



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 1, 2016 – 01:54 AM GMT

PDB ID : 2EPF  
Title : Crystal Structure of Zinc-Bound Pseudecin From Pseudechis Porphyriacus  
Authors : Suzuki, N.; Yamazaki, Y.; Fujimoto, Z.; Morita, T.; Mizuno, H.  
Deposited on : 2007-03-29  
Resolution : 2.30 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.  
We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)  
A user guide is available at  
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>  
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692  
EDS : rb-20026688  
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)  
Refmac : 5.8.0135  
CCP4 : 6.5.0  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk26865

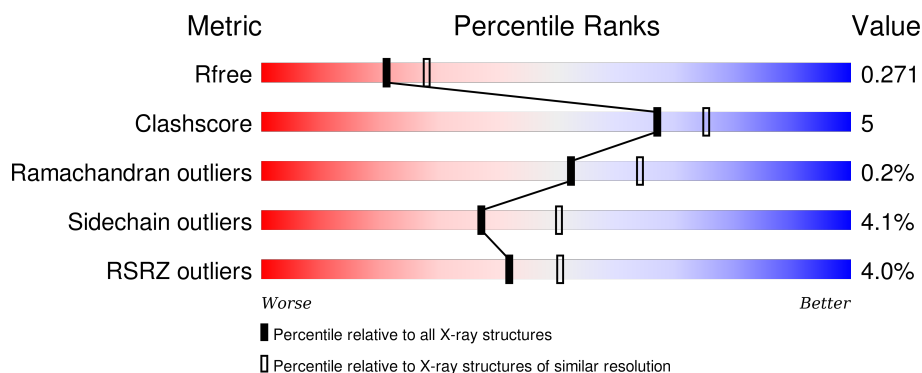
# 1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	91344	3852 (2.30-2.30)
Clashscore	102246	4452 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	4410 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	100360	4409 (2.30-2.30)
RSRZ outliers	91569	3857 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	210	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 1%, orange 1%, orange 89%, yellow 89%, yellow 97%, green 97%, green 100%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> <span>%</span> <span>89%</span> <span>8%</span> <span>..</span> </div> </div>
1	B	210	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 1%, orange 1%, orange 88%, yellow 88%, yellow 98%, green 98%, green 100%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> <span>%</span> <span>88%</span> <span>10%</span> <span>..</span> </div> </div>
1	C	210	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 3%, orange 3%, orange 81%, yellow 81%, yellow 97%, green 97%, green 100%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> <span>3%</span> <span>81%</span> <span>16%</span> <span>..</span> </div> </div>
1	D	210	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 10%, orange 10%, orange 83%, yellow 83%, yellow 98%, green 98%, green 100%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> <span>10%</span> <span>83%</span> <span>15%</span> <span>..</span> </div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard

residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	NA	C	307	-	-	-	X
3	NA	D	308	-	-	-	X

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6700 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Pseudecin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	207	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			1624	1022	296	287	19			
1	B	207	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			1624	1022	296	287	19			
1	C	207	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			1624	1022	296	287	19			
1	D	207	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			1624	1022	296	287	19			

- Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	B	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		
2	A	2	Total	Zn	0	0
			2	2		
2	D	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		
2	C	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 3 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		
3	D	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		
3	C	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		

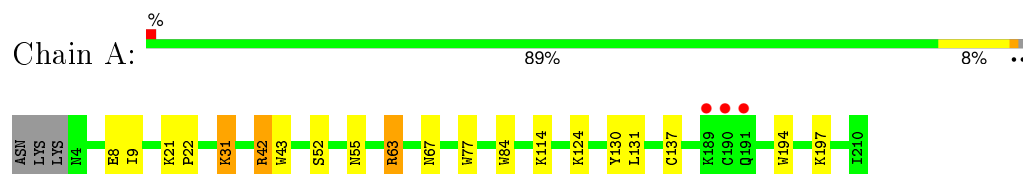
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	93	Total 93	O 93	0	0
4	B	57	Total 57	O 57	0	0
4	C	26	Total 26	O 26	0	0
4	D	20	Total 20	O 20	0	0

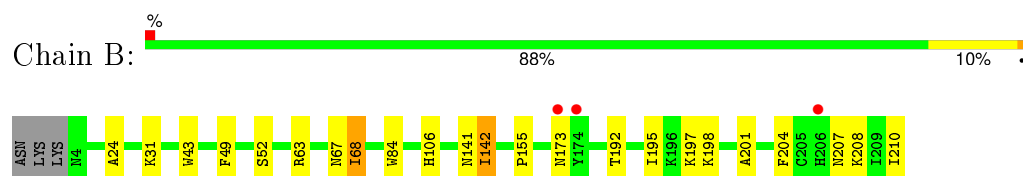
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $\text{RSRZ} > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

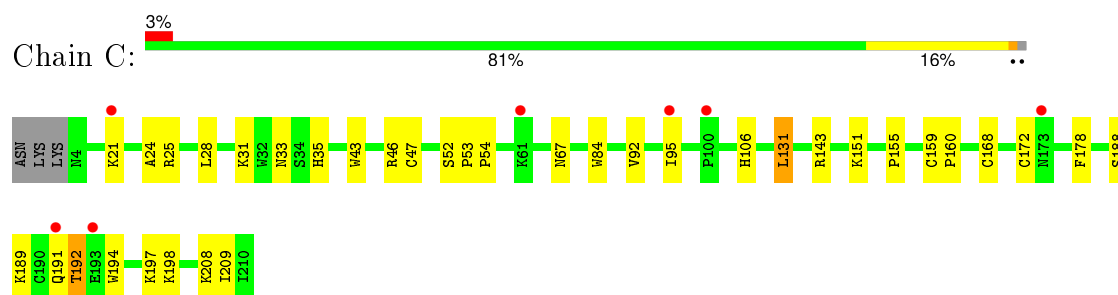
#### • Molecule 1: Pseudecin



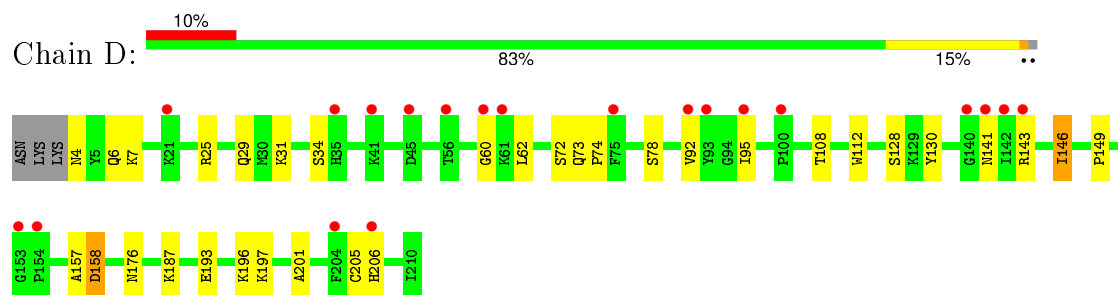
#### • Molecule 1: Pseudecin



#### • Molecule 1: Pseudecin



#### • Molecule 1: Pseudecin



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	60.08Å 62.34Å 246.94Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	38.72 – 2.30 38.71 – 2.30	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	100.0 (38.72-2.30) 99.2 (38.71-2.30)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.09	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	3.77 (at 2.29Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.219 , 0.277 0.212 , 0.271	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2119 reflections (5.31%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	34.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.515	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.36 , 36.1	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	0.027 for k,h,-l	Xtriage
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Outliers	0 of 42067 reflections	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	6700	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	35.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.11% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NA, ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.51	0/1671	0.58	0/2262
1	B	0.48	0/1671	0.56	0/2262
1	C	0.42	0/1671	0.53	0/2262
1	D	0.40	0/1671	0.53	0/2262
All	All	0.45	0/6684	0.55	0/9048

