



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Jan 31, 2016 – 07:32 PM GMT

PDB ID : 1G41
Title : CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF HSLU HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE
Authors : Trame, C.B.; McKay, D.B.
Deposited on : 2000-10-25
Resolution : 2.30 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : rb-20026688
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk26865

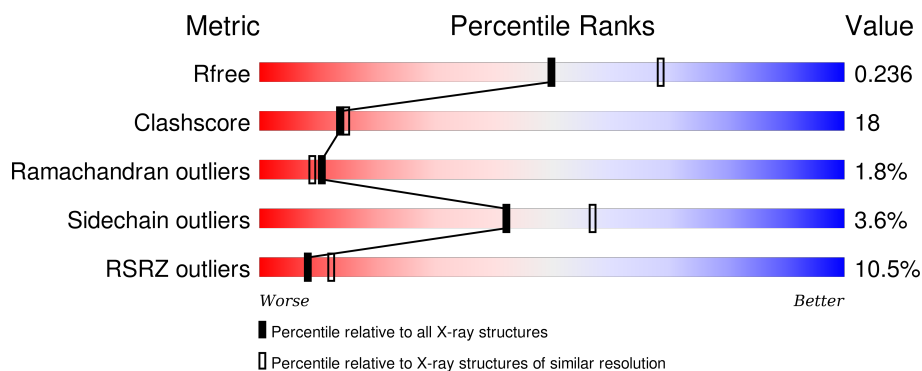
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	91344	3852 (2.30-2.30)
Clashscore	102246	4452 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	4410 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	100360	4409 (2.30-2.30)
RSRZ outliers	91569	3857 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	444	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	ADP	A	450	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2726 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN HSLU.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	334	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2598	1626	463	499	10			

- Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO₄) (formula: O₄S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

- Molecule 3 is ADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ADP) (formula: C₁₀H₁₅N₅O₁₀P₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			27	10	5	10	2		

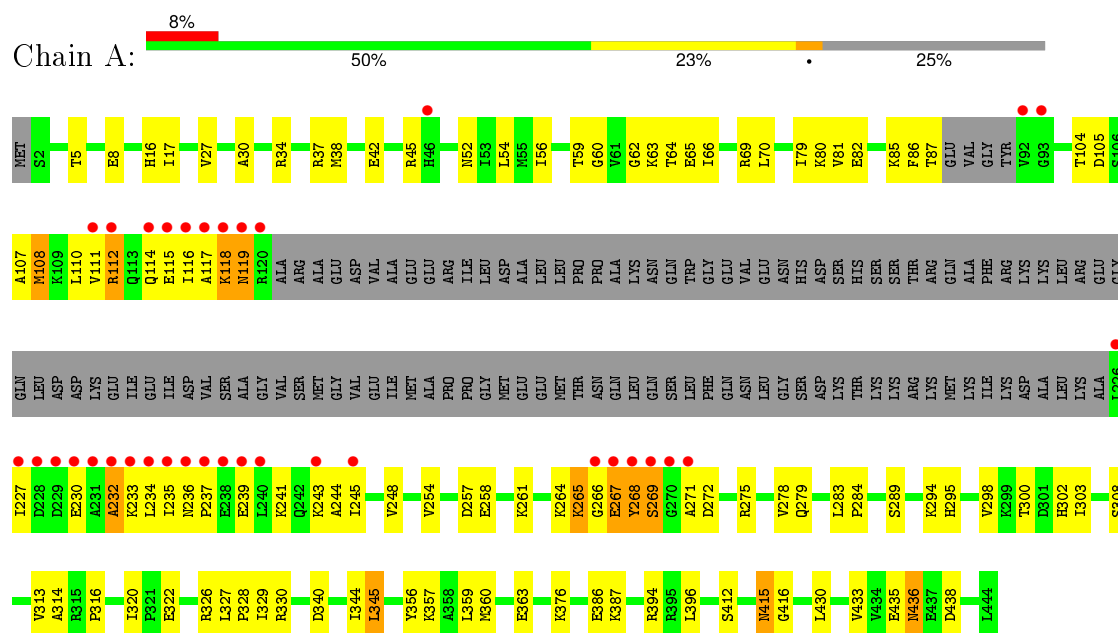
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	96	Total O 96 96	0	0

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN HSLU



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 6 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	110.62Å 110.62Å 335.83Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	35.40 – 2.30 49.59 – 2.30	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	89.9 (35.40-2.30) 89.8 (49.59-2.30)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	5.80	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	6.67 (at 2.29Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS 1.0	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.264 , 0.276 0.208 , 0.236	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	29.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.966	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.32 , 44.6	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Outliers	8 of 49687 reflections (0.016%)	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.89	EDS
Total number of atoms	2726	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	46.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.96% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4, ADP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.34	0/2627	0.58	0/3541

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2598	0	2666	98	0
2	A	5	0	0	0	0
3	A	27	0	12	4	0
4	A	96	0	0	9	1
All	All	2726	0	2678	98	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 18.

All (98) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:112:ARG:HH11	1:A:112:ARG:HB3	1.27	1.00
1:A:236:ASN:HB3	1:A:239:GLU:HB2	1.50	0.92
1:A:415:ASN:HD22	1:A:416:GLY:N	1.77	0.82
1:A:64:THR:HB	3:A:450:ADP:O2A	1.82	0.79
1:A:54:LEU:HD21	4:A:536:HOH:O	1.82	0.78
1:A:279:GLN:HE22	1:A:320:ILE:H	1.28	0.78
1:A:116:ILE:HD12	1:A:117:ALA:N	1.99	0.77
1:A:112:ARG:NH1	1:A:112:ARG:HB3	2.02	0.74
1:A:269:SER:H	1:A:272:ASP:HB2	1.54	0.72
1:A:316:PRO:HG3	4:A:536:HOH:O	1.88	0.72
1:A:63:LYS:HG3	4:A:518:HOH:O	1.89	0.72
1:A:111:VAL:O	1:A:115:GLU:HG2	1.91	0.70
1:A:232:ALA:HA	1:A:235:ILE:HD13	1.75	0.68
1:A:436:ASN:C	1:A:436:ASN:HD22	1.98	0.66
1:A:279:GLN:NE2	1:A:320:ILE:H	1.94	0.66
1:A:118:LYS:O	1:A:119:ASN:HB2	1.96	0.64
1:A:34:ARG:O	1:A:38:MET:HG2	1.98	0.64
1:A:436:ASN:HD21	1:A:438:ASP:HB2	1.63	0.63
1:A:415:ASN:C	1:A:415:ASN:HD22	2.02	0.62
1:A:16:HIS:HB2	1:A:17:ILE:HD12	1.80	0.62
1:A:268:TYR:HA	1:A:272:ASP:OD2	2.00	0.62
1:A:233:LYS:N	1:A:233:LYS:HD2	2.14	0.62
1:A:82:GLU:O	1:A:85:LYS:HB3	2.01	0.61
1:A:59:THR:HG23	4:A:520:HOH:O	1.99	0.61
1:A:313:VAL:HG23	1:A:314:ALA:N	2.16	0.61
1:A:235:ILE:N	1:A:235:ILE:HD12	2.17	0.60
1:A:107:ALA:O	1:A:111:VAL:HG23	2.02	0.60
1:A:241:LYS:O	1:A:245:ILE:HG12	2.03	0.58
1:A:108:MET:O	1:A:112:ARG:HG3	2.04	0.57
1:A:236:ASN:HB3	1:A:239:GLU:CB	2.30	0.57
1:A:283:LEU:HB2	1:A:284:PRO:HD3	1.86	0.57
1:A:63:LYS:HD2	1:A:308:SER:OG	2.05	0.56
1:A:329:ILE:HD12	4:A:548:HOH:O	2.04	0.56
1:A:241:LYS:HD2	1:A:295:HIS:HA	1.86	0.56
1:A:112:ARG:HH11	1:A:112:ARG:CB	2.11	0.56
1:A:376:LYS:HG2	4:A:543:HOH:O	2.06	0.56
1:A:357:LYS:HD2	4:A:500:HOH:O	2.05	0.55
1:A:430:LEU:O	1:A:433:VAL:HG23	2.05	0.55
1:A:313:VAL:HG23	1:A:314:ALA:H	1.71	0.54
1:A:271:ALA:O	1:A:275:ARG:HG3	2.09	0.53
1:A:27:VAL:HB	1:A:70:LEU:HD22	1.91	0.52
1:A:104:THR:HA	1:A:248:VAL:HG21	1.90	0.52

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:237:PRO:O	1:A:241:LYS:HG3	2.09	0.52
1:A:62:GLY:O	1:A:66:ILE:HG13	2.10	0.52
1:A:87:THR:HG22	1:A:278:VAL:HG21	1.92	0.52
1:A:322:GLU:CD	1:A:322:GLU:H	2.14	0.51
1:A:38:MET:HA	1:A:38:MET:HE2	1.93	0.50
1:A:38:MET:HE2	1:A:45:ARG:HH21	1.75	0.50
1:A:65:GLU:HB2	3:A:450:ADP:O1A	2.12	0.50
1:A:118:LYS:C	1:A:118:LYS:HE3	2.33	0.50
1:A:279:GLN:HE22	1:A:320:ILE:N	2.04	0.49
1:A:257:ASP:C	1:A:258:GLU:HG2	2.33	0.49
1:A:394:ARG:NH1	3:A:450:ADP:O1B	2.46	0.49
1:A:436:ASN:ND2	1:A:438:ASP:H	2.11	0.49
1:A:436:ASN:ND2	1:A:436:ASN:C	2.65	0.48
1:A:108:MET:HE2	1:A:244:ALA:HB2	1.96	0.48
1:A:82:GLU:OE1	1:A:82:GLU:N	2.46	0.48
1:A:37:ARG:HH12	1:A:38:MET:HE1	1.79	0.47
1:A:17:ILE:HD12	1:A:17:ILE:N	2.29	0.47
1:A:436:ASN:ND2	1:A:438:ASP:HB2	2.30	0.46
1:A:345:LEU:HD13	1:A:396:LEU:HD13	1.97	0.46
1:A:110:LEU:O	1:A:114:GLN:HG3	2.15	0.46
1:A:239:GLU:O	1:A:243:LYS:HG3	2.16	0.46
1:A:105:ASP:OD1	1:A:294:LYS:HE2	2.15	0.45
1:A:340:ASP:O	1:A:344:ILE:HG13	2.16	0.45
1:A:363:GLU:HG3	1:A:412:SER:HA	1.99	0.45
1:A:80:LYS:HZ3	1:A:257:ASP:HB2	1.82	0.45
1:A:245:ILE:HD12	1:A:298:VAL:HG22	1.99	0.45
1:A:38:MET:HA	1:A:38:MET:CE	2.46	0.45
1:A:230:GLU:HG2	1:A:230:GLU:O	2.15	0.45
1:A:118:LYS:HG3	1:A:118:LYS:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:227:ILE:HG12	1:A:227:ILE:O	2.18	0.44
1:A:294:LYS:HE3	1:A:295:HIS:NE2	2.33	0.44
1:A:52:ASN:HB2	1:A:326:ARG:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:37:ARG:NH1	1:A:38:MET:CE	2.80	0.44
1:A:265:LYS:HB3	1:A:266:GLY:H	1.47	0.43
1:A:387:LYS:NZ	1:A:435:GLU:O	2.51	0.43
1:A:5:THR:OG1	1:A:8:GLU:HG3	2.18	0.43
1:A:60:GLY:N	3:A:450:ADP:O3B	2.52	0.43
1:A:268:TYR:O	1:A:269:SER:HB3	2.19	0.43
1:A:56:ILE:HG12	4:A:536:HOH:O	2.18	0.42
1:A:300:THR:HA	1:A:303:ILE:HD12	2.01	0.42
1:A:284:PRO:O	1:A:289:SER:OG	2.35	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:267:GLU:O	1:A:268:TYR:O	2.38	0.42
1:A:264:LYS:HG3	1:A:264:LYS:O	2.20	0.42
1:A:330:ARG:HH11	1:A:330:ARG:HG3	1.85	0.41
1:A:118:LYS:CA	1:A:118:LYS:HE3	2.50	0.41
1:A:327:LEU:N	1:A:328:PRO:CD	2.83	0.41
1:A:233:LYS:N	1:A:233:LYS:CD	2.83	0.41
1:A:236:ASN:O	1:A:239:GLU:N	2.54	0.41
1:A:30:ALA:HB2	4:A:548:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:356:TYR:O	1:A:360:MET:HG2	2.20	0.41
1:A:37:ARG:NH2	1:A:302:HIS:NE2	2.68	0.40
1:A:258:GLU:HB2	1:A:261:LYS:HD2	2.03	0.40
1:A:268:TYR:O	1:A:269:SER:CB	2.69	0.40
1:A:79:ILE:CG2	1:A:254:VAL:HG22	2.51	0.40
1:A:81:VAL:HG11	1:A:86:PHE:CE1	2.57	0.40
1:A:42:GLU:OE2	1:A:42:GLU:HA	2.22	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:A:458:HOH:O	4:A:458:HOH:O[4_665]	2.05	0.15

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	328/444 (74%)	312 (95%)	10 (3%)	6 (2%)	11 9

All (6) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	119	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	232	ALA
1	A	268	TYR
1	A	234	LEU
1	A	265	LYS
1	A	269	SER

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	280/373 (75%)	270 (96%)	10 (4%)	42 57

All (10) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	69	ARG
1	A	108	MET
1	A	112	ARG
1	A	118	LYS
1	A	267	GLU
1	A	345	LEU
1	A	359	LEU
1	A	386	GLU
1	A	415	ASN
1	A	436	ASN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (7) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	15	GLN
1	A	236	ASN
1	A	279	GLN
1	A	366	ASN
1	A	397	HIS
1	A	415	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	436	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
3	ADP	A	450	-	22,29,29	1.36	2 (9%)	27,45,45	1.51	3 (11%)
2	SO4	A	600	-	4,4,4	0.32	0	6,6,6	0.10	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	ADP	A	450	-	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
2	SO4	A	600	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	A	450	ADP	C8-N7	-3.72	1.27	1.34
3	A	450	ADP	C2'-C3'	2.14	1.59	1.53

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	A	450	ADP	C2'-C1'-N9	-3.51	108.93	114.29
3	A	450	ADP	N3-C2-N1	-3.35	126.33	128.89
3	A	450	ADP	C4'-O4'-C1'	4.18	114.31	109.72

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	450	ADP	4	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	334/444 (75%)	0.46	35 (10%) 8 12	13, 32, 124, 183	0

All (35) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	234	LEU	11.1
1	A	268	TYR	9.8
1	A	226	LEU	9.2
1	A	235	ILE	8.7
1	A	228	ASP	8.7
1	A	233	LYS	8.5
1	A	229	ASP	8.3
1	A	240	LEU	8.0
1	A	231	ALA	7.5
1	A	93	GLY	6.8
1	A	227	ILE	5.8
1	A	232	ALA	4.9
1	A	120	ARG	4.8
1	A	237	PRO	4.6
1	A	230	GLU	4.5
1	A	112	ARG	4.1
1	A	238	GLU	4.0
1	A	118	LYS	3.9
1	A	269	SER	3.7
1	A	119	ASN	3.6
1	A	266	GLY	3.3
1	A	243	LYS	3.2
1	A	236	ASN	3.0
1	A	267	GLU	2.9
1	A	92	VAL	2.8
1	A	115	GLU	2.8
1	A	46	HIS	2.6

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	116	ILE	2.5
1	A	114	GLN	2.4
1	A	270	GLY	2.3
1	A	245	ILE	2.3
1	A	239	GLU	2.2
1	A	111	VAL	2.1
1	A	117	ALA	2.1
1	A	271	ALA	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
3	ADP	A	450	27/27	0.93	0.16	2.46	30,32,51,63	0
2	SO4	A	600	5/5	0.96	0.13	1.18	27,27,27,27	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.