



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report i

Apr 29, 2016 – 04:46 AM EDT

PDB ID : 2MHO
Title : Solution State Structure PSD-95 PDZ1 with 5HT2C Receptor peptide
Authors : Dorr, L.A.; Phelan, M.M.; Lian, L.
Deposited on : 2013-11-29

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the i symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references](#) ①) were used in the production of this report:

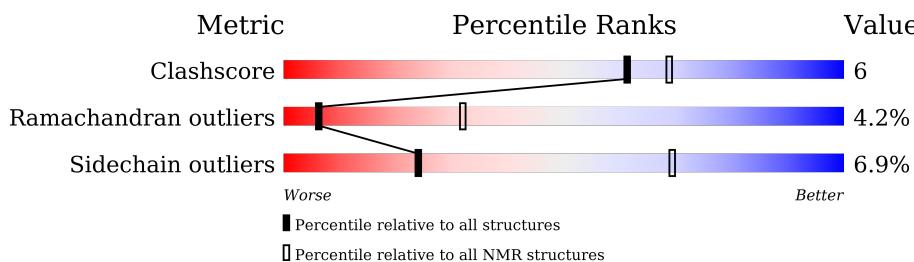
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	unknown
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20027457

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 77%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	99	23%	44%	8%	24%	
2	B	9	11%	11%	78%		

2 Ensemble composition and analysis i

This entry contains 20 models. Model 9 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *closest to the average*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:6-A:12, A:20-A:29, A:37-A:94, B:8-B:9 (77)	0.20	9

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 5 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 14, 17, 18
2	4, 19
3	11, 15
Single-model clusters	10; 12; 13; 16; 20

3 Entry composition i

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1630 atoms, of which 817 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Disks large homolog 4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	99	1488	463	743	132	147	3	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P31016
A	2	ALA	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P31016
A	3	MET	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P31016

- Molecule 2 is a protein called peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O		
2	B	9	142	41	74	12	15		0

4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Disks large homolog 4



- Molecule 2: peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C



4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: Disks large homolog 4



- Molecule 2: peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C

Chain B: 22% 



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

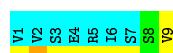
- Molecule 1: Disks large homolog 4

Chain A: 20% 



- Molecule 2: peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C

Chain B: 11% 



4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Disks large homolog 4

Chain A: 20% 



- Molecule 2: peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C

Chain B: 11% 



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Disks large homolog 4

Chain A: 26% 



- Molecule 2: peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C

Chain B: 11% 11% 78%



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

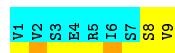
- Molecule 1: Disks large homolog 4

Chain A: 19% 47% 8% • 24%



- Molecule 2: peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C

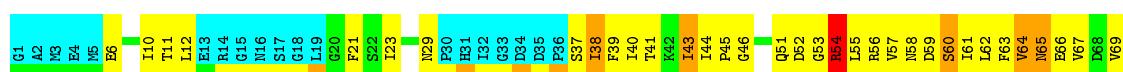
Chain B: 22% 78%



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Disks large homolog 4

Chain A: 20% 47% 7% • 24%



- Molecule 2: peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C

Chain B: 11% 11% 78%



4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Disks large homolog 4

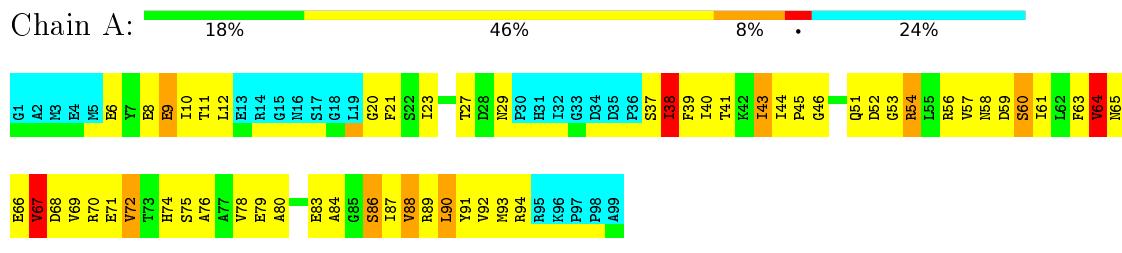


- Molecule 2: peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Disks large homolog 4

