wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	1HYJ
Title	:	SOLUTION STRUCTURE OF THE EEA1 FYVE DOMAIN
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

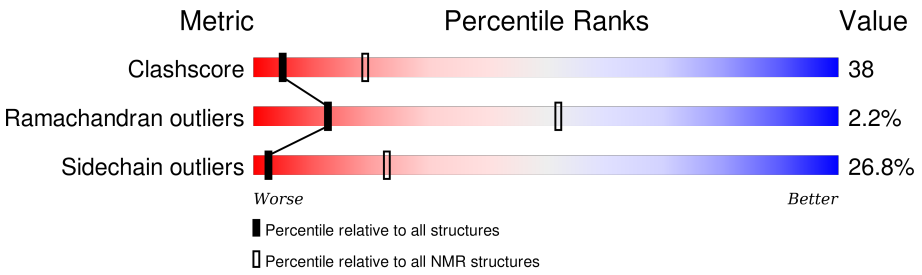
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	unknown
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20027457

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 90%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	65	23% 57% 8% 12%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:9-A:65 (57)	0.57	1

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 4, 9, 13, 14, 16, 18, 19, 20
2	2, 3, 5, 7, 10, 11, 12, 15, 17
3	6, 8

3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 985 atoms, of which 484 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called ENDOSOME-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	65	983	300	484	98	92	9	0

- Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
			Total	Zn
2	A	2	2	2

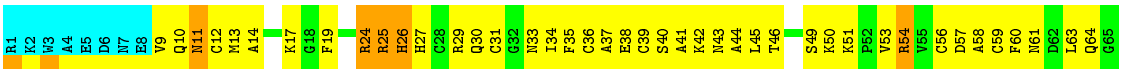
4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: ENDOSOME-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN

Chain A: 23% 57% 8% 12%

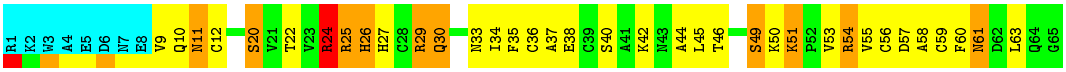


4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: ENDOSOME-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN

Chain A: 32% 38% 15% • 12%



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 99 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR	structure solution	3.84
X-PLOR	refinement	3.84

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 4579
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1039
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	764
Number of unparsed shifts	26
Number of shifts with mapping errors	249
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	90%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	3.9±0.3
All	All	0	78

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	25	ARG	Sidechain	20
1	A	54	ARG	Sidechain	20
1	A	29	ARG	Sidechain	19
1	A	24	ARG	Sidechain	19

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	426	419	415	32±4
All	All	8560	8380	8290	633

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 38.

5 of 314 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:9:VAL:HG21	1:A:34:ILE:HG21	1.08	1.14	20	3
1:A:9:VAL:HG11	1:A:34:ILE:HG21	1.04	1.12	9	2
1:A:9:VAL:CG1	1:A:34:ILE:HG21	1.02	1.84	9	4
1:A:9:VAL:CG1	1:A:34:ILE:HD13	0.93	1.93	8	1
1:A:9:VAL:CG2	1:A:34:ILE:HG21	0.88	1.98	20	3

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	56/65 (86%)	47±3 (83±5%)	8±2 (15±4%)	1±1 (2±2%)	13 52
All	All	1120/1300 (86%)	931 (83%)	164 (15%)	25 (2%)	13 52

5 of 10 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	38	GLU	5
1	A	50	LYS	5
1	A	19	PHE	5
1	A	12	CYS	3
1	A	30	GLN	2

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	48/55 (87%)	35±2 (73±4%)	13±2 (27±4%)	2 23

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	960/1100 (87%)	703 (73%)	257 (27%)	2 23

5 of 36 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	26	HIS	19
1	A	54	ARG	18
1	A	45	LEU	16
1	A	11	ASN	15
1	A	50	LYS	14

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 90% for the well-defined parts and 90% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 4579

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1039
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	764
Number of unparsed shifts	26
Number of shifts with mapping errors	249
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	1

The following errors were found when reading this chemical shift list.

- Chemical shift has been reported more than once. First 5 (of 26) occurences are reported below.

Shift ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
					Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
367	A	8	GLU	H	7.96	0.05	1
368	A	8	GLU	HA	4.22	0.05	1
369	A	8	GLU	HB2	2.01	0.05	2
370	A	8	GLU	HB3	2.10	0.05	2
371	A	8	GLU	HG2	2.21	0.05	2

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

- Residue not found in structure. First 5 (of 249) occurences are reported below.

Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
				Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
A	21	ASN	N	118.68	0.1	1
A	21	ASN	HD22	7.54	0.05	2

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Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
				Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
A	20	LEU	C	177.22	0.1	1
A	19	ALA	HB2	1.37	0.05	1
A	15	LYS	HG2	1.36	0.05	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	84	-0.32 ± 0.32	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	79	-0.00 ± 0.10	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	80	-0.13 ± 0.15	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	81	0.05 ± 0.47	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 90%, i.e. 606 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 671. 0 out of 7 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	275/281 (98%)	111/112 (99%)	110/114 (96%)	54/55 (98%)
Sidechain	296/349 (85%)	183/208 (88%)	106/118 (90%)	7/23 (30%)
Aromatic	35/41 (85%)	19/23 (83%)	16/16 (100%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	606/671 (90%)	313/343 (91%)	232/248 (94%)	61/80 (76%)

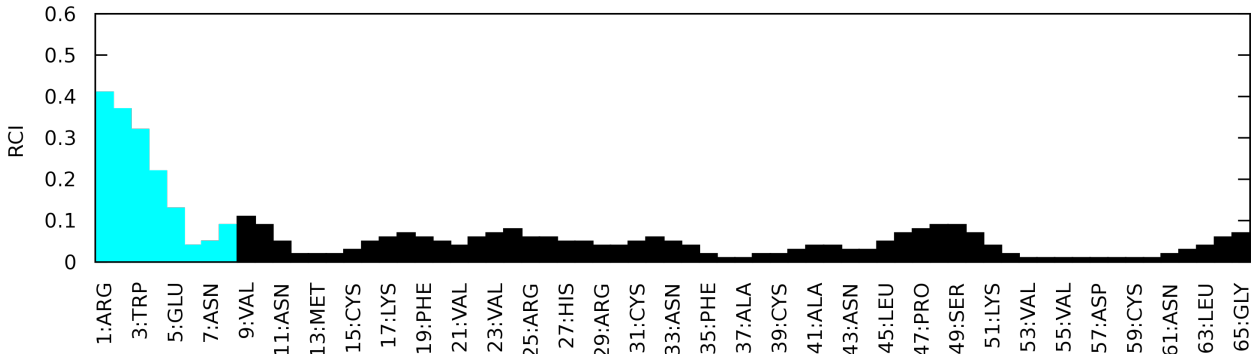
7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, *ppm*	Expected range, *ppm*	Z-score
1	A	25	ARG	HG2	-0.72	2.92 – 0.22	-8.5

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from

the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A: