



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Jan 31, 2016 – 07:45 PM GMT

PDB ID : 1H3T
Title : CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF THE HUMAN IGG1 FC-FRAGMENT, GLYC
OFORM (MN2F)2
Authors : Krapp, S.; Mimura, Y.; Jefferis, R.; Huber, R.; Sondermann, P.
Deposited on : 2002-09-19
Resolution : 2.40 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : rb-20026688
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk26865

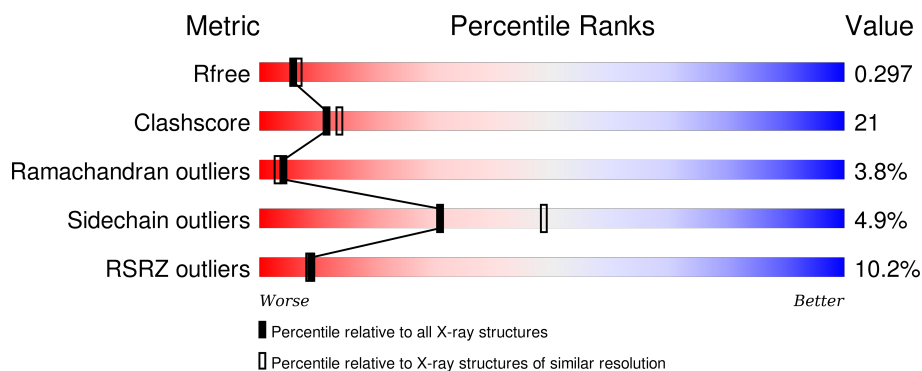
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	91344	2919 (2.40-2.40)
Clashscore	102246	3407 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	3351 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	100360	3352 (2.40-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	91569	2928 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	223	
1	B	223	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3240 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

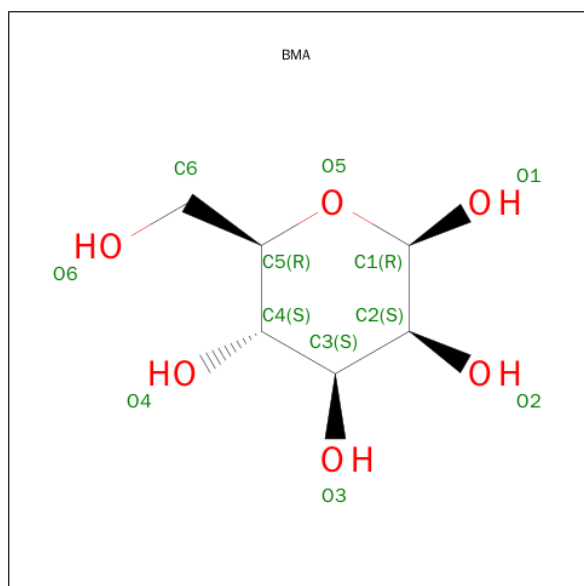
- Molecule 1 is a protein called IG GAMMA-1 CHAIN C REGION.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	208	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	1
			1597	1016	270	304	7			
1	B	202	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	5
			1490	954	253	276	7			

- Molecule 2 is a polymer of unknown type called SUGAR (4-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	4	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			49	28	2	19		

- Molecule 3 is SUGAR (BETA-D-MANNOSE) (three-letter code: BMA) (formula: C₆H₁₂O₆).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			12	6	6		

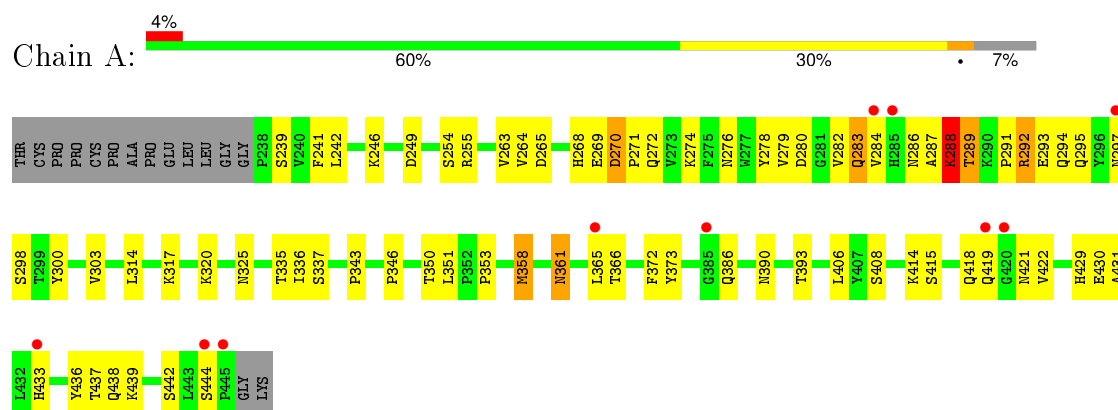
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	58	Total 58	O 58	0	0
4	B	34	Total 34	O 34	0	0

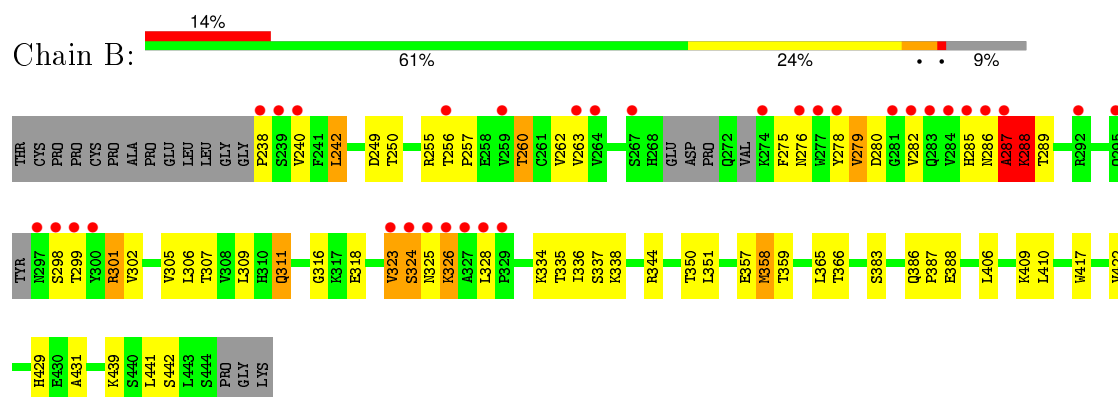
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: IG GAMMA-1 CHAIN C REGION



• Molecule 1: IG GAMMA-1 CHAIN C REGION



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	49.57Å 80.78Å 139.65Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	50.00 – 2.40 19.61 – 2.40	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.1 (50.00-2.40) 94.1 (19.61-2.40)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.29 (at 2.41Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS 1.0	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.280 , 0.309 0.267 , 0.297	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1041 reflections (5.14%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	43.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.297	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.27 , 41.6	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.42$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.25$	Xtriage
Outliers	0 of 21294 reflections	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.90	EDS
Total number of atoms	3240	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	41.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.89% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FUL, BMA, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.44	0/1641	0.67	0/2232
1	B	0.41	0/1516	0.73	2/2028 (0.1%)
All	All	0.42	0/3157	0.70	2/4260 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	288	LYS	N-CA-C	-8.35	88.46	111.00
1	B	287	ALA	N-CA-C	7.05	130.04	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1597	0	1483	61	0
1	B	1490	0	1361	59	0
2	A	49	0	43	6	0
3	B	12	0	12	0	0
4	A	58	0	0	2	0
4	B	34	0	0	1	0
All	All	3240	0	2899	124	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 21.

All (124) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:350:THR:HB	1:B:441:LEU:HG	1.42	1.00
1:B:323:VAL:HG12	1:B:324:SER:H	1.32	0.94
1:B:287:ALA:HB1	1:B:289:THR:H	1.33	0.91
1:B:298:SER:C	1:B:299:THR:CA	2.44	0.85
1:B:311:GLN:H	1:B:311:GLN:NE2	1.74	0.84
1:A:291:PRO:O	1:A:292:ARG:HG3	1.78	0.82
1:B:242:LEU:HD13	1:B:336:ILE:HG22	1.64	0.78
1:B:350:THR:HG23	1:B:439:LYS:HG3	1.65	0.77
1:B:311:GLN:CD	1:B:311:GLN:H	1.91	0.73
1:B:328:LEU:CG	1:B:328:LEU:CA	2.68	0.71
1:B:276:ASN:C	1:B:276:ASN:N	2.44	0.70
1:B:350:THR:CB	1:B:441:LEU:HG	2.19	0.70
1:A:282:VAL:O	1:A:283:GLN:HB3	1.93	0.68
1:A:278:TYR:CE2	1:A:284:VAL:HA	2.28	0.68
1:A:353:PRO:HG2	1:A:358:MET:HE1	1.77	0.67
1:B:429:HIS:CD2	1:B:431:ALA:H	2.14	0.66
1:A:291:PRO:HA	1:A:303:VAL:O	1.94	0.66
1:A:429:HIS:CD2	1:A:431:ALA:H	2.14	0.65
1:B:429:HIS:HD2	1:B:431:ALA:H	1.44	0.65
1:B:262:VAL:HG13	1:B:301:ARG:HE	1.61	0.65
1:A:295:GLN:HB2	1:A:300:TYR:CE1	2.32	0.64
1:B:249:ASP:OD1	1:B:255:ARG:HD3	1.98	0.63
1:A:429:HIS:HD2	1:A:431:ALA:H	1.48	0.61
1:B:263:VAL:O	1:B:301:ARG:HA	2.00	0.61
1:B:311:GLN:NE2	1:B:311:GLN:N	2.47	0.61
1:A:422:VAL:HG22	1:A:442:SER:OG	2.01	0.60
1:A:280:ASP:OD2	1:A:317:LYS:HD3	2.00	0.60
1:B:249:ASP:HA	1:B:255:ARG:CD	2.31	0.59
1:A:414:LYS:O	1:A:418:GLN:HG3	2.02	0.59
1:B:309:LEU:HB3	1:B:311:GLN:NE2	2.17	0.59
1:A:268:HIS:CE1	1:A:295:GLN:HE21	2.20	0.59
1:A:291:PRO:C	1:A:292:ARG:HG3	2.24	0.58
1:B:287:ALA:HB1	1:B:289:THR:N	2.14	0.57
1:A:353:PRO:HG2	1:A:358:MET:CE	2.35	0.56
1:B:249:ASP:O	1:B:257:PRO:HG3	2.05	0.56
1:A:288:LYS:O	1:A:289:THR:O	2.24	0.56
1:B:350:THR:HB	1:B:441:LEU:CG	2.25	0.56

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:365:LEU:HD12	1:B:410:LEU:HD23	1.88	0.56
1:A:274:LYS:HE3	1:A:276:ASN:HD21	1.71	0.56
4:A:2034:HOH:O	1:B:409:LYS:HE2	2.05	0.55
1:B:350:THR:CG2	1:B:439:LYS:HG3	2.36	0.55
1:B:240:VAL:HG21	1:B:323:VAL:HG21	1.89	0.55
1:A:314:LEU:HD22	1:A:430:GLU:HG3	1.89	0.54
2:A:1446:FUL:C1	2:A:1447:NAG:H82	2.37	0.54
1:A:438:GLN:O	1:A:439:LYS:HD3	2.08	0.53
1:A:320:LYS:HB2	1:A:335:THR:HG22	1.90	0.53
1:A:272:GLN:O	1:A:325:ASN:ND2	2.39	0.53
1:A:274:LYS:HE3	1:A:276:ASN:ND2	2.24	0.53
1:A:268:HIS:HE1	1:A:295:GLN:HG3	1.74	0.52
1:A:346:PRO:HB3	1:A:372:PHE:HB3	1.92	0.52
1:A:415:SER:O	1:A:419:GLN:HG3	2.10	0.52
4:A:2031:HOH:O	1:B:351:LEU:HD22	2.09	0.52
1:B:336:ILE:HG12	1:B:337:SER:N	2.25	0.51
1:B:323:VAL:HG12	1:B:324:SER:N	2.12	0.51
1:A:288:LYS:HE3	1:A:288:LYS:H	1.76	0.51
1:A:350:THR:O	1:A:351:LEU:HD23	2.11	0.51
1:A:249:ASP:OD1	1:A:255:ARG:HD3	2.11	0.50
1:A:436:TYR:CD1	1:A:437:THR:N	2.79	0.50
1:B:250:THR:HG22	1:B:257:PRO:HB3	1.93	0.50
1:A:283:GLN:CD	1:A:287:ALA:HB2	2.32	0.49
1:B:287:ALA:O	1:B:288:LYS:HG2	2.11	0.49
1:B:238:PRO:HG2	1:B:328:LEU:CD1	2.41	0.49
1:A:351:LEU:HB2	1:A:366:THR:HB	1.94	0.49
1:A:282:VAL:O	1:A:283:GLN:CB	2.61	0.49
2:A:1445:NAG:O3	2:A:1445:NAG:C7	2.61	0.49
1:A:241:PHE:CE2	2:A:1448:BMA:H3	2.48	0.49
1:B:260:THR:HG23	1:B:305:VAL:HG22	1.95	0.49
1:A:283:GLN:HG2	1:A:283:GLN:O	2.13	0.48
1:A:288:LYS:N	1:A:288:LYS:HD3	2.27	0.48
1:A:288:LYS:H	1:A:288:LYS:CE	2.26	0.48
1:B:249:ASP:HA	1:B:255:ARG:HD3	1.95	0.48
2:A:1445:NAG:H61	2:A:1447:NAG:H82	1.95	0.48
1:B:350:THR:HG23	1:B:439:LYS:CG	2.38	0.48
1:B:351:LEU:HB2	1:B:366:THR:HB	1.96	0.48
1:A:353:PRO:HD3	1:A:365:LEU:HD23	1.95	0.48
1:B:325:ASN:ND2	1:B:326:LYS:H	2.12	0.48
1:B:383:SER:HB2	1:B:388:GLU:OE1	2.14	0.47
1:B:422:VAL:HG22	1:B:442:SER:HB3	1.96	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:309:LEU:HB3	1:B:311:GLN:HE22	1.78	0.47
1:B:406:LEU:HD12	1:B:406:LEU:C	2.34	0.47
1:A:353:PRO:HD3	1:A:365:LEU:CD2	2.43	0.47
1:B:316:GLY:HA2	4:B:2006:HOH:O	2.15	0.47
1:A:246:LYS:HB2	1:A:249:ASP:OD2	2.14	0.47
1:B:279:VAL:HA	1:B:318:GLU:O	2.15	0.47
1:B:278:TYR:O	1:B:282:VAL:O	2.33	0.47
1:B:249:ASP:C	1:B:257:PRO:HG3	2.35	0.47
1:A:239:SER:HB2	1:A:264:VAL:CG2	2.45	0.46
1:A:297:ASN:OD1	1:A:298:SER:N	2.39	0.46
1:A:422:VAL:HA	1:A:442:SER:OG	2.15	0.46
1:B:338:LYS:HB3	1:B:338:LYS:NZ	2.30	0.46
1:A:270:ASP:OD2	1:A:270:ASP:N	2.49	0.46
1:B:344:ARG:NH1	1:B:344:ARG:CD	2.80	0.45
1:A:288:LYS:H	1:A:288:LYS:CD	2.30	0.44
1:A:278:TYR:HA	1:A:282:VAL:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:361:ASN:HD22	1:A:361:ASN:HA	1.61	0.44
1:B:275:PHE:CE1	1:B:302:VAL:O	2.70	0.44
1:A:421:ASN:N	1:A:421:ASN:HD22	2.16	0.44
1:B:278:TYR:CD1	1:B:278:TYR:N	2.86	0.43
1:A:343:PRO:HA	1:A:373:TYR:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:436:TYR:C	1:A:436:TYR:CD1	2.92	0.43
1:A:386:GLN:CD	1:A:386:GLN:CA	2.87	0.43
1:B:388:GLU:HB3	1:B:410:LEU:HD11	1.99	0.43
1:A:239:SER:HB2	1:A:264:VAL:HG22	2.01	0.43
1:A:283:GLN:CD	1:A:287:ALA:CB	2.87	0.43
1:A:320:LYS:CB	1:A:335:THR:HG22	2.49	0.43
1:B:358:MET:CE	1:B:417:TRP:HE1	2.31	0.43
1:A:278:TYR:N	1:A:278:TYR:CD1	2.88	0.42
1:A:265:ASP:OD2	2:A:1445:NAG:O7	2.37	0.42
1:B:357:GLU:C	1:B:359:THR:H	2.23	0.42
1:B:306:LEU:HD12	1:B:307:THR:N	2.35	0.42
1:A:406:LEU:HD12	1:A:406:LEU:C	2.40	0.42
1:B:326:LYS:HE3	1:B:326:LYS:HB2	1.93	0.41
2:A:1445:NAG:H61	2:A:1447:NAG:C7	2.51	0.41
1:A:239:SER:O	1:A:263:VAL:HA	2.21	0.41
1:B:358:MET:HE3	1:B:417:TRP:HE1	1.85	0.41
1:B:240:VAL:O	1:B:334:LYS:HE3	2.21	0.41
1:A:269:GLU:C	1:A:271:PRO:HD3	2.41	0.41
1:A:393:THR:HA	1:A:408:SER:HA	2.03	0.40
1:B:386:GLN:HA	1:B:387:PRO:HD3	1.81	0.40

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:279:VAL:O	1:A:280:ASP:HB2	2.21	0.40
1:B:242:LEU:HD23	1:B:242:LEU:HA	1.84	0.40
1:A:272:GLN:OE1	1:A:272:GLN:HA	2.21	0.40
1:A:336:ILE:HG13	1:A:337:SER:H	1.86	0.40
1:B:256:THR:HA	1:B:257:PRO:HD3	1.95	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	206/223 (92%)	186 (90%)	13 (6%)	7 (3%)	5	4
1	B	185/223 (83%)	165 (89%)	12 (6%)	8 (4%)	3	2
All	All	391/446 (88%)	351 (90%)	25 (6%)	15 (4%)	4	3

