Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Apr 27, 2016 – 02:09 AM BST

PDB ID	:	2M0Z
Title	:	cis form of a photoswitchable PDZ domain crosslinked with an azobenzene derivative
Authors	:	Walser, R.; Zerbe, O.; Hamm, P.
Deposited on	:	2012-11-09

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

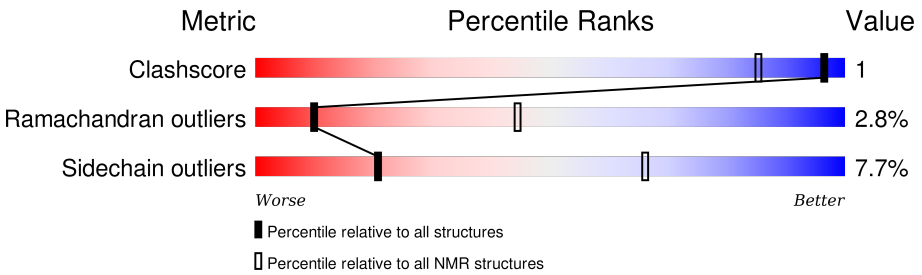
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.7.1 (RC1), CSD as537be (2016)
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20027457

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 88%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	97	77% 5% 18%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 18 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:7-A:14, A:20-A:91 (80)	0.35	18

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 5 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	3, 6, 11, 12, 13, 15, 17
2	1, 2, 5, 14
3	16, 18, 20
4	8, 9, 19
5	7, 10
Single-model clusters	4

3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1468 atoms, of which 733 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

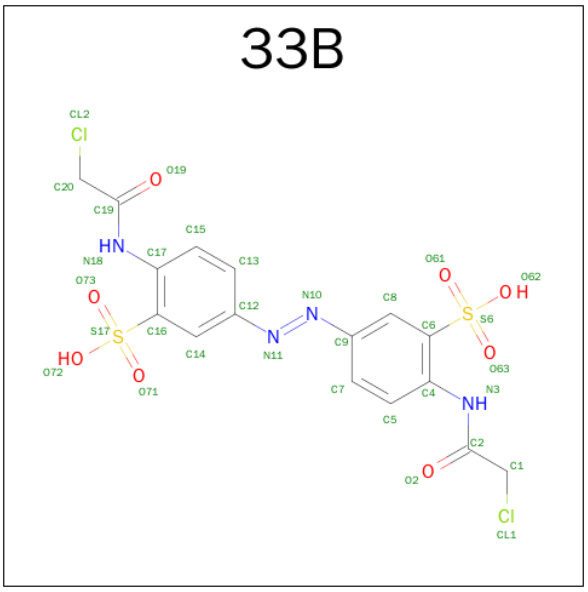
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	97	1426	435	721	132	136	2	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q12923
A	22	CYS	SER	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP Q12923
A	77	CYS	GLU	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP Q12923

- Molecule 2 is 3,3'-(E)-DIAZENE-1,2-DIYLBIS{6-[(CHLOROACETYL)AMINO]BENZENE SULFONIC ACID} (three-letter code: 33B) (formula: $C_{16}H_{14}Cl_2N_4O_8S_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					
			Total	C	H	N	O	S
2	A	1	42	16	12	4	8	2

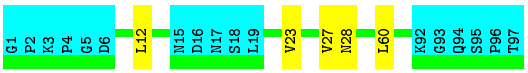
4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13

Chain A:



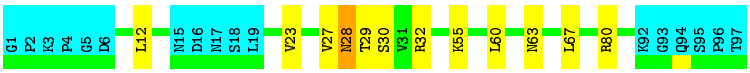
4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13

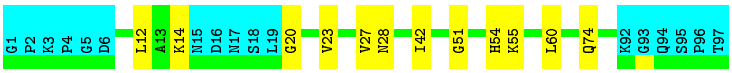
Chain A:



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13

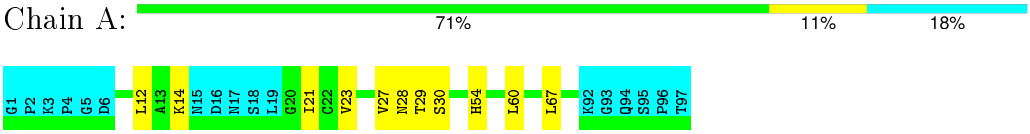
Chain A:



4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13

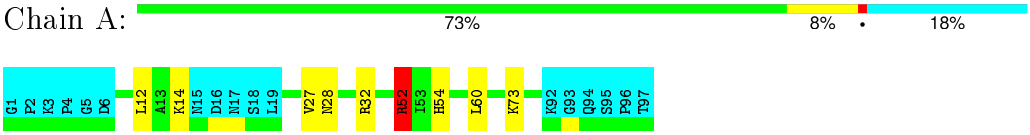
Chain A:



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13

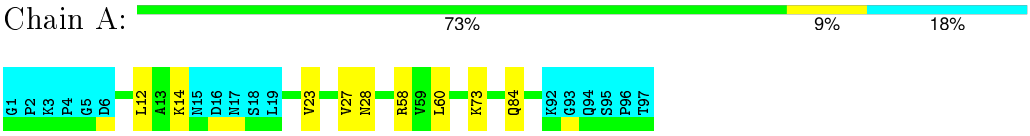
Chain A:



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13

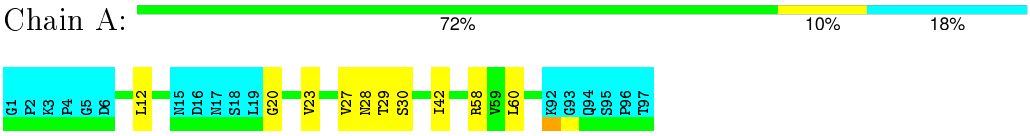
Chain A:



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13

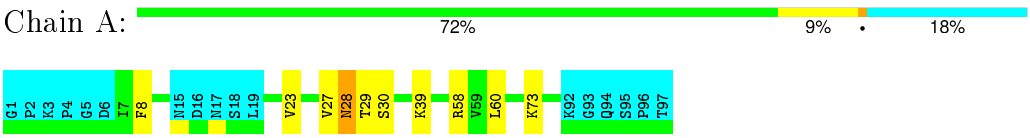
Chain A:



4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13

Chain A:



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

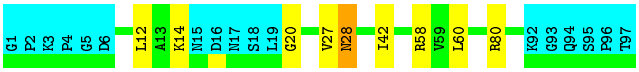
- Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13

Chain A: 75% 7% 18%

4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13

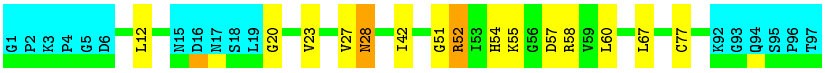
Chain A: 73% 8% • 18%



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13

Chain A: 67% 13% • 18%



4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

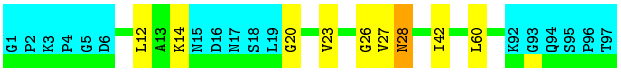
- Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13

Chain A: 73% 9% 18%

4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13

Chain A: 73% 8% • 18%



4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

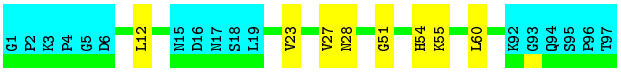
- Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13

Chain A: 72% 10% 18%

4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13

Chain A: 74% 8% 18%



4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

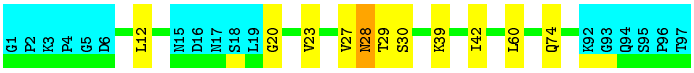
- Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13

