wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jan 31, 2016 – 08:51 PM GMT

PDB ID	:	1MEX
Title	:	Antibody Catalysis of a Bimolecular Cycloaddition Reaction
Authors	:	Heine, A.; Wilson, I.A.
Deposited on	:	2002-08-08
Resolution	:	1.25 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

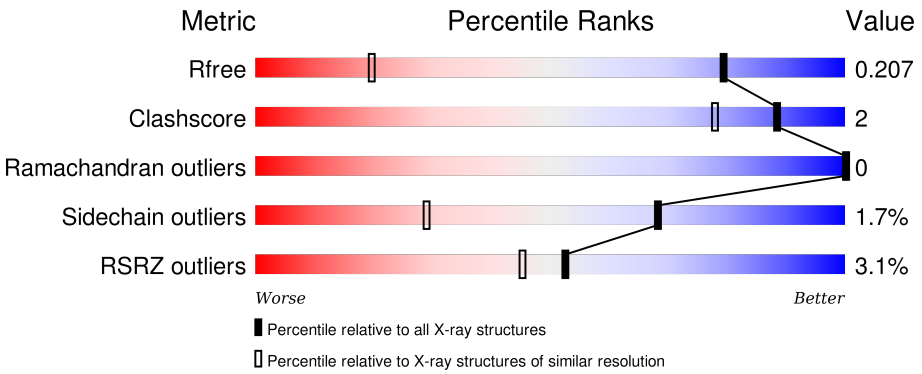
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.9-1692
EDS	:	rb-20026688
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac	:	5.8.0135
CCP4	:	6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	trunk26865

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.25 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	91344	1442 (1.30-1.22)
Clashscore	102246	1530 (1.30-1.22)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	1467 (1.30-1.22)
Sidechain outliers	100360	1465 (1.30-1.22)
RSRZ outliers	91569	1442 (1.30-1.22)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	L	213	% 89% 10% •
2	H	215	5% 88% 9% •

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3870 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

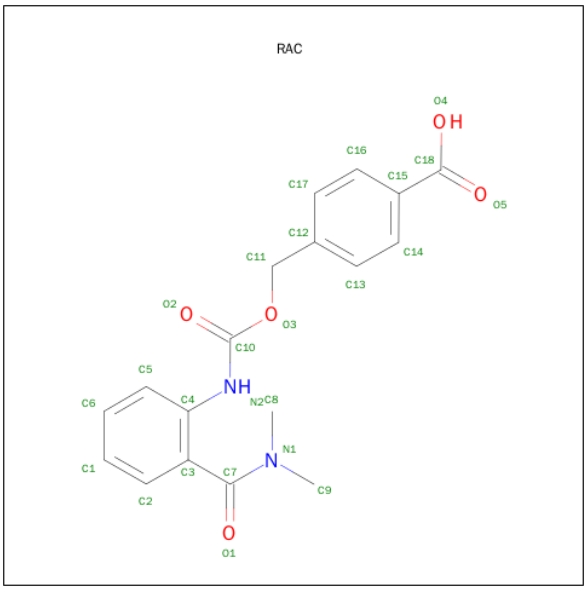
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Fab 29G12 light chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	L	213	1672	1040	280	342	10	0	5	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Fab 29G12 heavy chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	H	211	1581	1006	252	315	8	0	7	0

- Molecule 3 is 4-(2-DIMETHYLCARBAMOYL-PHENYLCARBAMOYLOXYMETHYL)-BENZOIC ACID (three-letter code: RAC) (formula: $C_{18}H_{18}N_2O_5$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O		
3	H	1	25	18	2	5	0	0

- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
4	H	282	282	282	0	0
			Total	O		
4	L	310	310	310	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

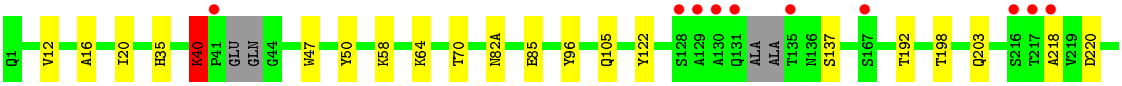
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Fab 29G12 light chain

Chain L:

- Molecule 2: Fab 29G12 heavy chain

Chain H:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	45.32Å 83.31Å 107.18Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	10.00 – 1.25 19.91 – 1.25	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.5 (10.00-1.25) 94.8 (19.91-1.25)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.04	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	2.35 (at 1.25Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	SHELXL-97	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.153 , 0.213 0.159 , 0.207	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	5610 reflections (5.53%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	12.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.186	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.33 , 55.9	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.47$, $< L^2 > = 0.30$	Xtriage
Outliers	0 of 112412 reflections	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	3870	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	19.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.58% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: RAC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	L	0.76	2/1729 (0.1%)	1.28	17/2344 (0.7%)
2	H	0.68	1/1649 (0.1%)	1.38	16/2253 (0.7%)
All	All	0.72	3/3378 (0.1%)	1.33	33/4597 (0.7%)

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	L	176[A]	SER	CB-OG	-9.05	1.30	1.42
1	L	176[B]	SER	CB-OG	-9.05	1.30	1.42
2	H	47	TRP	NE1-CE2	-5.21	1.30	1.37

The worst 5 of 33 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	H	47	TRP	CD1-NE1-CE2	12.73	120.46	109.00
2	H	35	HIS	CG-ND1-CE1	12.46	125.64	108.20
1	L	155	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.14	125.37	120.30
2	H	58	LYS	CB-CG-CD	8.33	133.26	111.60
2	H	47	TRP	CG-CD1-NE1	-8.16	101.94	110.10

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	L	1672	0	1585	8	0
2	H	1581	0	1529	8	0
3	H	25	0	17	0	0
4	H	282	0	0	4	0
4	L	310	0	0	2	0
All	All	3870	0	3131	16	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 16 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:H:20:ILE:HD12	4:H:626:HOH:O	1.89	0.72
2:H:198:THR:O	2:H:203:GLN:HB2	2.06	0.55
2:H:40:LYS:HG2	4:H:826:HOH:O	2.08	0.54
2:H:218:ALA:HB1	4:H:833:HOH:O	2.10	0.51
1:L:126:THR:O	1:L:126:THR:HG22	2.13	0.48

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	L	216/213 (101%)	212 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100 100
2	H	212/215 (99%)	210 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100 100
All	All	428/428 (100%)	422 (99%)	6 (1%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	L	194/189 (103%)	192 (99%)	2 (1%)	82 51
2	H	181/180 (101%)	177 (98%)	4 (2%)	60 18
All	All	375/369 (102%)	369 (98%)	6 (2%)	68 32

5 of 6 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	H	40	LYS
2	H	105	GLN
2	H	82(A)	ASN
1	L	213	GLU
2	H	85	GLU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 7 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	L	156	GLN
2	H	105	GLN
1	L	157	ASN
1	L	32	ASN
2	H	5	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
3	RAC	H	601	-	23,26,26	1.39	2 (8%)	32,35,35	1.88	8 (25%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	RAC	H	601	-	-	0/17/21/21	0/2/2/2

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	H	601	RAC	C4-N2	-4.72	1.32	1.41
3	H	601	RAC	C3-C7	2.15	1.54	1.50

The worst 5 of 8 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
3	H	601	RAC	O2-C10-N2	-3.86	116.98	126.14
3	H	601	RAC	C5-C4-N2	-2.37	116.43	121.90
3	H	601	RAC	C14-C15-C18	-2.29	117.37	120.45
3	H	601	RAC	C5-C4-C3	-2.15	116.37	119.41
3	H	601	RAC	O3-C11-C12	2.83	116.48	109.36

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	L	213/213 (100%)	-0.20	2 (0%)	85	84	9, 15, 30, 48	0
2	H	211/215 (98%)	0.17	11 (5%)	31	25	9, 17, 36, 69	0
All	All	424/428 (99%)	-0.01	13 (3%)	52	45	9, 16, 34, 69	0

The worst 5 of 13 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	H	135	THR	6.9
2	H	131	GLN	6.5
2	H	129	ALA	4.3
2	H	130	ALA	4.3
2	H	128	SER	4.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
3	RAC	H	601	25/25	0.91	0.08	0.54	14,16,22,25	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.