All (15) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	288	LYS
1	A	289	THR
1	A	433	HIS
1	A	444	SER
1	B	286	ASN
1	B	287	ALA
1	B	288	LYS
1	A	283	GLN
1	B	279	VAL
1	B	301	ARG
1	B	324	SER
1	B	358	MET
1	A	292	ARG

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	293	GLU
1	B	323	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	171/206 (83%)	162 (95%)	9 (5%)	28	44
1	B	153/206 (74%)	146 (95%)	7 (5%)	33	51
All	All	324/412 (79%)	308 (95%)	16 (5%)	31	48

All (16) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	242	LEU
1	A	254	SER
1	A	270	ASP
1	A	286	ASN
1	A	288	LYS
1	A	294	GLN
1	A	358	MET
1	A	361	ASN
1	A	390	ASN
1	B	242	LEU
1	B	260	THR
1	B	280	ASP
1	B	285	HIS
1	B	311	GLN
1	B	326	LYS
1	B	335	THR

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (17) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	276	ASN
1	A	295	GLN
1	A	311	GLN
1	A	347	GLN
1	A	361	ASN
1	A	384	ASN
1	A	390	ASN
1	A	419	GLN
1	A	421	ASN
1	A	429	HIS
1	A	434	ASN
1	B	311	GLN
1	B	325	ASN
1	B	390	ASN
1	B	418	GLN
1	B	429	HIS
1	B	434	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

4 carbohydrates are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	NAG	A	1445	1,2	14,14,15	0.50	0	15,19,21	0.83	1 (6%)
2	FUL	A	1446	2	10,10,11	0.66	0	14,14,16	0.65	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	NAG	A	1447	2	14,14,15	0.50	0	15,19,21	0.86	1 (6%)
2	BMA	A	1448	2	11,11,12	0.45	0	14,15,17	0.41	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	A	1445	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	FUL	A	1446	2	-	0/0/17/20	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	A	1447	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	A	1448	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	1447	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.61	119.69	123.04
2	A	1445	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.30	120.08	123.04

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 6 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	1445	NAG	4	0
2	A	1446	FUL	1	0
2	A	1447	NAG	3	0
2	A	1448	BMA	1	0

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length

(or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
3	BMA	B	1447	-	12,12,12	0.39	0	17,17,17	0.69	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	BMA	B	1447	-	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	208/223 (93%)	0.19	10 (4%) 34 35	15, 33, 57, 68	0
1	B	202/223 (90%)	0.85	32 (15%) 3 3	16, 43, 98, 107	0
All	All	410/446 (91%)	0.51	42 (10%) 9 8	15, 37, 92, 107	0

All (42) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	285	HIS	9.9
1	B	283	GLN	8.3
1	B	324	SER	7.5
1	A	285	HIS	7.0
1	B	267	SER	6.5
1	B	298	SER	5.9
1	B	284	VAL	5.6
1	A	445	PRO	5.5
1	A	444	SER	5.0
1	B	286	ASN	4.9
1	B	299	THR	4.7
1	B	297	ASN	4.7
1	A	420	GLY	4.4
1	B	323	VAL	4.3
1	B	326	LYS	4.3
1	B	263	VAL	4.0
1	B	295	GLN	3.9
1	B	292	ARG	3.8
1	B	327	ALA	3.4
1	B	277	TRP	3.3
1	B	238	PRO	3.2
1	B	325	ASN	3.2
1	B	329	PRO	3.2
1	B	328	LEU	3.1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	433	HIS	3.1
1	B	278	TYR	2.9
1	B	300	TYR	2.8
1	B	264	VAL	2.8
1	B	281	GLY	2.7
1	B	287	ALA	2.7
1	A	284	VAL	2.6
1	B	239	SER	2.6
1	B	256	THR	2.4
1	A	385	GLY	2.3
1	B	282	VAL	2.2
1	B	274	LYS	2.2
1	B	276	ASN	2.1
1	B	240	VAL	2.1
1	A	297	ASN	2.1
1	A	419	GLN	2.1
1	B	259	VAL	2.0
1	A	365	LEU	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
2	BMA	A	1448	11/12	0.76	0.30	-	59,62,63,64	0
2	NAG	A	1445	14/15	0.83	0.21	-	58,60,64,66	0
2	FUL	A	1446	10/11	0.68	0.47	-	68,70,71,72	0
2	NAG	A	1447	14/15	0.82	0.27	-	56,61,62,63	0

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
3	BMA	B	1447	12/12	0.72	0.47	-	95,95,96,96	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.