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1624	0	1573	14	0
1	B	1624	0	1573	15	0
1	C	1624	0	1573	20	0
1	D	1624	0	1573	14	0
2	A	2	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
2	C	1	0	0	0	0
2	D	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	C	1	0	0	0	0
3	D	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	93	0	0	1	0
4	B	57	0	0	0	0
4	C	26	0	0	0	0
4	D	20	0	0	0	0
All	All	6700	0	6292	61	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (61) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:92:VAL:HB	1:C:95:ILE:HG12	1.67	0.77
1:C:168:CYS:SG	1:C:209:ILE:HD11	2.38	0.63
1:D:74:PRO:HD3	1:D:130:TYR:CZ	2.33	0.63
1:B:142:ILE:C	1:B:142:ILE:HD12	2.19	0.63
1:C:178:PHE:CE1	1:C:198:LYS:HG2	2.35	0.62
1:D:25:ARG:HB2	1:D:157:ALA:HB3	1.83	0.60
1:B:142:ILE:O	1:B:142:ILE:HD12	2.03	0.58
1:A:31:LYS:NZ	1:A:31:LYS:HB3	2.19	0.58
1:A:55:ASN:ND2	1:A:63:ARG:HH12	2.03	0.56
1:C:168:CYS:SG	1:C:209:ILE:CD1	2.94	0.56
1:B:43:TRP:CD2	1:B:52:SER:HB3	2.41	0.55
1:C:188:SER:HB2	1:C:192:THR:HG23	1.89	0.55
1:C:159:CYS:N	1:C:160:PRO:HD3	2.23	0.53
1:A:31:LYS:HZ2	1:A:31:LYS:HB3	1.74	0.52
1:D:25:ARG:O	1:D:158:ASP:HB2	2.09	0.52
1:D:108:THR:HG21	1:D:146:ILE:HD13	1.92	0.52
1:D:201:ALA:O	1:D:205:CYS:HB2	2.11	0.50
1:D:143:ARG:NE	1:D:176:ASN:O	2.40	0.50
1:B:24:ALA:O	1:B:155:PRO:HA	2.12	0.50
1:C:24:ALA:O	1:C:155:PRO:HA	2.10	0.50
1:B:67:ASN:HD21	1:B:106:HIS:HA	1.76	0.50
1:C:67:ASN:HB3	1:C:84:TRP:CE2	2.48	0.49
1:D:193:GLU:OE2	1:D:196:LYS:NZ	2.47	0.48
1:A:194:TRP:HA	1:A:197:LYS:HG2	1.95	0.48
1:D:92:VAL:HG13	1:D:95:ILE:HB	1.96	0.48
1:B:49:PHE:CE1	1:B:68:ILE:HG23	2.49	0.47
1:A:8:GLU:HG2	4:A:350:HOH:O	2.13	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:49:PHE:HE1	1:B:68:ILE:HG23	1.80	0.47
1:C:172:CYS:HB2	1:C:208:LYS:HB3	1.96	0.47
1:B:204:PHE:HB3	1:D:34:SER:OG	2.14	0.46
1:C:28:LEU:HD23	1:C:168:CYS:HB2	1.97	0.46
1:B:207:ASN:HD21	1:D:7:LYS:HD2	1.80	0.45
1:C:194:TRP:O	1:C:198:LYS:HB2	2.17	0.45
1:A:21:LYS:HA	1:A:22:PRO:C	2.37	0.45
1:C:43:TRP:CD2	1:C:52:SER:HB3	2.52	0.45
1:D:112:TRP:CZ3	1:D:149:PRO:HA	2.52	0.45
1:C:33:ASN:OD1	1:C:35:HIS:HB3	2.17	0.44
1:C:47:CYS:HA	1:C:131:LEU:HD12	1.99	0.44
1:A:124:LYS:HG3	1:A:130:TYR:CE2	2.52	0.43
1:C:178:PHE:HE1	1:C:198:LYS:HG2	1.79	0.43
1:A:9:ILE:HD11	1:A:77:TRP:CE2	2.54	0.43
1:D:73:GLN:HG3	1:D:74:PRO:HD2	2.00	0.43
1:B:43:TRP:CG	1:B:52:SER:HB3	2.54	0.43
1:A:43:TRP:CD2	1:A:52:SER:HB3	2.54	0.42
1:B:67:ASN:ND2	1:B:106:HIS:HA	2.34	0.42
1:D:72:SER:HA	1:D:128:SER:O	2.20	0.42
1:B:192:THR:HB	1:B:195:ILE:HD12	2.02	0.42
1:B:201:ALA:HB1	1:B:210:ILE:HG12	2.01	0.42
1:B:67:ASN:HB3	1:B:84:TRP:CE2	2.55	0.42
1:C:25:ARG:HG2	1:C:151:LYS:O	2.21	0.41
1:B:197:LYS:HG3	1:B:198:LYS:HG3	2.01	0.41
1:A:67:ASN:HB3	1:A:84:TRP:CE2	2.56	0.41
1:D:4:ASN:ND2	1:D:6:GLN:OE1	2.53	0.41
1:C:43:TRP:CG	1:C:52:SER:HB3	2.55	0.41
1:A:9:ILE:HD11	1:A:77:TRP:CD2	2.56	0.40
1:A:114:LYS:HA	1:A:114:LYS:HD2	1.97	0.40
1:C:67:ASN:HD21	1:C:106:HIS:HA	1.86	0.40
1:C:53:PRO:HA	1:C:54:PRO:HD3	1.97	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	205/210 (98%)	201 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
1	B	205/210 (98%)	202 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
1	C	205/210 (98%)	200 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
1	D	205/210 (98%)	191 (93%)	12 (6%)	2 (1%)	19	21
All	All	820/840 (98%)	794 (97%)	24 (3%)	2 (0%)	52	64

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	60	GLY
1	D	206	HIS

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	179/182 (98%)	174 (97%)	5 (3%)	51	68
1	B	179/182 (98%)	172 (96%)	7 (4%)	39	53
1	C	179/182 (98%)	171 (96%)	8 (4%)	34	46
1	D	179/182 (98%)	170 (95%)	9 (5%)	30	41
All	All	716/728 (98%)	687 (96%)	29 (4%)	37	50

All (29) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	31	LYS
1	A	42[A]	ARG
1	A	63	ARG
1	A	131	LEU
1	A	137	CYS
1	B	31	LYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	63	ARG
1	B	68	ILE
1	B	141	ASN
1	B	142	ILE
1	B	173	ASN
1	B	208	LYS
1	C	21	LYS
1	C	31	LYS
1	C	131	LEU
1	C	143	ARG
1	C	189	LYS
1	C	191	GLN
1	C	192	THR
1	C	197	LYS
1	D	29	GLN
1	D	31	LYS
1	D	62	LEU
1	D	78	SER
1	D	141	ASN
1	D	146	ILE
1	D	158	ASP
1	D	187	LYS
1	D	197	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (13) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	35	HIS
1	A	55	ASN
1	A	67	ASN
1	A	180	ASN
1	B	35	HIS
1	B	67	ASN
1	B	173	ASN
1	B	207	ASN
1	C	6	GLN
1	C	55	ASN
1	C	67	ASN
1	D	67	ASN
1	D	141	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 8 ligands modelled in this entry, 8 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	207/210 (98%)	-0.13	3 (1%) 78 83	13, 23, 47, 53	1 (0%)
1	B	207/210 (98%)	0.07	3 (1%) 78 83	17, 31, 49, 55	1 (0%)
1	C	207/210 (98%)	0.14	7 (3%) 49 58	26, 37, 45, 49	1 (0%)
1	D	207/210 (98%)	0.71	20 (9%) 10 14	34, 46, 61, 65	1 (0%)
All	All	828/840 (98%)	0.20	33 (3%) 42 51	13, 36, 55, 65	4 (0%)

All (33) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	D	95	ILE	8.0
1	D	100	PRO	5.1
1	D	60	GLY	5.0
1	D	92	VAL	4.7
1	C	193	GLU	4.0
1	A	190	CYS	4.0
1	D	142	ILE	4.0
1	D	21	LYS	3.7
1	B	173	ASN	3.1
1	D	140	GLY	2.9
1	C	61	LYS	2.9
1	A	191	GLN	2.9
1	D	206	HIS	2.9
1	D	154	PRO	2.8
1	D	61	LYS	2.8
1	C	173	ASN	2.7
1	C	95	ILE	2.7
1	D	75	PHE	2.7
1	D	41	LYS	2.5
1	B	174	TYR	2.5
1	D	204	PHE	2.5

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	D	56	THR	2.5
1	D	141	ASN	2.4
1	D	153	GLY	2.4
1	C	100	PRO	2.4
1	D	45	ASP	2.3
1	D	143	ARG	2.3
1	A	189	LYS	2.3
1	D	35	HIS	2.2
1	B	206	HIS	2.0
1	C	21	LYS	2.0
1	C	191	GLN	2.0
1	D	93	TYR	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
3	NA	D	308	1/1	0.96	0.17	3.90	41,41,41,41	0
3	NA	C	307	1/1	0.89	0.24	2.66	39,39,39,39	0
2	ZN	B	302	1/1	0.98	0.15	0.16	33,33,33,33	0
3	NA	A	306	1/1	0.96	0.07	-4.20	28,28,28,28	0
2	ZN	A	301	1/1	0.97	0.16	-	29,29,29,29	0
2	ZN	C	303	1/1	0.98	0.16	-	39,39,39,39	0
2	ZN	D	304	1/1	0.98	0.11	-	49,49,49,49	0
2	ZN	A	305	1/1	0.97	0.07	-	56,56,56,56	0

## 6.5 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.