



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jul 31, 2016 – 10:41 PM EDT

PDB ID : 5H8V  
Title : Crystal structure of the complex between maize Sulfite Reductase and ferredoxin in the form-1 crystal  
Authors : Kurisu, G.; Nakayama, M.; Hase, T.  
Deposited on : 2015-12-24  
Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7.1 (RC1), CSD as537be (2016)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692  
EDS : rb-20027939  
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)  
Refmac : 5.8.0135  
CCP4 : 6.5.0  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027939

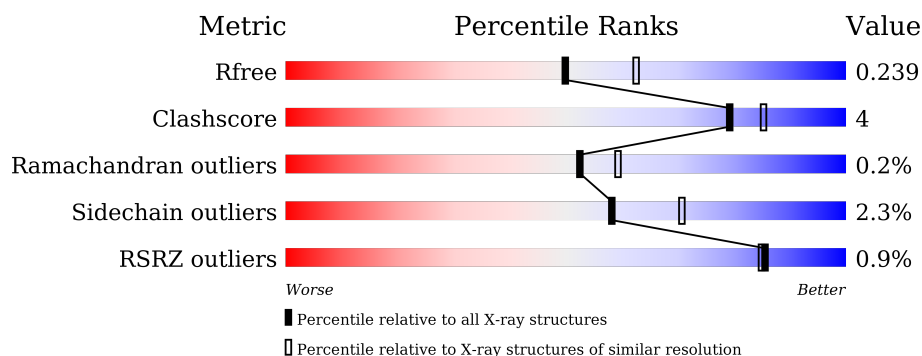
# 1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	91344	3774 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	102246	4477 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	4404 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	100360	4405 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	91569	3781 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	583	<div> <div>%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>88%</div> <div>8%</div> <div>..</div> </div> </div>
1	B	583	<div> <div>%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>88%</div> <div>8%</div> <div>..</div> </div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
5	MG	A	704	-	-	-	X
5	MG	B	704	-	-	-	X

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

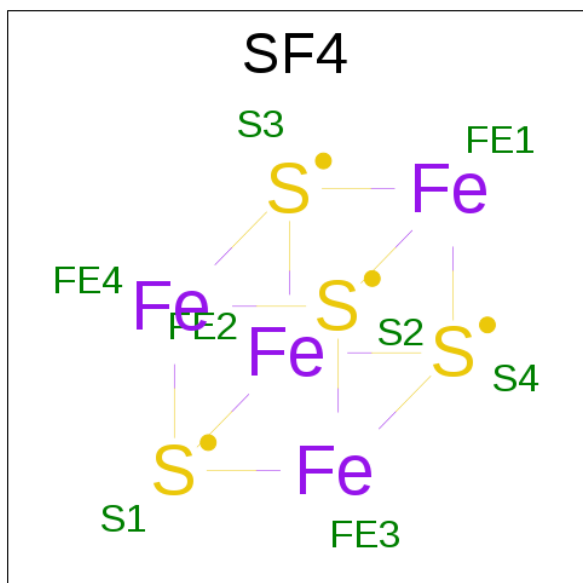
There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9287 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Sulfite reductase [ferredoxin], chloroplastic.

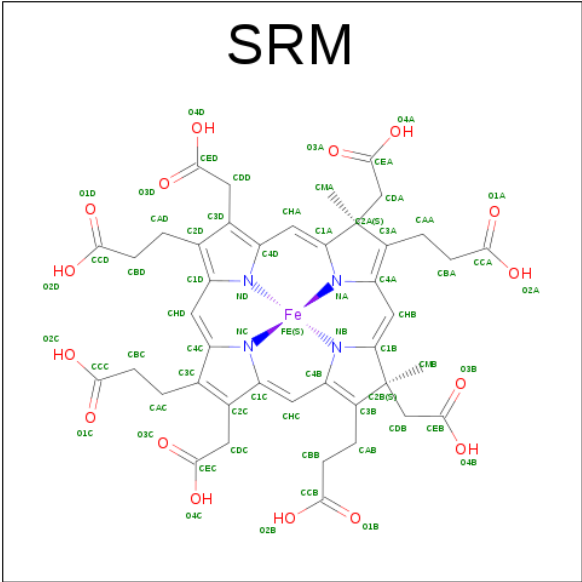
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	564	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			4455	2830	772	836	17			
1	B	560	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			4421	2808	767	830	16			

- Molecule 2 is IRON/SULFUR CLUSTER (three-letter code: SF4) (formula: Fe<sub>4</sub>S<sub>4</sub>).



