



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 27, 2016 – 04:49 AM BST

PDB ID : 2L7L
Title : Solution structure of Ca²⁺/calmodulin complexed with a peptide representing the calmodulin-binding domain of calmodulin kinase I
Authors : Gifford, J.L.; Ishida, H.; Vogel, H.J.
Deposited on : 2010-12-13

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : unknown
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027457

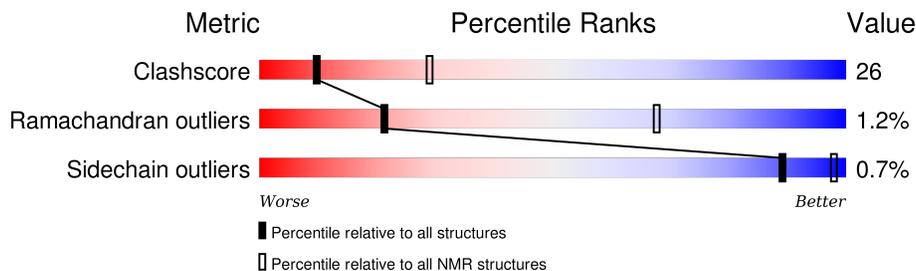
1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 8%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	148	
2	B	22	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 1 models. Identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible.

3 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2647 atoms, of which 1294 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Calmodulin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O		S
1	A	148	2262	714	1096	188	255	9	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase type 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O		S
2	B	22	381	116	198	38	28	1	0

- Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
			Total	Ca
3	A	4	4	4

5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics, simulated annealing*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 1 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	
CYANA	refinement	
X-PLOR NIH	structure solution	
X-PLOR NIH	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	2l7l_cs.str
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	194
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	194
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	8%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality i

6.1 Standard geometry i

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section:
CA

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts i

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1166	1096	1096	66
2	B	183	198	195	8
All	All	1353	1294	1291	68

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 26.

All clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)
1:A:56:ASP:OD1	1:A:59:GLY:N	0.63	2.32
2:B:309:ALA:O	2:B:313:VAL:HG23	0.62	1.95
1:A:80:ASP:N	1:A:84:GLU:OE1	0.60	2.35
1:A:144:MET:O	2:B:300:LYS:NZ	0.58	2.36
1:A:129:ASP:OD2	1:A:133:ASP:N	0.58	2.37
1:A:131:ASP:OD1	1:A:132:GLY:N	0.56	2.39
1:A:56:ASP:OD1	1:A:60:ASN:N	0.55	2.40
1:A:18:LEU:HD23	1:A:18:LEU:C	0.55	2.22
1:A:36:MET:SD	1:A:51:MET:SD	0.54	3.06
1:A:107:HIS:O	1:A:111:ASN:ND2	0.54	2.41
1:A:106:ARG:NH1	1:A:118:ASP:OD1	0.53	2.40
1:A:11:GLU:OE2	2:B:304:LYS:NZ	0.53	2.39

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)
1:A:125:ILE:O	1:A:129:ASP:N	0.53	2.41
1:A:35:VAL:HG23	1:A:36:MET:N	0.52	2.19
1:A:54:GLU:OE2	1:A:74:ARG:NH2	0.52	2.42
1:A:34:THR:N	1:A:37:ARG:HH21	0.52	2.03
1:A:4:LEU:HD12	1:A:4:LEU:N	0.51	2.21
1:A:95:ASP:OD1	1:A:96:GLY:N	0.50	2.45
1:A:56:ASP:OD1	1:A:59:GLY:CA	0.49	2.60
1:A:34:THR:CA	1:A:37:ARG:HH21	0.49	2.20
1:A:93:ASP:OD2	1:A:99:TYR:O	0.49	2.29
1:A:93:ASP:OD1	1:A:96:GLY:CA	0.48	2.61
1:A:38:SER:C	1:A:40:GLY:H	0.48	2.12
1:A:93:ASP:OD1	1:A:97:ASN:N	0.48	2.46
1:A:41:GLN:C	1:A:42:ASN:ND2	0.48	2.67
1:A:20:ASP:OD1	1:A:22:ASP:OD1	0.47	2.32
1:A:20:ASP:OD1	1:A:23:GLY:CA	0.47	2.63
1:A:127:GLU:OE1	2:B:299:ALA:CB	0.47	2.62
1:A:18:LEU:HD23	1:A:18:LEU:O	0.46	2.10
1:A:41:GLN:C	1:A:42:ASN:HD22	0.46	2.13
1:A:33:GLY:C	1:A:37:ARG:HE	0.46	2.13
1:A:20:ASP:OD1	1:A:23:GLY:N	0.46	2.48
1:A:129:ASP:OD2	1:A:133:ASP:OD1	0.46	2.33
1:A:51:MET:N	2:B:320:GLN:NE2	0.45	2.63
1:A:58:ASP:OD1	1:A:60:ASN:N	0.45	2.44
1:A:129:ASP:OD1	1:A:131:ASP:OD1	0.45	2.35
1:A:83:GLU:O	2:B:314:ARG:NH1	0.45	2.49
1:A:15:ALA:O	1:A:19:PHE:CD2	0.45	2.70
1:A:20:ASP:OD2	1:A:26:THR:O	0.45	2.35
1:A:93:ASP:OD1	1:A:95:ASP:OD1	0.44	2.34
1:A:60:ASN:OD1	1:A:62:THR:O	0.44	2.36
1:A:93:ASP:OD2	1:A:97:ASN:OD1	0.44	2.35
1:A:143:GLN:O	1:A:146:THR:HG23	0.44	2.12
1:A:137:ASN:CG	1:A:138:TYR:N	0.44	2.71
1:A:129:ASP:OD1	1:A:140:GLU:OE1	0.44	2.36
1:A:42:ASN:N	1:A:43:PRO:CD	0.44	2.81
1:A:12:PHE:N	1:A:12:PHE:CD1	0.43	2.78
1:A:131:ASP:OD2	1:A:140:GLU:OE2	0.43	2.36
1:A:133:ASP:OD1	1:A:135:GLN:N	0.43	2.47
1:A:4:LEU:CD1	1:A:4:LEU:N	0.43	2.82
1:A:56:ASP:OD1	1:A:58:ASP:OD1	0.42	2.37
1:A:93:ASP:OD1	1:A:96:GLY:N	0.42	2.52
1:A:65:PHE:HB3	1:A:66:PRO:HD3	0.42	1.90
1:A:130:ILE:CG1	1:A:131:ASP:N	0.42	2.82

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)
1:A:35:VAL:CG2	1:A:36:MET:N	0.42	2.83
1:A:30:LYS:O	1:A:34:THR:OG1	0.42	2.33
1:A:105:LEU:HD21	1:A:124:MET:SD	0.42	2.55
1:A:18:LEU:HD21	1:A:112:LEU:HB3	0.41	1.91
1:A:76:MET:O	1:A:79:THR:OG1	0.41	2.28
1:A:80:ASP:O	1:A:82:GLU:N	0.41	2.53
1:A:95:ASP:OD1	1:A:95:ASP:C	0.41	2.58
1:A:137:ASN:CG	1:A:138:TYR:H	0.41	2.19
2:B:315:HIS:NE2	2:B:319:LEU:HD11	0.41	2.30
1:A:75:LYS:O	1:A:78:ASP:OD1	0.41	2.39
1:A:65:PHE:N	1:A:66:PRO:CD	0.41	2.84
1:A:80:ASP:C	1:A:82:GLU:N	0.40	2.74
1:A:144:MET:HE3	2:B:303:TRP:CD1	0.40	2.52
1:A:2:ASP:OD1	1:A:2:ASP:N	0.40	2.55

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	146/148 (99%)	140 (96%)	4 (3%)	2 (1%)	19	64
2	B	20/22 (91%)	19 (95%)	1 (5%)	0 (0%)	100	100
All	All	166/170 (98%)	159 (96%)	5 (3%)	2 (1%)	21	68

All 2 Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	79	THR
1	A	39	LEU

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR

entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	126/126 (100%)	125 (99%)	1 (1%)	87	98
2	B	18/18 (100%)	18 (100%)	0 (0%)	100	100
All	All	144/144 (100%)	143 (99%)	1 (1%)	89	98

All 1 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	38	SER

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation [i](#)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 8% for the well-defined parts and 8% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: 2l7l_cs.str

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	194
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	194
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 8%, i.e. 172 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2066. 0 out of 19 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	52/846 (6%)	52/338 (15%)	0/340 (0%)	0/168 (0%)
Sidechain	107/1097 (10%)	98/636 (15%)	9/410 (2%)	0/51 (0%)
Aromatic	13/123 (11%)	13/67 (19%)	0/53 (0%)	0/3 (0%)
Overall	172/2066 (8%)	163/1041 (16%)	9/803 (1%)	0/222 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 8%, i.e. 172 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2066. 0 out of 19 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	52/846 (6%)	52/338 (15%)	0/340 (0%)	0/168 (0%)
Sidechain	107/1097 (10%)	98/636 (15%)	9/410 (2%)	0/51 (0%)
Aromatic	13/123 (11%)	13/67 (19%)	0/53 (0%)	0/3 (0%)
Overall	172/2066 (8%)	163/1041 (16%)	9/803 (1%)	0/222 (0%)

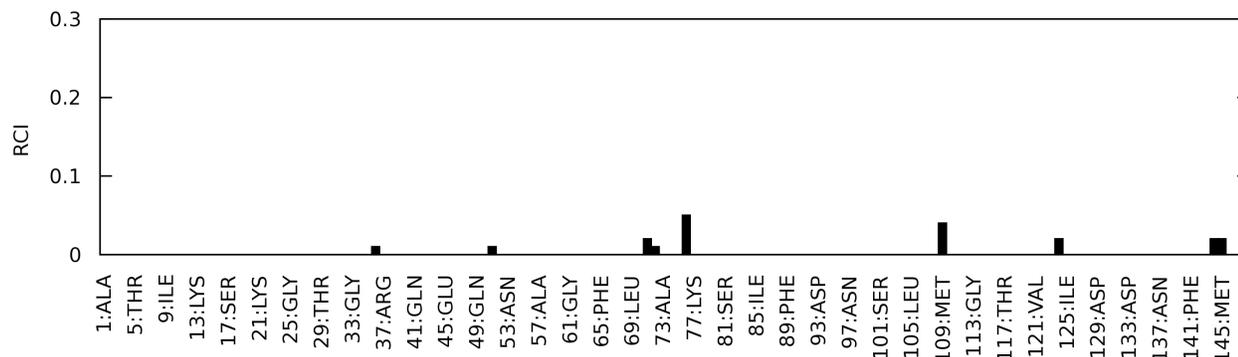
7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The images below report *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



Random coil index (RCI) for chain B:

