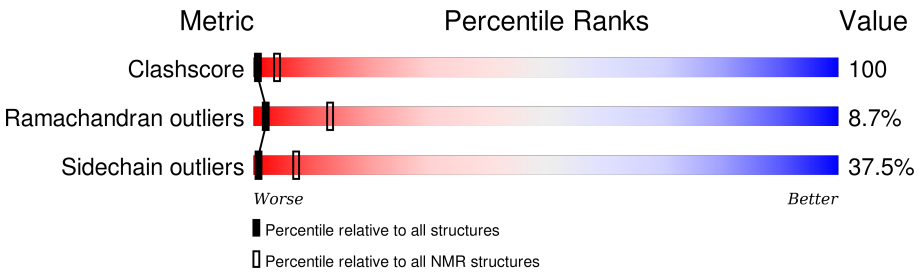
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	unknown
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20027457

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	76	8% 61% 18% • 12%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 29 models. Model 7 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:2-A:40, A:48-A:75 (67)	0.68	7

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29
2	6, 14
Single-model clusters	17; 19

3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1215 atoms, of which 606 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called CALBINDIN D9K.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	76	1215	387	606	92	128	2	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	15	ASP	ALA	CONFLICT	UNP P02633
A	20	GLY	PRO	CONFLICT	UNP P02633
A	43	MET	PRO	CONFLICT	UNP P02633

4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: CALBINDIN D9K

Chain A: 8% 61% 18% • 12%

M0 K1 S2 P3 E4 E5 L6 K7 G8 I9 F10 E11 K12 Y13 A14 D15 K16 E17 G18 D19 G20 N21 Q22 L23 S24 K25 E26 E27 L28 K29 L30 L31 L32 Q33 T34 E35 F36 P37 S38 L39 L40 K41 G42 M43 S44 T45 L46 D47 E48 L49 F50 E51 E52 L53 D54 K55 N56 G57 D58 G59

E60 V61 S62 F63 E64 E65 F66 Q67 V68 L69 V70 K71 K72 I73 S74 Q75

4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 7. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: CALBINDIN D9K

Chain A: 11% 47% 25% 5% 12%

M0 K1 S2 P3 E4 E5 L6 K7 G8 I9 F10 E11 K12 Y13 A14 D15 K16 E17 G18 D19 G20 N21 Q22 L23 S24 E27 L28 K29 L30 L31 L32 Q33 T34 E35 F36 P37 S38 L39 L40 K41 G42 M43 S44 T45 L46 D47 E48 L49 F50 E51 E52 L53 D54 K55 N56 E60 V61 S62

F63 E64 E65 F66 Q67 V68 L69 V70 K71 K72 I73 S74 Q75

5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

Of the ? calculated structures, 29 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *?*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR	refinement	

No chemical shift data was provided. No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	1.14±0.01	0±0/549 (0.0±0.0%)	0.97±0.01	1±1/732 (0.1±0.1%)
All	All	1.14	0/15921 (0.0%)	0.97	21/21228 (0.1%)

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	10	PHE	CB-CG-CD2	-7.00	115.90	120.80	2	20
1	A	73	ILE	CB-CA-C	-5.26	101.08	111.60	19	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	542	532	532	107±17
All	All	15718	15428	15428	3104

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 100.

5 of 1178 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:6:LEU:HD12	1:A:70:VAL:HG23	1.11	1.21	7	5
1:A:9:ILE:HD11	1:A:23:LEU:HD11	1.10	1.21	29	11
1:A:13:TYR:CD1	1:A:30:LEU:HD21	1.09	1.83	26	1
1:A:6:LEU:HD13	1:A:70:VAL:HG21	1.06	1.28	24	2
1:A:6:LEU:HD23	1:A:73:ILE:HD12	1.05	1.08	19	1

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	66/76 (87%)	48±3 (72±4%)	13±2 (19±4%)	6±1 (9±2%)	2	13
All	All	1914/2204 (87%)	1382 (72%)	365 (19%)	167 (9%)	2	13

5 of 28 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	10	PHE	23
1	A	19	ASP	20
1	A	11	GLU	14
1	A	74	SER	13
1	A	4	GLU	13

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	61/69 (88%)	38±3 (62±5%)	23±3 (38±5%)	1	7
All	All	1769/2001 (88%)	1105 (62%)	664 (38%)	1	7

5 of 54 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	69	LEU	29
1	A	28	LEU	29
1	A	10	PHE	29
1	A	36	PHE	28
1	A	6	LEU	28

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided