



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 1, 2016 – 04:22 PM GMT

PDB ID : 4EMJ  
Title : Complex between the reductase and ferredoxin components of toluene dioxygenase  
Authors : Lin, T.Y.; Werther, T.; Jeoung, J.H.; Dobbek, H.  
Deposited on : 2012-04-12  
Resolution : 2.40 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.  
We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)  
A user guide is available at  
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>  
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

---

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692  
EDS : rb-20026688  
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)  
Refmac : 5.8.0135  
CCP4 : 6.5.0  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk26865

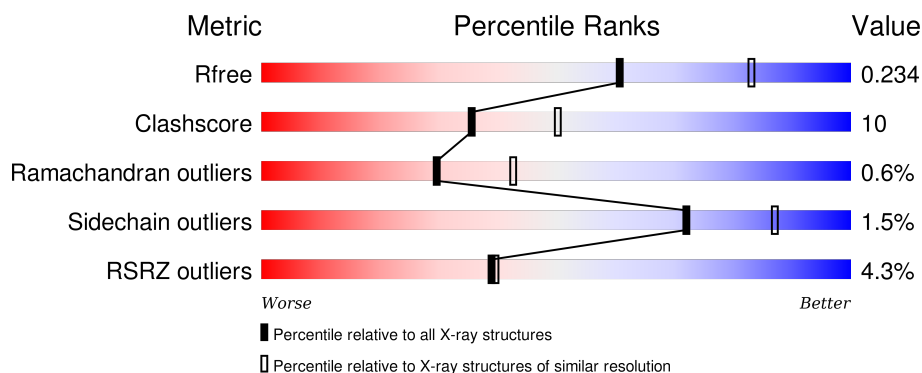
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	91344	2919 (2.40-2.40)
Clashscore	102246	3407 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	3351 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	100360	3352 (2.40-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	91569	2928 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	410	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 1%, green 1%, green 86%, yellow 86%, yellow 98%, grey 98%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 90%; margin: 0 auto;"> <span>%</span> <span>86%</span> <span>12%</span> <span>.</span> </div> </div>
2	B	107	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 17%, green 17%, green 56%, yellow 56%, yellow 89%, orange 89%, orange 90%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 90%; margin: 0 auto;"> <span>17%</span> <span>56%</span> <span>39%</span> <span>.</span> </div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	FES	B	201	-	-	X	-

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8044 atoms, of which 3890 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

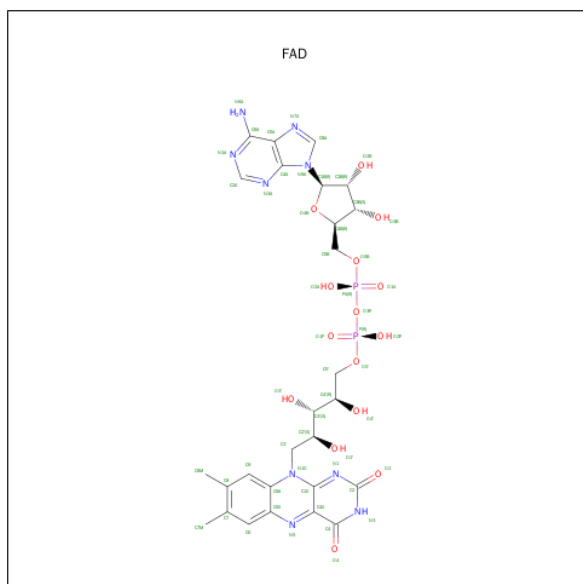
- Molecule 1 is a protein called TodA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S			
1	A	406	6098	1883	3069	554	579	13	0	6	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Toluene 1,2-dioxygenase system ferredoxin subunit.

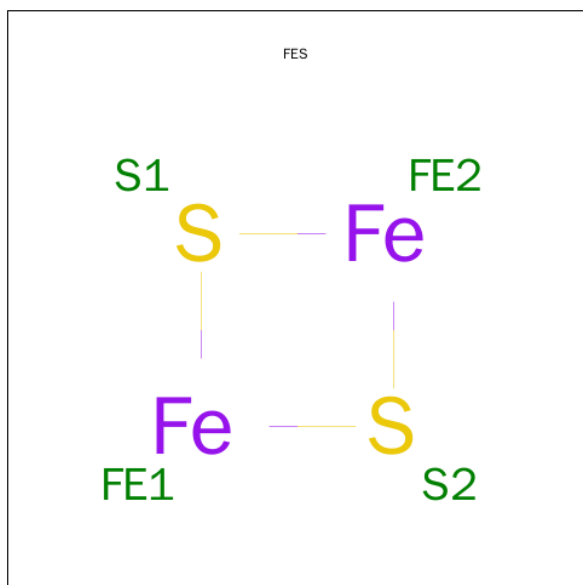
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S			
2	B	106	1616	525	791	135	158	7	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula:  $C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	H	N	O	P		
3	A	1	83	27	30	9	15	2	0	0

- Molecule 4 is FE2/S2 (INORGANIC) CLUSTER (three-letter code: FES) (formula:  $Fe_2S_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	B	1	Total	Fe	S	0	0
			4	2	2		

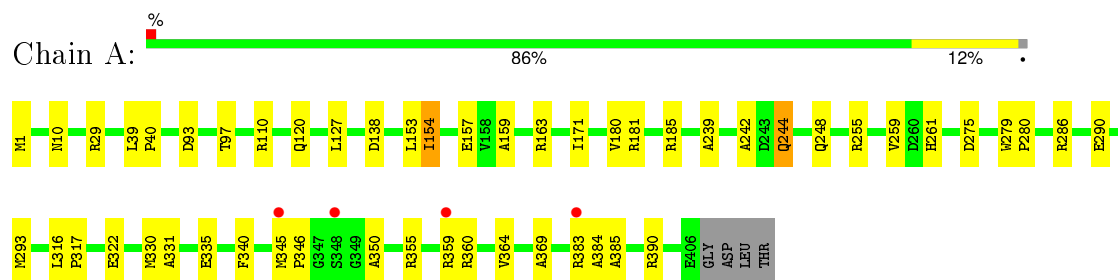
- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	224	Total	O	0	0
			224	224		
5	B	19	Total	O	0	0
			19	19		

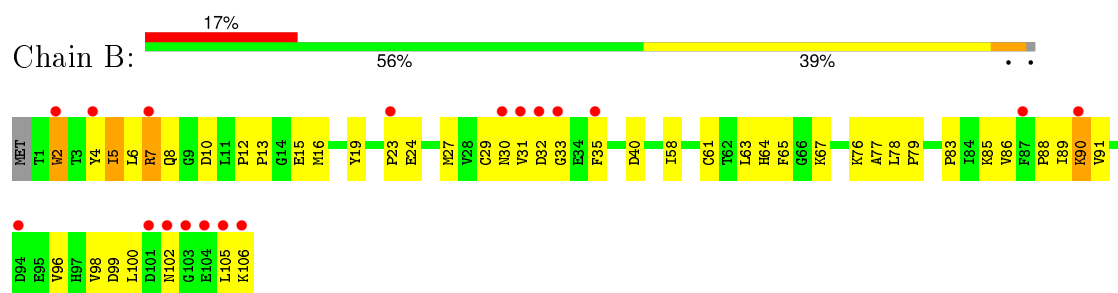
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

#### • Molecule 1: TodA



#### • Molecule 2: Toluene 1,2-dioxygenase system ferredoxin subunit



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 65	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	120.29 Å   120.29 Å   60.42 Å 90.00°   90.00°   120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.07 – 2.40 32.99 – 2.40	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.9 (30.07-2.40) 99.9 (32.99-2.40)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	3.35 (at 2.39 Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (PHENIX.REFINE: 1.7.2_869)	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.169 , 0.234 0.171 , 0.234	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	982 reflections (5.26%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	20.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.101	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.37 , 45.6	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	0.053 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.47$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.30$	Xtriage
Outliers	0 of 19644 reflections	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	8044	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	31.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.70% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FES, FAD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.75	0/3074	0.84	3/4173 (0.1%)
2	B	0.56	0/846	0.77	2/1147 (0.2%)
All	All	0.72	0/3920	0.82	5/5320 (0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	2	TRP	CA-CB-CG	-6.37	101.59	113.70
1	A	29	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.19	117.20	120.30
2	B	90	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	-5.80	98.36	111.70
1	A	93	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.13	122.92	118.30
1	A	29	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.04	122.82	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3029	3069	3060	34	1
2	B	825	791	793	42	0
3	A	53	30	31	0	0
4	B	4	0	0	2	0

*Continued on next page...*



*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	224	0	0	7	1
5	B	19	0	0	0	0
All	All	4154	3890	3884	76	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All (76) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:110:ARG:NH2	1:A:244:GLN:OE1	1.94	0.98
2:B:24:GLU:OE1	2:B:85:LYS:CE	2.29	0.81
1:A:154:ILE:HD13	1:A:154:ILE:N	2.04	0.73
1:A:248:GLN:HG3	5:A:763:HOH:O	1.89	0.72
2:B:98:VAL:HG12	2:B:99:ASP:N	2.04	0.69
2:B:2:TRP:CZ3	2:B:99:ASP:HB2	2.28	0.69
2:B:99:ASP:CG	2:B:102:ASN:HB2	2.12	0.68
2:B:12:PRO:HG2	2:B:15:GLU:CG	2.24	0.68
1:A:259:VAL:O	1:A:286:ARG:NH2	2.26	0.68
1:A:248:GLN:CG	5:A:763:HOH:O	2.43	0.66
2:B:98:VAL:CG1	2:B:99:ASP:N	2.59	0.65
2:B:31:VAL:O	2:B:33:GLY:N	2.32	0.63
2:B:24:GLU:OE1	2:B:85:LYS:HE3	1.98	0.62
2:B:88:PRO:HD2	2:B:102:ASN:O	2.01	0.61
1:A:110:ARG:NH2	1:A:242:ALA:HA	2.17	0.60
2:B:2:TRP:CZ2	2:B:90:LYS:NZ	2.68	0.58
2:B:86:VAL:HB	2:B:106:LYS:HG3	1.85	0.58
1:A:180:VAL:HG22	1:A:185:ARG:HA	1.83	0.58
1:A:1:MET:O	5:A:727:HOH:O	2.17	0.58
2:B:12:PRO:HG2	2:B:15:GLU:HG3	1.86	0.57
2:B:2:TRP:CH2	2:B:90:LYS:NZ	2.64	0.57
1:A:110:ARG:NH2	1:A:244:GLN:CD	2.58	0.57
1:A:110:ARG:HH21	1:A:244:GLN:CD	2.06	0.57
2:B:58:ILE:HD12	2:B:76:LYS:HG2	1.87	0.57
1:A:350:ALA:HB1	1:A:369:ALA:HB2	1.87	0.56
2:B:89:ILE:HD12	2:B:98:VAL:HG22	1.88	0.56
1:A:359:ARG:O	1:A:385:ALA:HA	2.04	0.56
2:B:12:PRO:HG2	2:B:15:GLU:HG2	1.87	0.56
2:B:24:GLU:OE1	2:B:85:LYS:NZ	2.39	0.56
1:A:390:ARG:NH1	5:A:716:HOH:O	2.28	0.54
2:B:90:LYS:HB2	2:B:90:LYS:HZ3	1.71	0.53

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:83:PRO:HG2	2:B:105:LEU:HD22	1.89	0.53
2:B:16:MET:HB3	2:B:29:CYS:HB3	1.89	0.53
1:A:154:ILE:N	1:A:154:ILE:CD1	2.72	0.52
1:A:293:MET:HG2	5:A:609:HOH:O	2.09	0.51
2:B:2:TRP:CH2	2:B:99:ASP:HB2	2.45	0.51
2:B:64:HIS:HB2	4:B:201:FES:S2	2.50	0.51
2:B:78:LEU:HB3	2:B:79:PRO:HA	1.92	0.51
2:B:89:ILE:CD1	2:B:98:VAL:HG22	2.41	0.50
2:B:90:LYS:CB	2:B:90:LYS:HZ3	2.25	0.49
1:A:340:PHE:CE1	1:A:355:ARG:HB2	2.48	0.49
2:B:63:LEU:HD23	4:B:201:FES:S1	2.52	0.49
2:B:2:TRP:CZ3	2:B:99:ASP:N	2.81	0.48
2:B:12:PRO:O	2:B:30:ASN:HB3	2.14	0.48
2:B:91:VAL:HG23	2:B:96:VAL:HG13	1.95	0.48
2:B:31:VAL:HG13	2:B:31:VAL:O	2.14	0.47
2:B:4:TYR:CG	2:B:5:ILE:N	2.82	0.47
1:A:360:ARG:HB3	1:A:383:ARG:HB3	1.96	0.47
1:A:239:ALA:O	1:A:255:ARG:NH2	2.48	0.46
2:B:27:MET:HB2	2:B:40:ASP:OD1	2.15	0.46
2:B:61:CYS:O	2:B:65:PHE:HA	2.15	0.46
2:B:4:TYR:OH	2:B:7:ARG:HG2	2.16	0.46
2:B:8:GLN:HG2	2:B:35:PHE:CZ	2.51	0.46
1:A:159:ALA:HB2	1:A:171:ILE:HD11	1.98	0.46
1:A:345:MET:HE3	1:A:346:PRO:HD2	1.97	0.46
1:A:10:ASN:O	1:A:40:PRO:HB3	2.17	0.45
1:A:275:ASP:OD1	1:A:290:GLU:HA	2.17	0.45
2:B:99:ASP:OD1	2:B:102:ASN:HB2	2.19	0.43
2:B:67:LYS:HB2	2:B:77:ALA:HB3	2.01	0.43
1:A:181:ARG:HG2	1:A:335:GLU:OE2	2.19	0.43
2:B:31:VAL:C	2:B:33:GLY:H	2.21	0.42
1:A:153:LEU:O	1:A:157:GLU:HG3	2.19	0.42
1:A:383:ARG:O	1:A:384:ALA:C	2.57	0.42
2:B:19:TYR:CE2	2:B:100:LEU:HD11	2.54	0.42
1:A:163:ARG:HA	1:A:163:ARG:HD2	1.83	0.42
1:A:279:TRP:CD1	1:A:280:PRO:HD2	2.54	0.42
1:A:350:ALA:CB	1:A:369:ALA:HB2	2.50	0.42
1:A:331:ALA:HB3	1:A:364:VAL:CG1	2.50	0.41
2:B:6:LEU:HG	2:B:10:ASP:HB2	2.01	0.41
1:A:39:LEU:HA	5:A:728:HOH:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:157:GLU:HG2	1:A:322:GLU:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:330[A]:MET:N	1:A:330[A]:MET:SD	2.94	0.41

*Continued on next page...*

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:4:TYR:O	2:B:5:ILE:HG13	2.21	0.40
1:A:120:GLN:HB2	5:A:622:HOH:O	2.22	0.40
2:B:13:PRO:HA	2:B:30:ASN:O	2.21	0.40
1:A:316:LEU:HD12	1:A:317:PRO:HD2	2.03	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:138:ASP:OD2	5:A:676:HOH:O[6_554]	2.19	0.01

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	410/410 (100%)	393 (96%)	17 (4%)	0	100	100
2	B	104/107 (97%)	99 (95%)	2 (2%)	3 (3%)	6	5
All	All	514/517 (99%)	492 (96%)	19 (4%)	3 (1%)	30	43

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	23	PRO
2	B	32	ASP
2	B	5	ILE

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	308/306 (101%)	303 (98%)	5 (2%)	70	86
2	B	90/91 (99%)	89 (99%)	1 (1%)	80	92
All	All	398/397 (100%)	392 (98%)	6 (2%)	72	87

All (6) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	97	THR
1	A	127	LEU
1	A	154	ILE
1	A	244	GLN
1	A	261	HIS
2	B	7	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	248	GLN
1	A	362	GLN
1	A	396	ASN
2	B	102	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	FAD	A	501	-	48,58,58	2.48	10 (20%)	53,89,89	2.82	14 (26%)
4	FES	B	201	2	0,4,4	0.00	-	0,4,4	0.00	-

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	FAD	A	501	-	-	0/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
4	FES	B	201	2	-	0/0/4/4	0/1/1/1

All (10) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	A	501	FAD	O4'-C4'	-2.42	1.37	1.43
3	A	501	FAD	C2B-C3B	-2.22	1.47	1.53
3	A	501	FAD	O4B-C4B	-2.11	1.40	1.45
3	A	501	FAD	C9-C8	2.09	1.43	1.37
3	A	501	FAD	C4-C4X	2.88	1.46	1.41
3	A	501	FAD	C10-N10	3.18	1.42	1.39
3	A	501	FAD	C6A-N6A	3.47	1.45	1.34
3	A	501	FAD	C4X-C10	5.78	1.51	1.41
3	A	501	FAD	C9A-N10	7.53	1.49	1.38
3	A	501	FAD	C5X-N5	10.79	1.52	1.35

All (14) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	A	501	FAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-11.79	119.87	128.89
3	A	501	FAD	O5B-PA-O1A	-6.36	84.93	109.62

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	A	501	FAD	C4X-C10-N10	-5.01	117.57	120.52
3	A	501	FAD	O2A-PA-O1A	-4.47	88.28	112.53
3	A	501	FAD	C4B-O4B-C1B	-3.37	106.02	109.72
3	A	501	FAD	C5X-C9A-N10	-2.77	115.52	117.62
3	A	501	FAD	O3'-C3'-C2'	-2.14	103.35	108.75
3	A	501	FAD	C6-C5X-N5	-2.03	116.35	118.96
3	A	501	FAD	O4B-C1B-N9A	2.35	113.03	108.10
3	A	501	FAD	C1'-N10-C9A	2.54	121.71	118.86
3	A	501	FAD	C4X-N5-C5X	2.84	120.03	116.76
3	A	501	FAD	O2A-PA-O5B	3.07	123.93	108.46
3	A	501	FAD	C2-N1-C10	5.28	120.03	114.95
3	A	501	FAD	O3P-PA-O5B	8.76	126.17	102.94

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	B	201	FES	2	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	406/410 (99%)	-0.34	4 (0%) 84 83	7, 16, 46, 88	0
2	B	106/107 (99%)	0.94	18 (16%) 2 2	23, 56, 103, 126	0
All	All	512/517 (99%)	-0.08	22 (4%) 39 40	7, 20, 78, 126	0

All (22) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	B	7	ARG	5.9
2	B	103	GLY	5.0
1	A	383	ARG	4.5
2	B	105	LEU	4.4
2	B	32	ASP	4.4
2	B	104	GLU	4.1
2	B	35	PHE	3.9
2	B	102	ASN	3.5
2	B	94	ASP	3.5
2	B	106	LYS	3.3
2	B	101	ASP	3.3
2	B	33	GLY	3.1
2	B	2	TRP	2.9
2	B	87	PHE	2.6
2	B	31	VAL	2.5
1	A	345	MET	2.4
2	B	90	LYS	2.4
2	B	23	PRO	2.3
2	B	30	ASN	2.3
1	A	348	SER	2.1
1	A	359	ARG	2.1
2	B	4	TYR	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
3	FAD	A	501	53/53	0.96	0.16	1.03	12,17,29,44	0
4	FES	B	201	4/4	0.99	0.06	-2.12	24,25,26,29	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.