



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 1KL8
Title : NMR STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS OF THE COMPLEX FORMED BETWEEN ALPHA-BUNGAROTOXIN AND THE PRINCIPAL ALPHA-NEUROTOXIN BINDING SEQUENCE ON THE ALPHA7 SUBUNIT OF A NEURONAL NICOTINIC ACETYLCHOLINE RECEPTOR
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This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : unknown
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027457

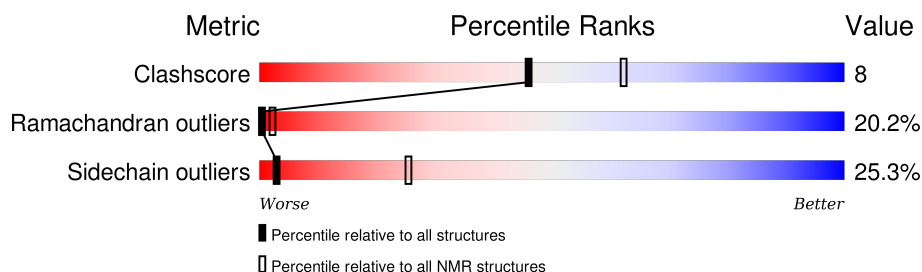
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	74	
2	B	20	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 1 models. Identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible.

3 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1387 atoms, of which 679 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called ALPHA-BUNGAROTOXIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	74	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1085	338	534	97	105	11	

- Molecule 2 is a protein called NEURONAL ACETYLCHOLINE RECEPTOR PROTEIN, ALPHA-7 CHAIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
2	B	19	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			302	100	145	24	31	2	

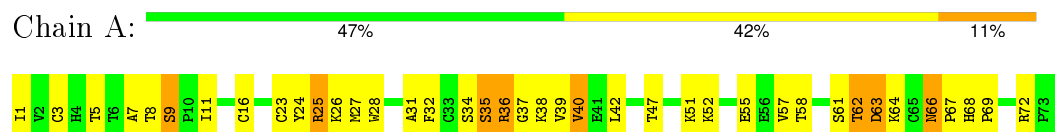
There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	197	HSL	-	ENGINEERED	UNP P22770

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: ALPHA-BUNGAROTOXIN



• Molecule 2: NEURONAL ACETYLCHOLINE RECEPTOR PROTEIN, ALPHA-7 CHAIN



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *DISTANCE GEOMETRY DYNAMIC SIMULATED ANNEALING*.

Of the ? calculated structures, 1 were deposited, based on the following criterion: ?.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	refinement	1.0
XWINNMR	structure solution	2.1
NMRPIPE	structure solution	1.8
SPARKY	structure solution	3.87

No chemical shift data was provided. No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.98	0/565 (0.0%)	1.36	4/767 (0.5%)
2	B	1.00	0/162 (0.0%)	1.39	2/218 (0.9%)
All	All	0.98	0/727 (0.0%)	1.37	6/985 (0.6%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
2	B	0	1
All	All	0	1

There are no bond-length outliers.

All angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	25	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.62	123.61	120.30
1	A	72	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.40	123.50	120.30
2	B	182	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.31	123.46	120.30
1	A	36	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.75	123.17	120.30
1	A	25	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.17	117.72	120.30
2	B	192	GLU	CB-CA-C	5.16	120.71	110.40

There are no chirality outliers.

All planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	B	194	TYR	Sidechain

6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	551	534	532	10
2	B	157	145	142	3
All	All	708	679	674	11

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)
1:A:40:VAL:HG21	1:A:68:HIS:CD2	0.79	2.13
1:A:28:TRP:CZ2	1:A:39:VAL:HG21	0.62	2.30
1:A:26:LYS:CG	1:A:57:VAL:HG22	0.51	2.35
1:A:28:TRP:CH2	1:A:39:VAL:HG21	0.50	2.41
1:A:11:ILE:HD11	2:B:189:CYS:HA	0.46	1.87
1:A:7:ALA:HB1	2:B:186:PHE:CE2	0.46	2.46
1:A:23:CYS:SG	1:A:63:ASP:O	0.45	2.75
2:B:189:CYS:C	2:B:190:CYS:SG	0.43	2.97
1:A:3:CYS:HB2	1:A:16:CYS:SG	0.41	2.56
1:A:42:LEU:HD12	1:A:66:ASN:ND2	0.41	2.30
1:A:1:ILE:HD11	1:A:62:THR:O	0.40	2.17

6.3 Torsion angles

6.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	72/74 (97%)	39 (54%)	19 (26%)	14 (19%)	0	2
2	B	17/20 (85%)	4 (24%)	9 (53%)	4 (24%)	0	1
All	All	89/94 (95%)	43 (48%)	28 (31%)	18 (20%)	0	2

All 18 Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	67	PRO
1	A	5	THR
1	A	32	PHE
1	A	63	ASP
1	A	64	LYS
2	B	192	GLU
2	B	181	LYS
2	B	194	TYR
1	A	55	GLU
1	A	51	LYS
1	A	69	PRO
1	A	37	GLY
1	A	40	VAL
1	A	9	SER
1	A	66	ASN
2	B	189	CYS
1	A	31	ALA
1	A	35	SER

6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	65/65 (100%)	51 (78%)	14 (22%)	4	32
2	B	18/18 (100%)	11 (61%)	7 (39%)	1	6
All	All	83/83 (100%)	62 (75%)	21 (25%)	3	25

All 21 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	25	ARG
1	A	62	THR
2	B	182	ARG
2	B	181	LYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	34	SER
2	B	191	LYS
2	B	187	TYR
1	A	58	THR
1	A	8	THR
1	A	61	SER
2	B	194	TYR
1	A	52	LYS
1	A	47	THR
1	A	36	ARG
1	A	38	LYS
2	B	190	CYS
2	B	189	CYS
1	A	9	SER
1	A	27	MET
1	A	24	TYR
1	A	35	SER

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

No chemical shift data were provided