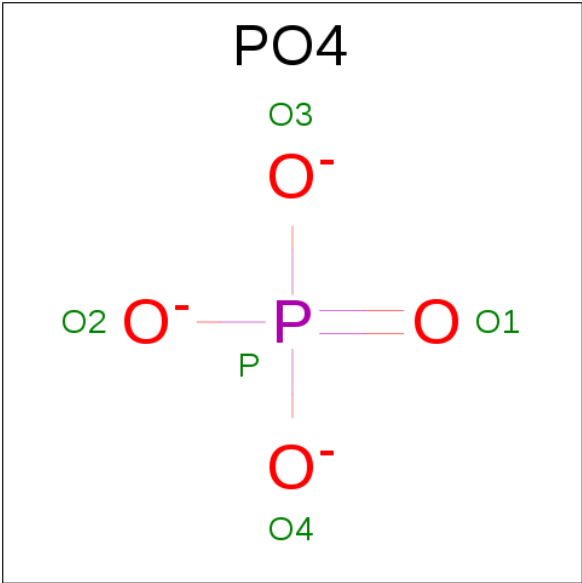
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	Fe	S	0	0
			8	4	4		
2	B	1	Total	Fe	S	0	0
			8	4	4		

- Molecule 3 is SIROHEME (three-letter code: SRM) (formula: C<sub>42</sub>H<sub>42</sub>FeN<sub>4</sub>O<sub>16</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	Fe	N	O	0	0
			63	42	1	4	16		
3	B	1	Total	C	Fe	N	O	0	0
			63	42	1	4	16		

- Molecule 4 is PHOSPHATE ION (three-letter code: PO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>P).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	O	P	0	0
			5	4	1		
4	B	1	Total	O	P	0	0
			5	4	1		

- Molecule 5 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	2	Total 2	Mg 2	0	0
5	A	2	Total 2	Mg 2	0	0

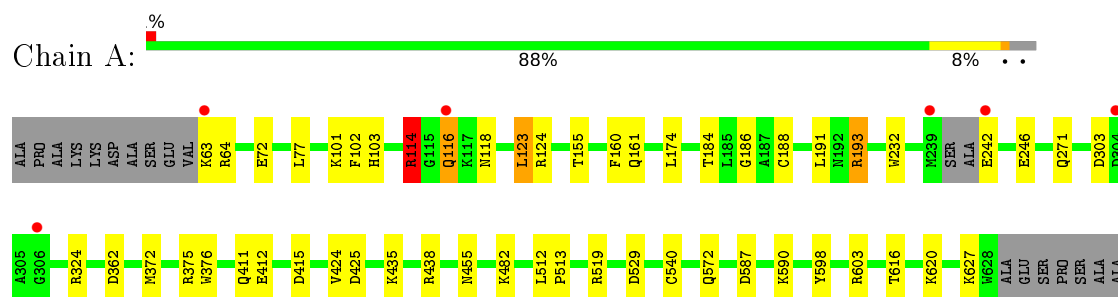
- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	115	Total 115	O 115	0	0
6	B	140	Total 140	O 140	0	0

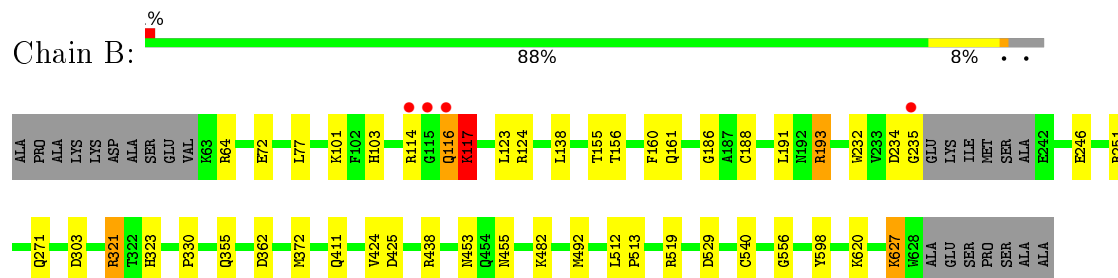
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $\text{RSRZ} > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Sulfite reductase [ferredoxin], chloroplastic



- Molecule 1: Sulfite reductase [ferredoxin], chloroplastic



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	103.35Å 103.35Å 255.05Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	48.04 – 2.20 48.04 – 2.20	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.4 (48.04-2.20) 99.4 (48.04-2.20)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	6.23 (at 2.20Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.7.0032	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.200 , 0.239 0.205 , 0.239	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2129 reflections (3.11%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	24.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.062	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.34 , 33.6	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	9287	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	25.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 21.88 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo translational symmetry is equal to 6.3896e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

<sup>1</sup> Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup> Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PO4, MG, SF4, SRM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.86	2/4550 (0.0%)	0.90	10/6162 (0.2%)
1	B	0.87	2/4516 (0.0%)	0.89	7/6118 (0.1%)
All	All	0.86	4/9066 (0.0%)	0.89	17/12280 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	B	0	1

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	246	GLU	CD-OE1	6.75	1.33	1.25
1	B	235	GLY	N-CA	6.25	1.55	1.46
1	A	246	GLU	CD-OE1	5.51	1.31	1.25
1	A	412	GLU	CD-OE1	-5.47	1.19	1.25

The worst 5 of 17 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	321	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.73	124.66	120.30
1	B	193	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-8.50	116.05	120.30
1	A	425	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	8.41	125.86	118.30
1	B	321	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.33	116.14	120.30
1	A	375	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.73	124.17	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	B	234	ASP	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4455	0	4448	29	0
1	B	4421	0	4409	29	0
2	A	8	0	0	0	0
2	B	8	0	0	0	0
3	A	63	0	34	5	0
3	B	63	0	34	7	0
4	A	5	0	0	0	0
4	B	5	0	0	0	0
5	A	2	0	0	0	0
5	B	2	0	0	0	0
6	A	115	0	0	1	0
6	B	140	0	0	0	0
All	All	9287	0	8925	63	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

The worst 5 of 63 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:155:THR:HB	3:A:702:SRM:HAB2	1.29	1.10
1:B:155:THR:HB	3:B:702:SRM:HAB2	1.34	1.09
1:A:124:ARG:HE	1:A:161:GLN:HE21	1.19	0.87
1:B:124:ARG:HE	1:B:161:GLN:HE21	1.23	0.87
1:B:116:GLN:O	1:B:117:LYS:HB2	1.83	0.77

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	560/583 (96%)	550 (98%)	9 (2%)	1 (0%)	52	59
1	B	556/583 (95%)	545 (98%)	10 (2%)	1 (0%)	52	59
All	All	1116/1166 (96%)	1095 (98%)	19 (2%)	2 (0%)	52	59

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	116	GLN
1	B	117	LYS

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	481/493 (98%)	470 (98%)	11 (2%)	58	71
1	B	477/493 (97%)	466 (98%)	11 (2%)	58	71
All	All	958/986 (97%)	936 (98%)	22 (2%)	58	71

5 of 22 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	540	CYS
1	B	114	ARG
1	B	540	CYS
1	A	627	LYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	64	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 22 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	455	ASN
1	B	127	ASN
1	B	455	ASN
1	A	488	ASN
1	B	103	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 10 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 6 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	SF4	A	701	1	0,12,12	0.00	-	0,24,24	0.00	-
3	SRM	A	702	1	30,70,70	2.92	16 (53%)	29,112,112	3.90	14 (48%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	PO4	A	703	-	4,4,4	1.05	0	6,6,6	0.24	0
2	SF4	B	701	1	0,12,12	0.00	-	0,24,24	0.00	-
3	SRM	B	702	1	30,70,70	2.67	17 (56%)	29,112,112	4.48	17 (58%)
4	PO4	B	703	-	4,4,4	1.10	0	6,6,6	0.23	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	SF4	A	701	1	-	0/0/48/48	0/6/5/5
3	SRM	A	702	1	-	0/22/126/126	0/0/8/8
4	PO4	A	703	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
2	SF4	B	701	1	-	0/0/48/48	0/6/5/5
3	SRM	B	702	1	-	0/22/126/126	0/0/8/8
4	PO4	B	703	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0

The worst 5 of 33 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	B	702	SRM	C4B-NB	-6.37	1.27	1.39
3	A	702	SRM	CAB-C3B	-6.21	1.41	1.51
3	A	702	SRM	C4B-NB	-4.42	1.31	1.39
3	B	702	SRM	CAB-C3B	-4.33	1.44	1.51
3	A	702	SRM	CDC-C2C	-4.07	1.48	1.52

The worst 5 of 31 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	B	702	SRM	CMB-C2B-CDB	-7.33	101.02	109.81
3	B	702	SRM	CMA-C2A-C3A	-6.73	96.23	113.61
3	B	702	SRM	CAC-CBC-CCC	-6.18	100.75	112.78
3	B	702	SRM	CBD-CAD-C2D	-5.70	102.47	112.49
3	A	702	SRM	CBD-CAD-C2D	-5.21	103.33	112.49

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 12 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	702	SRM	5	0
3	B	702	SRM	7	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	564/583 (96%)	-0.44	6 (1%) 82 82	15, 24, 42, 70	0
1	B	560/583 (96%)	-0.49	4 (0%) 89 88	15, 23, 38, 67	0
All	All	1124/1166 (96%)	-0.47	10 (0%) 85 85	15, 24, 40, 70	0

The worst 5 of 10 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	116	GLN	4.2
1	B	114	ARG	3.1
1	A	116	GLN	2.8
1	A	239	MET	2.8
1	B	235	GLY	2.4

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
5	MG	B	704	1/1	0.98	0.19	6.62	8,8,8,8	0
5	MG	A	704	1/1	1.00	0.21	5.00	8,8,8,8	0
5	MG	A	705	1/1	0.93	0.11	0.97	30,30,30,30	0
3	SRM	A	702	63/63	0.95	0.11	0.15	15,20,24,31	0
3	SRM	B	702	63/63	0.96	0.11	0.11	16,19,25,27	0
5	MG	B	705	1/1	0.96	0.08	-0.93	27,27,27,27	0
4	PO4	B	703	5/5	0.99	0.10	-0.96	29,30,39,41	0
4	PO4	A	703	5/5	0.99	0.08	-1.05	29,30,35,41	0
2	SF4	B	701	8/8	0.92	0.07	-1.69	18,18,19,19	0
2	SF4	A	701	8/8	0.96	0.06	-2.81	16,18,19,20	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.