



wwPDB EM Map/Model Validation Report

Apr 10, 2016 – 01:41 PM BST

PDB ID : 3J1P
EMDB ID: : EMD-5410
Title : Atomic model of rabbit hemorrhagic disease virus
Authors : Wang, X.; Liu, Y.; Sun, F.
Deposited on : 2012-04-09
Resolution : 6.50 Å(reported)
Based on PDB ID : 4EGT, 4EJR

This is a wwPDB EM Map/Model Validation Report for a publicly released PDB/EMDB entry.
For rigid body fitted models, validation errors reported here could stem from errors in the original structure(s) used in the fitting.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/EMValidationReportHelp>

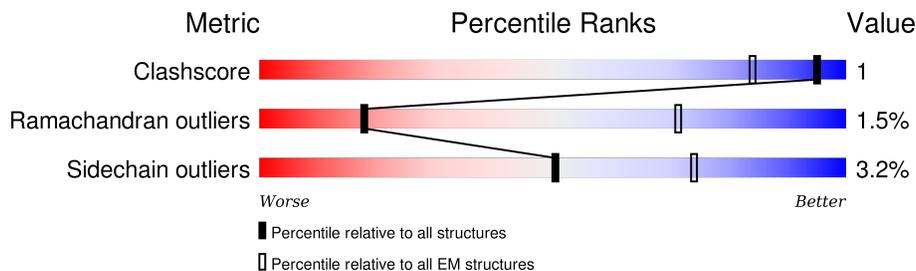
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : unknown
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et. al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk27241

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 6.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	924
Ramachandran outliers	111179	726
Sidechain outliers	111093	686

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	579	70% 17% • 9%
1	B	579	69% 19% •• 9%
1	C	579	71% 17% •• 9%

2 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 11703 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

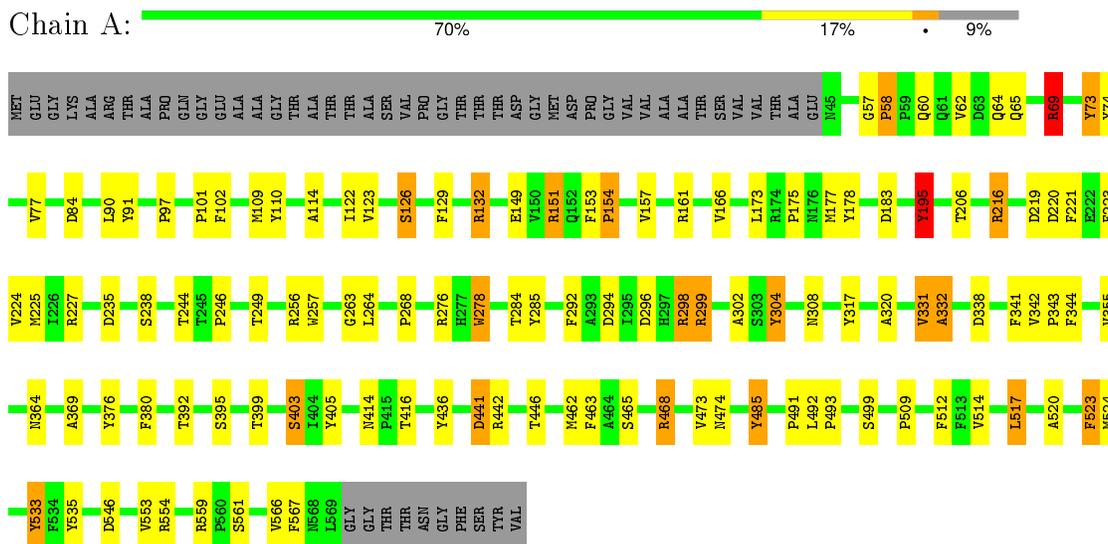
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Major capsid protein VP60.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	525	Total 3901	C 2473	N 663	O 754	S 11	0	0
1	B	525	Total 3901	C 2473	N 663	O 754	S 11	0	0
1	C	525	Total 3901	C 2473	N 663	O 754	S 11	0	0

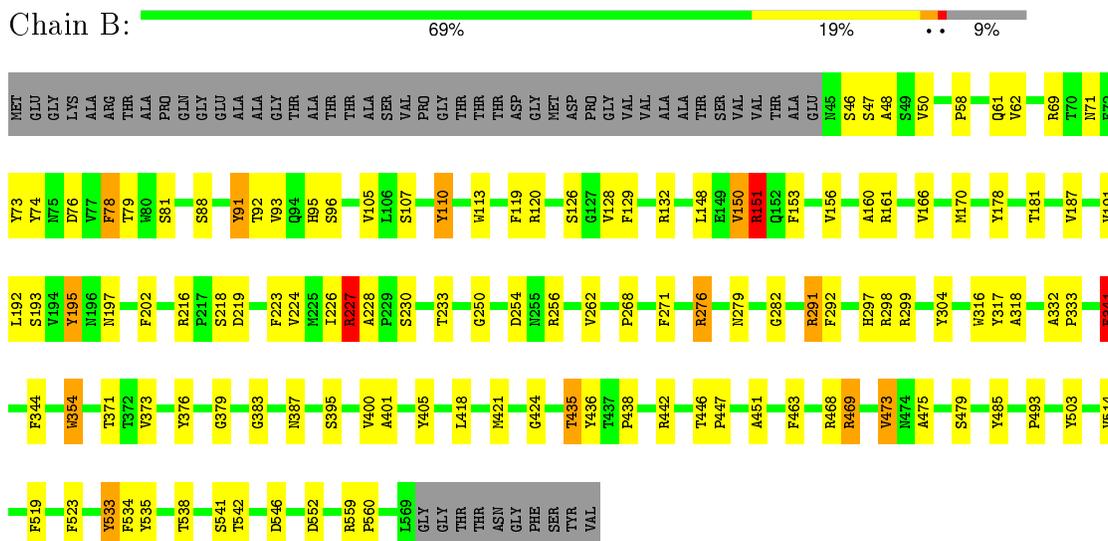
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Major capsid protein VP60



- Molecule 1: Major capsid protein VP60



- Molecule 1: Major capsid protein VP60

Chain C:  71% 17% 9%

MET	GLU	GLY	LYS	ALA	ARG	THR	ALA	GLN	GLU	ALA	ALA	GLY	THR	THR	THR	ALA	SER	VAL	PRO	GLY	VAL	VAL	THR	ALA	GLU	M45	S46	S47	A48	S49	T52	P58	V62	W68	R69	Y73			
Y74	M75	D76	V77	V82	S88	Y91	F102	T103	Y110	F119	R120	S126	V137	R151	O152	F153	R161	E164	P165	R174	Y178	H179	P180	L190	Y195	F202	R216	F221	F222	V224	N225	T226	R227	A228	P229	S230	S231	L237	S238
G250	D254	N255	S272	R276	G282	Y285	G286	W287	S288	R291	F292	A293	D294	R299	Y304	S309	Y317	S322	A323	D334	G335	F336	P337	F341	F344	P347	N348	I349	V355	Y376	F380	A381	T382	T392	S395	T399			
Y405	T409	N430	Y434	T435	Y436	P447	P454	F463	R468	R469	D472	S479	Q482	T483	Q484	T485	Q486	T487	L492	P493	S499	Y503	S504	S505	A506	F512	F513	F519	A520	S521	D531	G532	Y533	F534	Y535	R554	R559	S563	Y566
F567	N568	L569	GLY	THR	THR	ASN	GLY	SER	PHE	TYR	VAL																												

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
Reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, I	Depositor
Number of images	26000	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC at 0.5 cut-off	Depositor
CTF correction method	CTF correction of each whole micrograph	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	2000	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	96000	Depositor
Image detector	Gatan UltraScan4000	Depositor

5 Model quality i

5.1 Standard geometry i

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >2	RMSZ	# Z >2
1	A	1.62	25/4013 (0.6%)	1.95	103/5514 (1.9%)
1	B	1.63	26/4013 (0.6%)	1.93	83/5514 (1.5%)
1	C	1.63	17/4013 (0.4%)	2.00	106/5514 (1.9%)
All	All	1.63	68/12039 (0.6%)	1.96	292/16542 (1.8%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	12
1	B	0	15
1	C	0	11
All	All	0	38

The worst 5 of 68 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	317	TYR	CE2-CZ	8.75	1.50	1.38
1	C	493	PRO	N-CD	-8.35	1.36	1.47
1	B	126	SER	CA-CB	8.26	1.65	1.52
1	C	535	TYR	CE2-CZ	7.76	1.48	1.38
1	A	499	SER	CA-CB	7.25	1.63	1.52

The worst 5 of 292 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	73	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-14.79	112.12	121.00
1	C	216	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-14.20	113.20	120.30
1	A	216	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	13.89	127.25	120.30
1	C	161	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	13.81	127.21	120.30
1	B	436	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-13.24	113.06	121.00

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 38 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	132	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	216	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	298	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	69	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	73	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3901	0	3756	10	0
1	B	3901	0	3756	12	0
1	C	3901	0	3756	11	0
All	All	11703	0	11268	31	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

The worst 5 of 31 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:150:VAL:HG11	1:B:193:SER:HB3	1.81	0.61
1:C:224:VAL:HG22	1:C:225:MET:H	1.70	0.56
1:B:150:VAL:HG11	1:B:193:SER:CB	2.41	0.51
1:B:446:THR:HB	1:B:447:PRO:HD2	1.93	0.50
1:C:227:ARG:HG2	1:C:228:ALA:H	1.78	0.49

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	523/579 (90%)	486 (93%)	31 (6%)	6 (1%)	17	63
1	B	523/579 (90%)	486 (93%)	31 (6%)	6 (1%)	17	63
1	C	523/579 (90%)	491 (94%)	20 (4%)	12 (2%)	8	48
All	All	1569/1737 (90%)	1463 (93%)	82 (5%)	24 (2%)	18	57

5 of 24 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	126	SER
1	B	228	ALA
1	C	49	SER
1	A	64	GLN
1	A	332	ALA

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	421/457 (92%)	407 (97%)	14 (3%)	45	76
1	B	421/457 (92%)	405 (96%)	16 (4%)	40	73
1	C	421/457 (92%)	410 (97%)	11 (3%)	54	80
All	All	1263/1371 (92%)	1222 (97%)	41 (3%)	50	76

5 of 41 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	128	VAL
1	B	218	SER
1	C	254	ASP
1	B	151	ARG
1	B	195	TYR

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	60	GLN
1	B	281	ASN
1	B	297	HIS
1	B	568	ASN
1	C	319	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.