



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Jan 31, 2016 – 07:01 PM GMT

PDB ID : 1DPB
Title : CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC AND ENZYMATIC INVESTIGATIONS ON THE
ROLE OF SER558, HIS610 AND ASN614 IN THE CATALYTIC
MECHANISM OF AZOTOBACTER VINELANDII DIHYDROLIPOAMIDE
ACETYLTRANSFERASE (E2P)
Authors : Hendle, J.; Hol, W.G.J.
Deposited on : 1995-02-03
Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : rb-20026688
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk26865

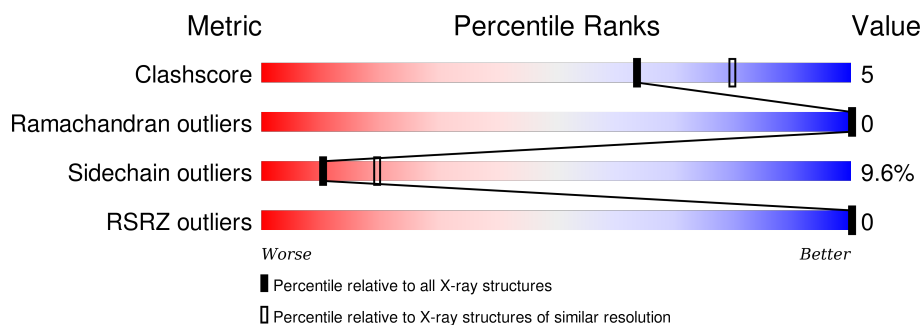
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	102246	4242 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	4156 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	100360	4158 (2.50-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	91569	3562 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	243	

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1848 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called DIHYDROLIPOYL-TRANSACETYLASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	243	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1808	1165	308	327	8			

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	610	CYS	HIS	CONFLICT	UNP P10802


- Molecule 2 is water.

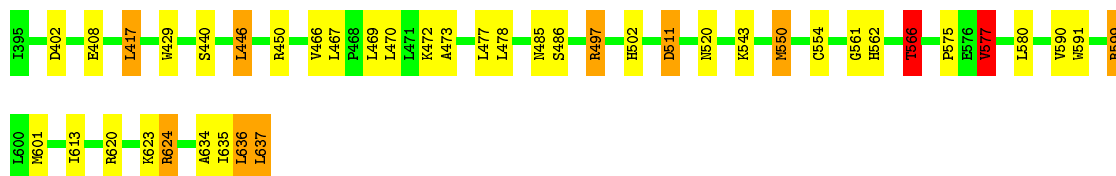
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	40	Total	O	0	0
			40	40		

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($\text{RSRZ} > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: DIHYDROLIPOYL-TRANSACETYLASE

Chain A:  83% 13% . .



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	F 4 3 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	225.02Å 225.02Å 225.02Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	10.00 – 2.50 9.94 – 2.50	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (10.00-2.50) 78.8 (9.94-2.50)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	3.16 (at 2.50Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.187 , (Not available) 0.170 , (Not available)	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	23.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.000	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.30 , 61.0	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.46$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.29$	Xtriage
Outliers	0 of 13417 reflections	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	1848	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.40% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.79	0/1844	1.36	15/2512 (0.6%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (15) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	429	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	9.04	113.53	106.30
1	A	591	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	8.82	113.36	106.30
1	A	637	LEU	CA-CB-CG	8.80	135.53	115.30
1	A	591	TRP	CE2-CD2-CG	-7.83	101.03	107.30
1	A	429	TRP	CE2-CD2-CG	-7.48	101.32	107.30
1	A	624	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.95	123.78	120.30
1	A	620	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.66	123.63	120.30
1	A	429	TRP	CG-CD1-NE1	-5.80	104.30	110.10
1	A	577	VAL	N-CA-CB	-5.76	98.82	111.50
1	A	497	ARG	CA-CB-CG	-5.71	100.83	113.40
1	A	591	TRP	CG-CD1-NE1	-5.60	104.50	110.10
1	A	566	THR	N-CA-CB	-5.20	100.41	110.30
1	A	591	TRP	CB-CG-CD1	-5.04	120.45	127.00
1	A	591	TRP	CG-CD2-CE3	5.04	138.43	133.90
1	A	550	MET	CG-SD-CE	-5.01	92.18	100.20

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1808	0	1853	19	1
2	A	40	0	0	2	0
All	All	1848	0	1853	19	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (19) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:502:HIS:HD2	1:A:520:ASN:H	1.41	0.68
1:A:486:SER:HB3	1:A:497:ARG:HG3	1.78	0.64
1:A:561:GLY:HA3	2:A:739:HOH:O	2.04	0.57
1:A:417:LEU:HD12	1:A:511:ASP:HB3	1.90	0.54
1:A:566:THR:HG21	2:A:715:HOH:O	2.15	0.47
1:A:562:HIS:CD2	1:A:562:HIS:H	2.34	0.46
1:A:477:LEU:HD21	1:A:624:ARG:HB3	1.97	0.46
1:A:450:ARG:HG3	1:A:469:LEU:HD11	1.99	0.44
1:A:624:ARG:HD2	1:A:624:ARG:HA	1.82	0.43
1:A:466:VAL:HA	1:A:469:LEU:HD12	2.01	0.43
1:A:599:ARG:HB2	1:A:601:MET:HE3	2.00	0.42
1:A:590:VAL:HG21	1:A:601:MET:HE3	2.01	0.42
1:A:446:LEU:HD21	1:A:469:LEU:HD22	2.02	0.41
1:A:636:LEU:HD12	1:A:636:LEU:HA	1.93	0.41
1:A:634:ALA:O	1:A:637:LEU:HD23	2.21	0.41
1:A:473:ALA:HA	1:A:635:ILE:HD11	2.02	0.41
1:A:577:VAL:HG13	1:A:613:ILE:CD1	2.50	0.41
1:A:485:ASN:OD1	1:A:554:CYS:HB3	2.22	0.40
1:A:599:ARG:HA	1:A:599:ARG:HD2	1.83	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:402:ASP:OD1	1:A:402:ASP:OD1[28_555]	2.14	0.06

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	241/243 (99%)	234 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	187/195 (96%)	169 (90%)	18 (10%)	10	19

All (18) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	408	GLU
1	A	417	LEU
1	A	440	SER
1	A	446	LEU
1	A	467	LEU
1	A	470	LEU
1	A	472	LYS
1	A	478	LEU
1	A	511	ASP
1	A	543	LYS
1	A	550	MET
1	A	566	THR
1	A	575	PRO

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	577	VAL
1	A	580	LEU
1	A	599	ARG
1	A	623	LYS
1	A	636	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	502	HIS
1	A	562	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	243/243 (100%)	-1.01	0 100 100	2, 13, 48, 64	0

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.