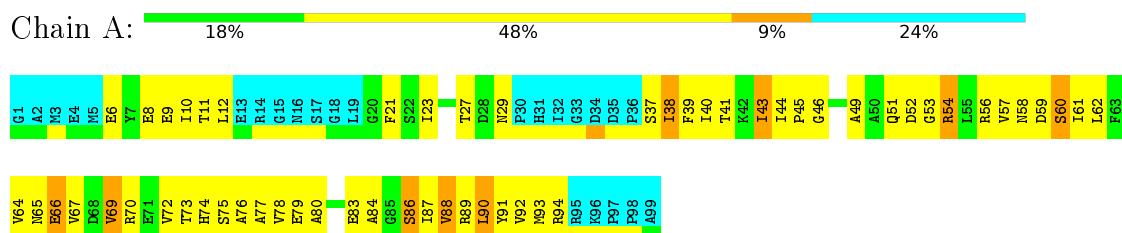


- Molecule 2: peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Disks large homolog 4

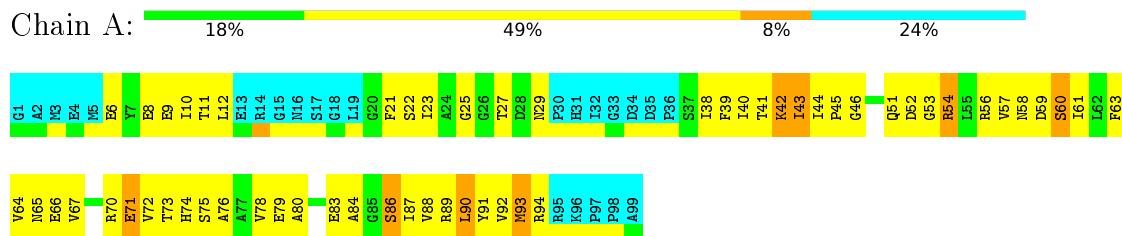


- Molecule 2: peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Disks large homolog 4



- Molecule 2: peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C



4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Disks large homolog 4

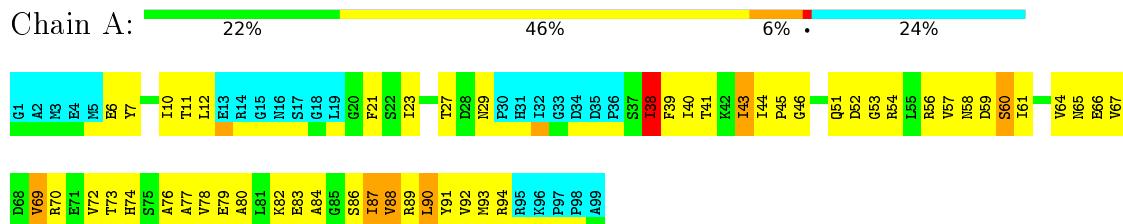


- Molecule 2: peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Disks large homolog 4

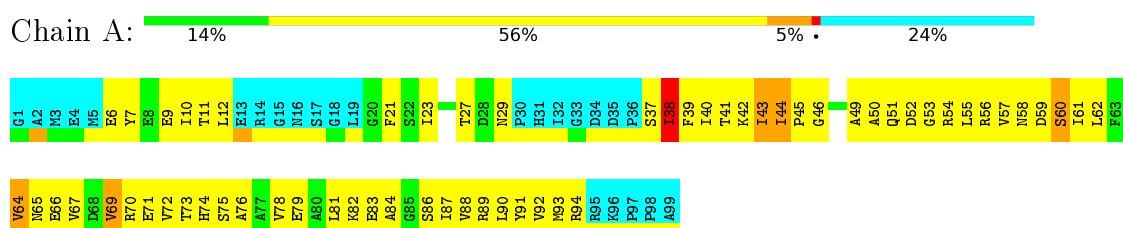


- Molecule 2: peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C



4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Disks large homolog 4

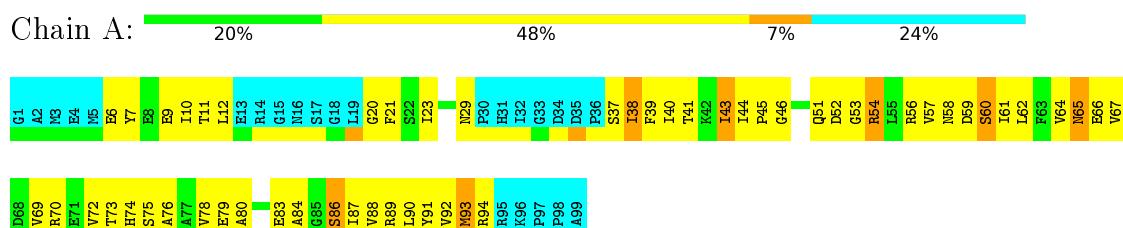


- Molecule 2: peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C



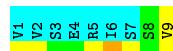
4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Disks large homolog 4



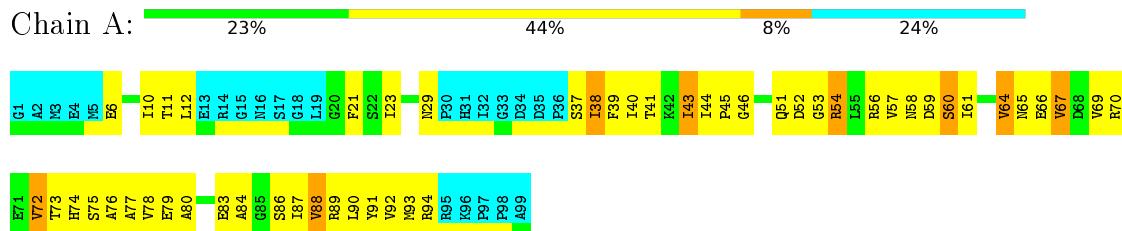
- Molecule 2: peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C





4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Disks large homolog 4



- Molecule 2: peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C



4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Disks large homolog 4

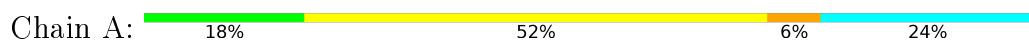


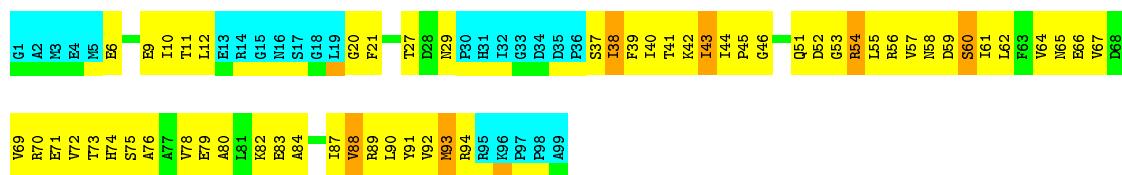
- Molecule 2: peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Disks large homolog 4