Chain A: 77% 5% 18%

4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13

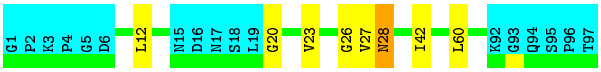
Chain A: 71% 10% • 18%



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13

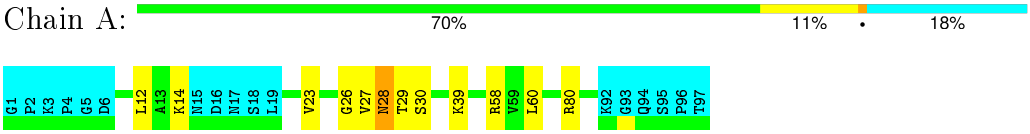
Chain A: 74% 7% • 18%



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13

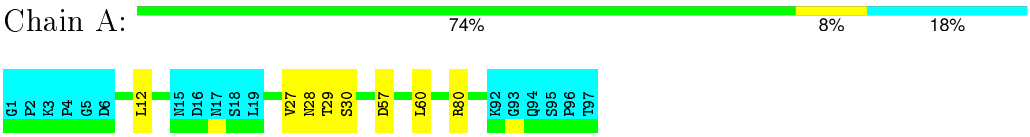
Chain A:



4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13

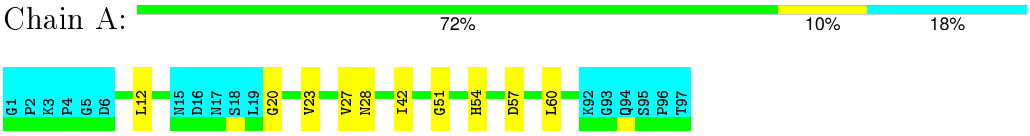
Chain A:



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 13

Chain A:



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics, molecular dynamics.*

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy.*

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	3.0
X-PLOR NIH	refinement	2.32

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	2m0z_cs.str
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1123
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1123
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	88%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 33B

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	1.07±0.02	1±1/593 (0.1±0.1%)	1.06±0.01	0±0/803 (0.0±0.1%)
All	All	1.07	14/11860 (0.1%)	1.06	8/16060 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	0.1±0.3
All	All	0	2

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	52	ARG	NE-CZ	5.74	1.40	1.33	4	3
1	A	32	ARG	NE-CZ	5.58	1.40	1.33	4	1
1	A	58	ARG	NE-CZ	5.57	1.40	1.33	6	4
1	A	80	ARG	NE-CZ	5.44	1.40	1.33	1	6

All unique angle outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	28	ASN	N-CA-CB	5.43	120.38	110.60	1	8

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	52	ARG	Sidechain	2

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	586	607	603	1±1
2	A	30	12	8	0±0
All	All	12320	12380	12220	28

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:29:THR:HG22	1:A:30:SER:H	0.56	1.60	6	7
1:A:20:GLY:HA3	1:A:42:ILE:HG12	0.50	1.83	12	4
1:A:20:GLY:CA	1:A:42:ILE:HG12	0.48	2.38	12	8
1:A:51:GLY:O	1:A:54:HIS:CE1	0.46	2.69	2	4
1:A:20:GLY:HA2	1:A:42:ILE:HD12	0.43	1.89	9	1
2:A:101:33B:C20	2:A:101:33B:H15	0.41	2.45	11	1
2:A:101:33B:C1	2:A:101:33B:H5	0.41	2.46	19	1
1:A:52:ARG:O	1:A:54:HIS:CE1	0.41	2.74	4	1
1:A:20:GLY:HA3	1:A:42:ILE:CG1	0.40	2.46	12	1

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	80/97 (82%)	74±1 (93±2%)	4±1 (5±2%)	2±0 (3±0%)	10 44

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	1600/1940 (82%)	1481 (93%)	75 (5%)	44 (3%)	10 44

All 4 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	28	ASN	20
1	A	27	VAL	20
1	A	26	GLY	3
1	A	67	LEU	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	62/76 (82%)	57±2 (92±3%)	5±2 (8±3%)	21 66
All	All	1240/1520 (82%)	1145 (92%)	95 (8%)	21 66

All 19 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	60	LEU	20
1	A	12	LEU	18
1	A	23	VAL	15
1	A	14	LYS	7
1	A	55	LYS	5
1	A	58	ARG	5
1	A	39	LYS	4
1	A	67	LEU	4
1	A	57	ASP	3
1	A	73	LYS	3
1	A	74	GLN	3
1	A	8	PHE	1
1	A	32	ARG	1
1	A	63	ASN	1
1	A	77	CYS	1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	71	THR	1
1	A	84	GLN	1
1	A	54	HIS	1
1	A	21	ILE	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	33B	A	101	1	31,31,33	2.42±0.13	2±0 (6±1%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	33B	A	101	1	42,46,48	1.31±0.19	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	33B	A	101	1	-	0±0,25,25,29	0±0,2,2,2

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	101	33B	C4-N3	8.78	1.58	1.41	5	20
2	A	101	33B	C17-N18	8.58	1.58	1.41	11	20
2	A	101	33B	C4-C6	7.46	1.53	1.40	5	1
2	A	101	33B	C17-C16	5.20	1.49	1.40	6	2

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	101	33B	C6-C4-N3	8.09	130.50	120.22	5	1
2	A	101	33B	C1-C2-N3	5.46	122.90	115.01	2	1
2	A	101	33B	C20-C19-N18	5.31	122.68	115.01	6	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 88% for the well-defined parts and 88% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: 2m0z_cs.str

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1123
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1123
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	97	-0.23 ± 0.15	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	83	0.10 ± 0.17	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	87	-0.08 ± 0.14	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	90	0.25 ± 0.36	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 88%, i.e. 815 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 921. 19 out of 19 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	392/398 (98%)	158/159 (99%)	156/160 (98%)	78/79 (99%)
Sidechain	393/474 (83%)	234/271 (86%)	159/181 (88%)	0/22 (0%)

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	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Aromatic	30/49 (61%)	16/25 (64%)	14/16 (88%)	0/8 (0%)
Overall	815/921 (88%)	408/455 (90%)	329/357 (92%)	78/109 (72%)

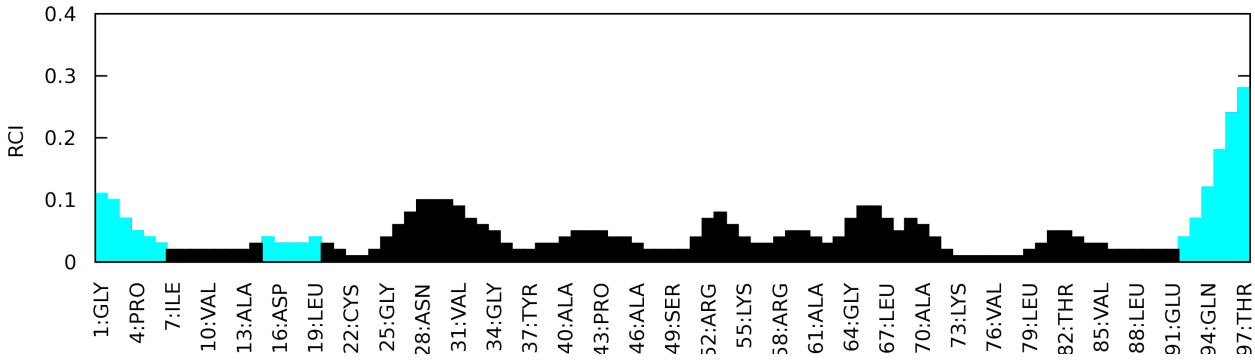
The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 88%, i.e. 970 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1104. 20 out of 20 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	461/477 (97%)	187/190 (98%)	184/194 (95%)	90/93 (97%)
Sidechain	479/578 (83%)	290/334 (87%)	189/217 (87%)	0/27 (0%)
Aromatic	30/49 (61%)	16/25 (64%)	14/16 (88%)	0/8 (0%)
Overall	970/1104 (88%)	493/549 (90%)	387/427 (91%)	90/128 (70%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A: