



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 26, 2016 – 10:49 PM BST

PDB ID : 2KFM
Title : Mouse Prion Protein (121-231) with Mutations Y225A and Y226A
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Deposited on : 2009-02-24

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : unknown
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027457

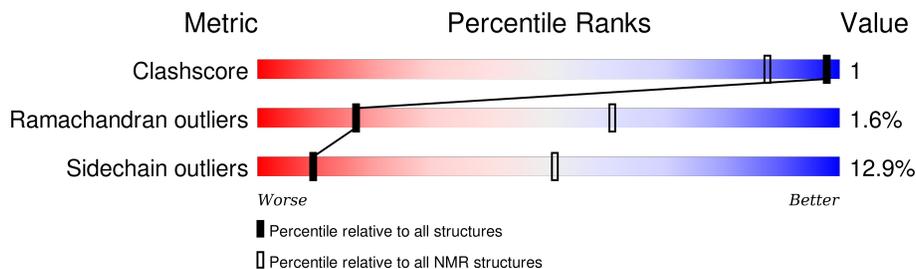
1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 64%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	114	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 10 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *fewest violations*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:122-A:223 (102)	0.34	10

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 3 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	3, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13
2	8, 15, 19
3	4, 16, 17
4	1, 5, 18
Single-model clusters	2; 14; 20

3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1780 atoms, of which 861 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Major prion protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	113	1780	566	861	164	180	9	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

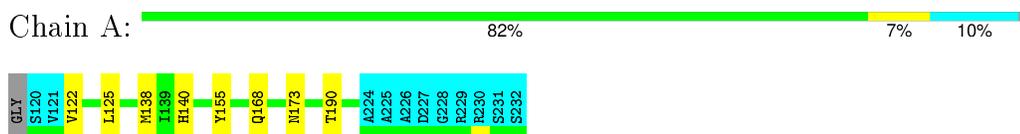
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	119	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P04925
A	120	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P04925
A	225	ALA	TYR	ENGINEERED	UNP P04925
A	226	ALA	TYR	ENGINEERED	UNP P04925

4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein

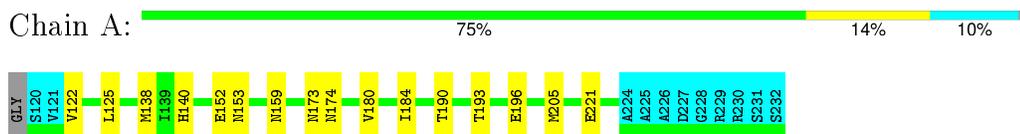


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein



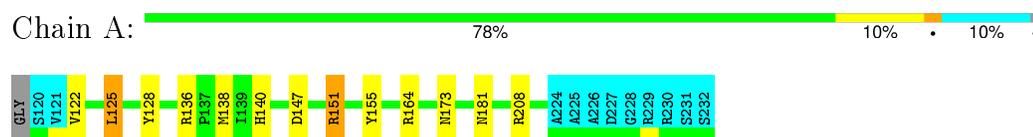
4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein



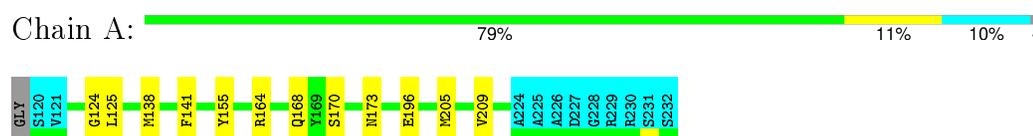
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein



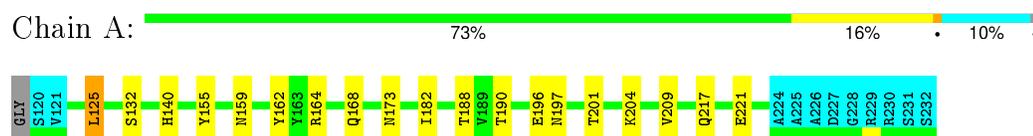
4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein



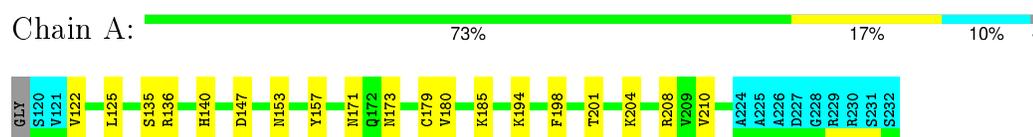
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein



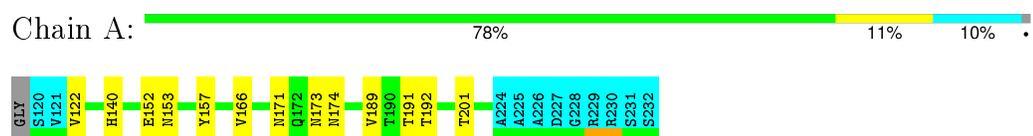
4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein



4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein



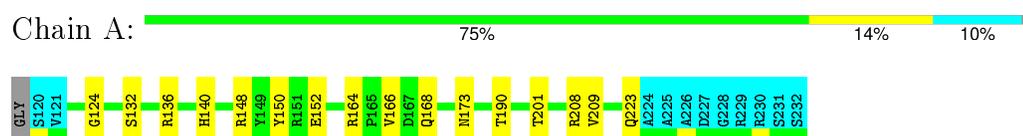
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein



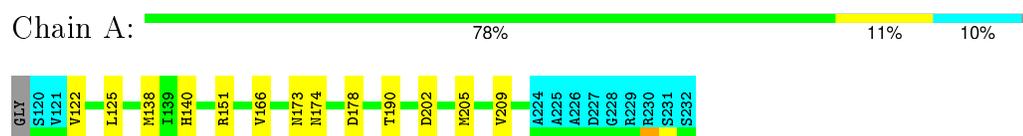
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein



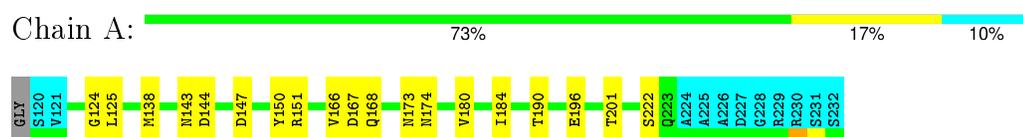
4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein



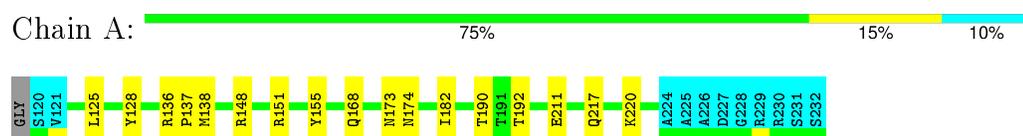
4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein



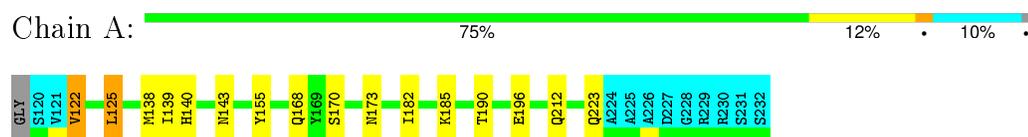
4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein



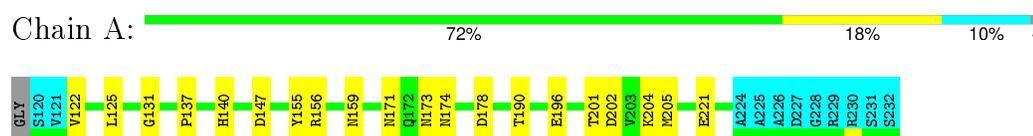
4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein



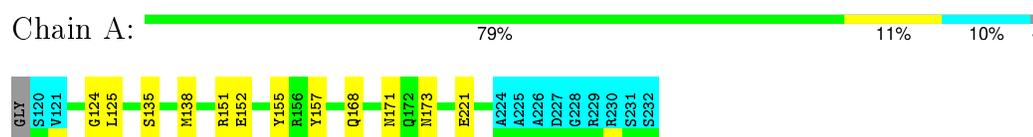
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein



4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein



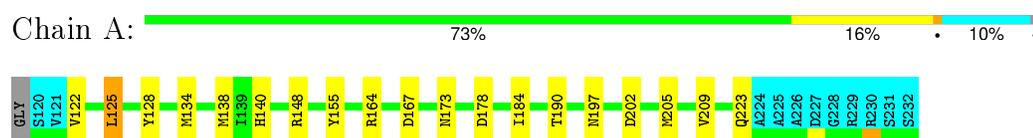
4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein



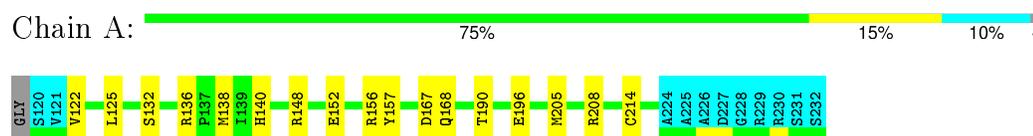
4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *TORSION ANGLE DYNAMICS*.

Of the 80 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: ?

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
DYANA	structure solution	1.0.3
OPALP	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 16184
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	911
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	911
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	64%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality i

6.1 Standard geometry i

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.65±0.01	0±0/865 (0.0±0.0%)	1.10±0.03	1±1/1170 (0.1±0.1%)
All	All	0.65	0/17300 (0.0%)	1.10	16/23400 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	1.4±1.2
All	All	0	28

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	122	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	6.78	121.08	110.90	13	2
1	A	211	GLU	CA-CB-CG	6.07	126.75	113.40	12	1
1	A	198	PHE	CB-CG-CD2	-5.98	116.62	120.80	6	1
1	A	179	CYS	CA-CB-SG	5.88	124.59	114.00	18	1
1	A	136	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.78	117.41	120.30	12	1
1	A	140	HIS	CA-CB-CG	5.73	123.34	113.60	18	1
1	A	209	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	5.70	119.45	110.90	2	1
1	A	209	VAL	CA-CB-CG2	5.59	119.29	110.90	5	2
1	A	136	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.58	123.09	120.30	2	1
1	A	150	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-5.53	117.68	121.00	2	1
1	A	151	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.50	117.55	120.30	3	2
1	A	198	PHE	CB-CG-CD1	5.42	124.60	120.80	6	1
1	A	122	VAL	CB-CA-C	5.05	120.99	111.40	20	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	157	TYR	Sidechain	4
1	A	136	ARG	Sidechain	3
1	A	148	ARG	Sidechain	3
1	A	150	TYR	Sidechain	3
1	A	208	ARG	Sidechain	3
1	A	156	ARG	Sidechain	3
1	A	162	TYR	Sidechain	2
1	A	151	ARG	Sidechain	2
1	A	149	TYR	Sidechain	2
1	A	170	SER	Peptide	1
1	A	190	THR	Peptide	1
1	A	128	TYR	Sidechain	1

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	845	789	789	1±1
All	All	16900	15780	15780	22

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:180:VAL:HG13	1:A:210:VAL:CG2	0.54	2.32	6	1
1:A:125:LEU:HD11	1:A:182:ILE:HD12	0.53	1.81	5	3
1:A:208:ARG:HA	1:A:211:GLU:HG2	0.52	1.81	15	1
1:A:186:GLN:O	1:A:190:THR:HG22	0.49	2.07	17	1
1:A:128:TYR:CE2	1:A:182:ILE:HG13	0.47	2.44	2	4
1:A:125:LEU:HD23	1:A:128:TYR:CG	0.47	2.44	3	3
1:A:206:MET:HA	1:A:209:VAL:HG12	0.46	1.87	15	1
1:A:180:VAL:HG12	1:A:184:ILE:HD12	0.46	1.88	11	2
1:A:184:ILE:O	1:A:184:ILE:HG22	0.46	2.10	19	1
1:A:139:ILE:HD11	1:A:212:GLN:NE2	0.43	2.29	13	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:125:LEU:HD21	1:A:182:ILE:CG2	0.41	2.44	12	1
1:A:206:MET:O	1:A:210:VAL:HG23	0.41	2.15	17	1
1:A:176:VAL:O	1:A:180:VAL:HG23	0.41	2.16	15	1
1:A:125:LEU:HD12	1:A:128:TYR:CD1	0.41	2.50	18	1

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	102/114 (89%)	88±2 (86±2%)	13±2 (12±2%)	2±1 (2±1%)	17	61
All	All	2040/2280 (89%)	1755 (86%)	252 (12%)	33 (2%)	17	61

All 13 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	122	VAL	8
1	A	124	GLY	6
1	A	168	GLN	4
1	A	167	ASP	3
1	A	141	PHE	2
1	A	137	PRO	2
1	A	132	SER	2
1	A	170	SER	1
1	A	184	ILE	1
1	A	189	VAL	1
1	A	131	GLY	1
1	A	123	GLY	1
1	A	192	THR	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR

entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	94/101 (93%)	82±2 (87±3%)	12±2 (13±3%)	9	51
All	All	1880/2020 (93%)	1638 (87%)	242 (13%)	9	51

All 48 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	173	ASN	19
1	A	140	HIS	15
1	A	125	LEU	15
1	A	190	THR	13
1	A	138	MET	13
1	A	155	TYR	11
1	A	205	MET	10
1	A	196	GLU	9
1	A	174	ASN	9
1	A	168	GLN	7
1	A	152	GLU	7
1	A	171	ASN	7
1	A	201	THR	7
1	A	164	ARG	6
1	A	166	VAL	6
1	A	209	VAL	6
1	A	159	ASN	5
1	A	178	ASP	5
1	A	147	ASP	5
1	A	204	LYS	5
1	A	221	GLU	4
1	A	202	ASP	4
1	A	153	ASN	4
1	A	151	ARG	4
1	A	185	LYS	3
1	A	134	MET	3
1	A	144	ASP	3
1	A	197	ASN	3
1	A	214	CYS	3
1	A	132	SER	3
1	A	223	GLN	3
1	A	135	SER	2
1	A	220	LYS	2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	148	ARG	2
1	A	191	THR	2
1	A	179	CYS	2
1	A	217	GLN	2
1	A	143	ASN	2
1	A	208	ARG	2
1	A	136	ARG	1
1	A	193	THR	1
1	A	194	LYS	1
1	A	222	SER	1
1	A	181	ASN	1
1	A	154	MET	1
1	A	188	THR	1
1	A	192	THR	1
1	A	160	GLN	1

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation [i](#)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 64% for the well-defined parts and 63% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 16184

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	911
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	911
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	113	-0.38 ± 0.21	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	105	0.43 ± 0.18	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	0	—	—
^{15}N	110	-0.07 ± 0.23	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 64%, i.e. 829 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1293. 12 out of 12 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	295/504 (59%)	94/201 (47%)	102/204 (50%)	99/99 (100%)
Sidechain	484/657 (74%)	273/387 (71%)	189/232 (81%)	22/38 (58%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	50/132 (38%)	14/69 (20%)	35/59 (59%)	1/4 (25%)
Overall	829/1293 (64%)	381/657 (58%)	326/495 (66%)	122/141 (87%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 63%, i.e. 892 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1409. 13 out of 13 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	327/559 (58%)	104/223 (47%)	113/226 (50%)	110/110 (100%)
Sidechain	515/718 (72%)	286/423 (68%)	205/251 (82%)	24/44 (55%)
Aromatic	50/132 (38%)	14/69 (20%)	35/59 (59%)	1/4 (25%)
Overall	892/1409 (63%)	404/715 (57%)	353/536 (66%)	135/158 (85%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

