



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jan 31, 2016 – 06:52 PM GMT

PDB ID : 1CYC
Title : THE CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF BONITO (KATSUO) FERROCYTOCHROME C AT 2.3 ANGSTROMS RESOLUTION. II. STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION
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Deposited on : 1976-08-01
Resolution : 2.30 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)
Xtriage (Phenix) : **NOT EXECUTED**
EDS : **NOT EXECUTED**
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk26865

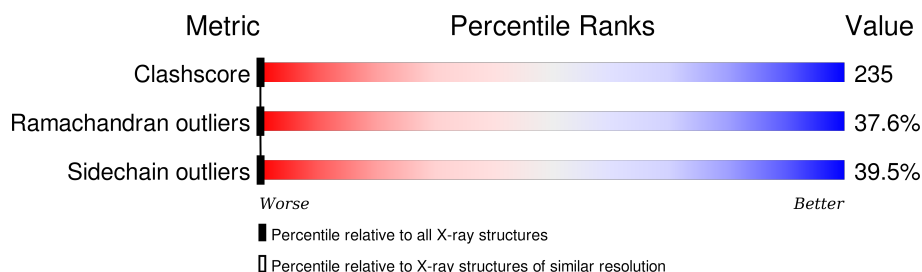
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	102246	4452 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	4410 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	100360	4409 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	103	
1	B	103	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	HEM	A	104	-	-	X	-
2	HEM	B	104	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1677 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called FERROCYTOCHROME C.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	103	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			795	505	139	147	4			
1	B	103	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			795	505	139	147	4			

- Molecule 2 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula: $C_{34}H_{32}FeN_4O_4$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	Fe	N	O	0	0
			43	34	1	4	4		
2	B	1	Total	C	Fe	N	O	0	0
			43	34	1	4	4		

- Molecule 3 is water.

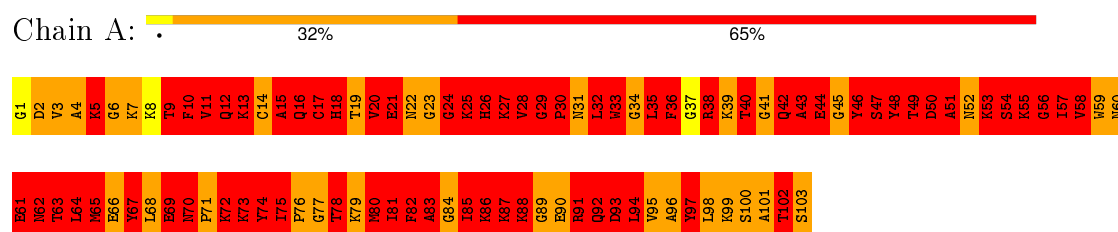
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	O	0	0
			1	1		

3 Residue-property plots

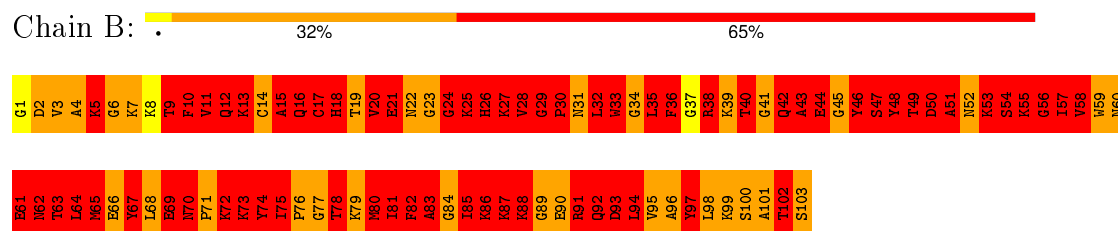
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: FERROCYTOCHROME C



• Molecule 1: FERROCYTOCHROME C



4 Data and refinement statistics

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section will therefore be incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	57.68Å 84.58Å 37.83Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	(Not available) – 2.30	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) ((Not available)-2.30)	Depositor
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	unknown	Depositor
R, R_{free}	(Not available) , (Not available)	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	1677	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	0.0	wwPDB-VP

5 Model quality ⓘ

5.1 Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HEM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	A	7.94	366/811 (45.1%)	6.18	322/1084 (29.7%)
1	B	7.94	366/811 (45.1%)	6.18	322/1084 (29.7%)
All	All	7.94	732/1622 (45.1%)	6.18	644/2168 (29.7%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	2	35
1	B	2	35
All	All	4	70

The worst 5 of 732 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	3	VAL	CA-CB	60.22	2.81	1.54
1	B	3	VAL	CA-CB	60.22	2.81	1.54
1	A	44	GLU	CG-CD	37.82	2.08	1.51
1	B	44	GLU	CG-CD	37.82	2.08	1.51
1	A	46	TYR	CG-CD1	-37.48	0.90	1.39

The worst 5 of 644 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	3	VAL	CA-CB-CG2	-38.56	53.07	110.90
1	B	3	VAL	CA-CB-CG2	-38.56	53.07	110.90
1	A	3	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	-33.90	60.05	110.90
1	B	3	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	-33.90	60.05	110.90

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	18	HIS	CG-ND1-CE1	33.74	155.43	108.20

All (4) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
1	A	40	THR	CB
1	A	78	THR	CB
1	B	40	THR	CB
1	B	78	THR	CB

5 of 70 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	10	PHE	Mainchain
1	A	12	GLN	Sidechain
1	A	16	GLN	Sidechain
1	A	2	ASP	Mainchain
1	A	5	LYS	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	795	0	773	387	47
1	B	795	0	773	387	47
2	A	43	0	30	28	0
2	B	43	0	30	27	0
3	A	1	0	0	1	0
All	All	1677	0	1606	770	54

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 235.

The worst 5 of 770 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:66:GLU:HB3	1:A:74:TYR:CE2	1.24	1.67
1:B:66:GLU:HB3	1:B:74:TYR:CE2	1.24	1.67
1:A:26:HIS:CG	1:A:26:HIS:CB	1.78	1.64
1:B:26:HIS:CB	1:B:26:HIS:CG	1.78	1.64
1:A:49:THR:CB	1:A:49:THR:CA	1.74	1.63

The worst 5 of 54 symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:88:LYS:CE	1:B:88:LYS:CD[4_455]	0.41	1.79
1:A:88:LYS:CD	1:B:88:LYS:CE[4_455]	0.41	1.79
1:A:16:GLN:OE1	1:A:47:SER:OG[2_454]	0.69	1.51
1:B:16:GLN:OE1	1:B:47:SER:OG[2_554]	0.69	1.51
1:A:103:SER:CB	1:B:86:LYS:CE[1_455]	0.77	1.43

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	101/103 (98%)	42 (42%)	21 (21%)	38 (38%)	0	0
1	B	101/103 (98%)	42 (42%)	21 (21%)	38 (38%)	0	0
All	All	202/206 (98%)	84 (42%)	42 (21%)	76 (38%)	0	0

5 of 76 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	15	ALA
1	A	18	HIS
1	A	20	VAL
1	A	24	GLY
1	A	25	LYS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	81/83 (98%)	49 (60%)	32 (40%)	0	0
1	B	81/83 (98%)	49 (60%)	32 (40%)	0	0
All	All	162/166 (98%)	98 (60%)	64 (40%)	0	0

5 of 64 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	88	LYS
1	B	16	GLN
1	B	86	LYS
1	A	92	GLN
1	B	9	THR

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 12 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	70	ASN
1	B	12	GLN
1	B	42	GLN
1	A	52	ASN
1	B	31	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	HEM	A	104	1	30,50,50	10.45	24 (80%)	24,82,82	5.65	16 (66%)
2	HEM	B	104	1	30,50,50	10.45	24 (80%)	24,82,82	5.65	16 (66%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	HEM	A	104	1	-	0/10/54/54	0/0/8/8
2	HEM	B	104	1	-	0/10/54/54	0/0/8/8

The worst 5 of 48 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	104	HEM	C3B-C4B	-39.96	1.16	1.51
2	B	104	HEM	C3B-C4B	-39.96	1.16	1.51
2	A	104	HEM	C3D-C4D	-24.94	1.19	1.51
2	B	104	HEM	C3D-C4D	-24.94	1.19	1.51
2	A	104	HEM	CAA-C2A	-14.93	1.26	1.52

The worst 5 of 32 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	104	HEM	C3B-CAB-CBB	-13.55	103.67	124.46
2	B	104	HEM	C3B-CAB-CBB	-13.55	103.67	124.46

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	104	HEM	CAA-C2A-C1A	-10.17	115.97	127.01
2	B	104	HEM	CAA-C2A-C1A	-10.17	115.97	127.01
2	A	104	HEM	CMA-C3A-C4A	-9.62	112.45	128.36

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 55 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	104	HEM	28	0
2	B	104	HEM	27	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

EDS was not executed - this section will therefore be empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

EDS was not executed - this section will therefore be empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

EDS was not executed - this section will therefore be empty.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

EDS was not executed - this section will therefore be empty.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

EDS was not executed - this section will therefore be empty.