- Molecule 2: peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C

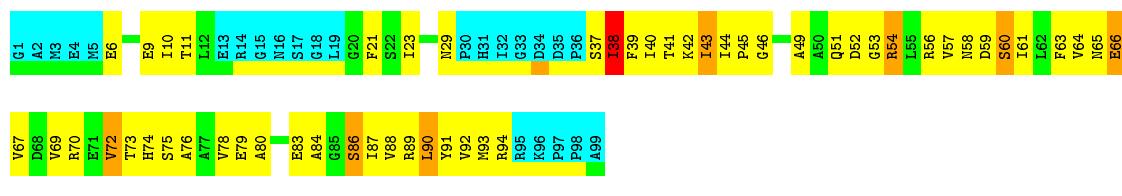
Chain B: 22% 78%



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Disks large homolog 4

Chain A: 21% 46% 7% • 24%



- Molecule 2: peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C

Chain B: 22% 78%



4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Disks large homolog 4

Chain A: 24% 44% 6% • 24%



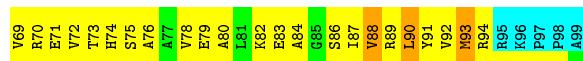
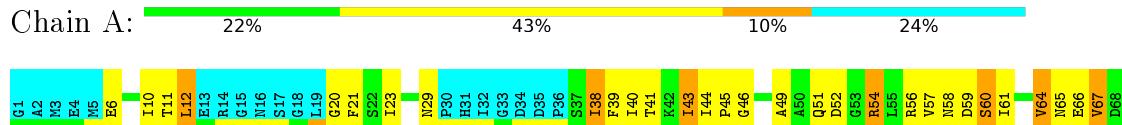
- Molecule 2: peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C

Chain B: 11% 11% 78%



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Disks large homolog 4



- Molecule 2: peptide from 5-hydroxytryptamine receptor 2C



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview i

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics, simulated annealing, simulated annealing.*

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy.*

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	refinement	1.2
CNS	structure solution	1.2
CYANA	structure solution	2.1
CYANA	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section [7](#) of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	2mho_.cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	2
Total number of shifts	1051
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1051
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	77%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality i

6.1 Standard geometry i

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	3.54±0.02	80±3/576 (14.0±0.5%)	1.78±0.03	10±1/781 (1.3±0.2%)
2	B	3.95±0.12	2±1/13 (12.3±5.1%)	1.54±0.06	0±0/15 (0.0±0.0%)
All	All	3.55	1641/11780 (13.9%)	1.78	203/15920 (1.3%)

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	29	ASN	C-N	11.30	1.55	1.34	2	20
1	A	44	ILE	C-N	10.68	1.54	1.34	13	20
1	A	72	VAL	CA-CB	10.59	1.76	1.54	5	20
2	B	9	VAL	CA-CB	9.79	1.75	1.54	19	20
1	A	38	ILE	CA-CB	9.45	1.76	1.54	12	20
1	A	43	ILE	CA-CB	9.14	1.75	1.54	15	20
1	A	57	VAL	N-CA	8.73	1.63	1.46	8	19
1	A	44	ILE	CA-CB	8.71	1.74	1.54	16	20
1	A	64	VAL	CA-CB	8.62	1.72	1.54	17	9
1	A	87	ILE	CA-CB	8.58	1.74	1.54	7	20
1	A	65	ASN	N-CA	8.57	1.63	1.46	17	19
1	A	54	ARG	N-CA	8.43	1.63	1.46	4	20
1	A	67	VAL	CA-CB	8.16	1.71	1.54	13	20
1	A	88	VAL	CA-CB	8.12	1.71	1.54	3	12
1	A	61	ILE	CA-CB	8.01	1.73	1.54	8	20
1	A	78	VAL	CA-CB	7.99	1.71	1.54	6	20
1	A	52	ASP	C-N	7.89	1.47	1.33	20	20
1	A	10	ILE	CA-CB	7.85	1.73	1.54	11	20
1	A	70	ARG	NE-CZ	7.71	1.43	1.33	1	20
1	A	56	ARG	NE-CZ	7.68	1.43	1.33	4	20
1	A	89	ARG	NE-CZ	7.68	1.43	1.33	5	20
1	A	94	ARG	NE-CZ	7.63	1.43	1.33	1	20
1	A	54	ARG	NE-CZ	7.59	1.43	1.33	4	20
1	A	58	ASN	C-N	7.57	1.51	1.34	15	20

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	79	GLU	N-CA	7.42	1.61	1.46	3	20
1	A	78	VAL	N-CA	7.33	1.60	1.46	13	20
1	A	74	HIS	N-CA	7.31	1.60	1.46	16	20
1	A	84	ALA	N-CA	7.30	1.60	1.46	5	15
1	A	92	VAL	CA-CB	7.30	1.70	1.54	16	20
1	A	66	GLU	CA-CB	7.28	1.70	1.53	4	17
1	A	40	ILE	CA-CB	7.25	1.71	1.54	11	20
1	A	86	SER	CA-CB	7.19	1.63	1.52	19	18
2	B	8	SER	CA-CB	7.00	1.63	1.52	1	6
1	A	65	ASN	CA-CB	6.99	1.71	1.53	12	20
1	A	60	SER	N-CA	6.98	1.60	1.46	1	20
1	A	83	GLU	N-CA	6.90	1.60	1.46	10	19
1	A	70	ARG	N-CA	6.89	1.60	1.46	8	18
1	A	21	PHE	CA-CB	6.88	1.69	1.53	1	20
1	A	70	ARG	C-N	6.78	1.49	1.34	10	9
1	A	46	GLY	C-N	6.74	1.45	1.33	13	20
1	A	64	VAL	N-CA	6.69	1.59	1.46	19	9
1	A	39	PHE	CA-CB	6.67	1.68	1.53	11	20
1	A	90	LEU	CA-CB	6.64	1.69	1.53	12	20
1	A	59	ASP	C-N	6.61	1.49	1.34	5	20
1	A	66	GLU	N-CA	6.61	1.59	1.46	4	13
1	A	41	THR	CA-CB	6.51	1.70	1.53	4	6
1	A	93	MET	CA-CB	6.43	1.68	1.53	14	20
1	A	21	PHE	CB-CG	6.40	1.62	1.51	16	20
1	A	41	THR	C-N	6.32	1.48	1.34	9	20
1	A	89	ARG	CA-CB	6.31	1.67	1.53	2	19
1	A	75	SER	C-N	6.31	1.48	1.34	8	16
1	A	29	ASN	CA-C	6.30	1.69	1.52	19	5
1	A	60	SER	CA-CB	6.20	1.62	1.52	7	6
1	A	94	ARG	CA-CB	6.18	1.67	1.53	1	9
1	A	66	GLU	C-N	6.13	1.48	1.34	15	17
1	A	23	ILE	N-CA	6.12	1.58	1.46	4	17
1	A	53	GLY	N-CA	6.11	1.55	1.46	9	17
1	A	45	PRO	N-CA	6.06	1.57	1.47	13	20
1	A	12	LEU	CA-CB	6.05	1.67	1.53	15	17
1	A	44	ILE	CA-C	6.05	1.68	1.52	5	20
1	A	56	ARG	CA-CB	6.00	1.67	1.53	15	1
1	A	9	GLU	CB-CG	5.97	1.63	1.52	8	10
1	A	42	LYS	CA-CB	5.97	1.67	1.53	17	6
1	A	45	PRO	CA-C	5.96	1.64	1.52	16	20
1	A	38	ILE	CB-CG1	5.96	1.70	1.54	7	19

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	93	MET	N-CA	5.94	1.58	1.46	5	16
1	A	80	ALA	C-N	5.88	1.47	1.34	16	18
1	A	86	SER	N-CA	5.88	1.58	1.46	10	9
1	A	23	ILE	CB-CG1	5.87	1.70	1.54	11	1
1	A	73	THR	N-CA	5.83	1.58	1.46	4	18
1	A	69	VAL	CA-CB	5.82	1.67	1.54	16	17
1	A	39	PHE	CB-CG	5.81	1.61	1.51	17	9
1	A	45	PRO	C-N	5.81	1.43	1.33	16	20
1	A	71	GLU	CA-CB	5.80	1.66	1.53	13	6
1	A	76	ALA	C-N	5.79	1.47	1.34	13	20
1	A	37	SER	CA-CB	5.79	1.61	1.52	6	10
1	A	6	GLU	CA-CB	5.78	1.66	1.53	1	17
1	A	8	GLU	CA-CB	5.77	1.66	1.53	3	6
1	A	84	ALA	C-N	5.75	1.43	1.33	14	20
1	A	92	VAL	N-CA	5.74	1.57	1.46	5	17
1	A	91	TYR	CB-CG	5.74	1.60	1.51	14	20
1	A	74	HIS	CB-CG	5.73	1.60	1.50	6	13
1	A	58	ASN	CA-C	5.72	1.67	1.52	2	17
1	A	66	GLU	CA-C	5.71	1.67	1.52	15	3
1	A	70	ARG	CA-C	5.71	1.67	1.52	13	2
1	A	72	VAL	N-CA	5.68	1.57	1.46	8	5
1	A	39	PHE	C-N	5.66	1.47	1.34	12	10
1	A	54	ARG	CA-CB	5.64	1.66	1.53	12	5
1	A	82	LYS	C-N	5.62	1.47	1.34	12	5
1	A	75	SER	N-CA	5.60	1.57	1.46	4	5
1	A	45	PRO	N-CD	5.59	1.55	1.47	16	20
1	A	83	GLU	C-N	5.55	1.46	1.34	15	4
1	A	65	ASN	CA-C	5.48	1.67	1.52	11	4
1	A	9	GLU	CA-CB	5.43	1.65	1.53	8	2
1	A	8	GLU	CB-CG	5.42	1.62	1.52	3	6
1	A	51	GLN	C-N	5.42	1.46	1.34	18	20
2	B	8	SER	C-N	5.42	1.46	1.34	19	4
1	A	27	THR	N-CA	5.41	1.57	1.46	13	8
1	A	37	SER	N-CA	5.39	1.57	1.46	13	3
1	A	20	GLY	N-CA	5.38	1.54	1.46	3	1
1	A	71	GLU	CB-CG	5.36	1.62	1.52	10	1
1	A	62	LEU	CA-CB	5.36	1.66	1.53	2	6
1	A	59	ASP	N-CA	5.35	1.57	1.46	7	10
1	A	21	PHE	N-CA	5.33	1.57	1.46	16	1
1	A	65	ASN	C-N	5.32	1.46	1.34	15	3
1	A	39	PHE	C-O	5.32	1.33	1.23	12	1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	49	ALA	N-CA	5.31	1.56	1.46	18	3
1	A	83	GLU	CB-CG	5.31	1.62	1.52	13	4
1	A	54	ARG	C-N	5.30	1.46	1.34	20	3
1	A	61	ILE	N-CA	5.30	1.56	1.46	4	11
1	A	20	GLY	C-N	5.30	1.46	1.34	11	2
1	A	70	ARG	CD-NE	5.28	1.55	1.46	3	6
1	A	69	VAL	N-CA	5.27	1.56	1.46	20	6
1	A	38	ILE	CA-C	5.27	1.66	1.52	12	1
1	A	54	ARG	CD-NE	5.27	1.55	1.46	17	5
1	A	11	THR	CA-CB	5.27	1.67	1.53	15	10
1	A	89	ARG	N-CA	5.26	1.56	1.46	11	5
1	A	57	VAL	CA-CB	5.26	1.65	1.54	4	6
1	A	10	ILE	N-CA	5.26	1.56	1.46	6	6
1	A	77	ALA	C-N	5.23	1.46	1.34	2	8
1	A	74	HIS	C-N	5.23	1.46	1.34	10	7
1	A	7	TYR	CB-CG	5.22	1.59	1.51	13	4
1	A	89	ARG	CD-NE	5.22	1.55	1.46	13	1
1	A	92	VAL	CA-C	5.22	1.66	1.52	5	9
1	A	25	GLY	C-N	5.21	1.42	1.33	5	2
1	A	28	ASP	C-N	5.21	1.46	1.34	19	2
1	A	63	PHE	CA-CB	5.21	1.65	1.53	6	7
1	A	37	SER	C-N	5.20	1.46	1.34	3	6
1	A	41	THR	N-CA	5.19	1.56	1.46	18	2
1	A	94	ARG	CD-NE	5.18	1.55	1.46	5	4
1	A	21	PHE	C-N	5.18	1.46	1.34	5	3
1	A	74	HIS	CA-C	5.17	1.66	1.52	1	3
1	A	23	ILE	C-N	5.17	1.46	1.34	9	2
1	A	55	LEU	CA-CB	5.16	1.65	1.53	5	1
1	A	74	HIS	CA-CB	5.13	1.65	1.53	7	3
2	B	8	SER	N-CA	5.12	1.56	1.46	13	2
1	A	57	VAL	CA-C	5.12	1.66	1.52	7	3
1	A	68	ASP	CA-CB	5.11	1.65	1.53	8	2
1	A	49	ALA	C-N	5.09	1.45	1.34	20	2
1	A	62	LEU	C-N	5.09	1.45	1.34	11	1
1	A	47	GLY	N-CA	5.07	1.53	1.46	16	1
1	A	50	ALA	C-N	5.06	1.45	1.34	7	2
1	A	39	PHE	N-CA	5.06	1.56	1.46	12	1
1	A	78	VAL	CA-C	5.04	1.66	1.52	15	1
1	A	91	TYR	C-O	5.02	1.32	1.23	1	1
1	A	53	GLY	C-N	5.01	1.45	1.34	4	1
1	A	73	THR	C-N	5.00	1.45	1.34	4	1

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	88	VAL	CA-CB-CG2	11.05	127.48	110.90	19	8
1	A	88	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	10.72	126.99	110.90	16	3
1	A	64	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	9.69	125.43	110.90	8	6
1	A	69	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	8.49	123.64	110.90	9	6
1	A	94	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.22	124.41	120.30	7	20
1	A	70	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.16	124.38	120.30	17	20
1	A	54	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.12	124.36	120.30	17	20
1	A	89	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.10	124.35	120.30	6	20
1	A	56	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.08	124.34	120.30	19	20
1	A	67	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	7.95	122.83	110.90	4	3
1	A	57	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	7.77	122.56	110.90	14	14
1	A	72	VAL	CA-CB-CG2	7.38	121.97	110.90	16	11
1	A	67	VAL	CA-CB-CG2	6.86	121.19	110.90	13	13
1	A	64	VAL	CA-CB-CG2	5.76	119.54	110.90	1	8
1	A	23	ILE	CA-CB-CG1	5.75	121.92	111.00	11	1
1	A	83	GLU	N-CA-CB	-5.71	100.33	110.60	15	1
1	A	39	PHE	CB-CG-CD1	5.59	124.72	120.80	1	2
1	A	90	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	5.47	120.30	111.00	10	9
1	A	39	PHE	CA-CB-CG	5.41	126.89	113.90	1	4
1	A	93	MET	CA-CB-CG	5.28	122.28	113.30	14	2
1	A	69	VAL	CA-CB-CG2	5.28	118.82	110.90	11	3
1	A	65	ASN	C-N-CA	5.25	134.83	121.70	5	2
1	A	38	ILE	CA-CB-CG1	5.21	120.89	111.00	12	3
1	A	74	HIS	CA-CB-CG	5.19	122.42	113.60	4	1
1	A	83	GLU	CA-CB-CG	5.13	124.68	113.40	15	1
1	A	69	VAL	CB-CA-C	5.06	121.02	111.40	12	1
1	A	42	LYS	CA-CB-CG	5.06	124.53	113.40	17	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	569	573	572	6±3
2	B	14	14	14	1±1
All	All	11660	11740	11720	132

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:43:ILE:CA	1:A:43:ILE:CB	1.65	1.75	18	9
1:A:43:ILE:CB	1:A:43:ILE:CA	1.65	1.75	17	10
1:A:87:ILE:CA	1:A:87:ILE:CB	1.62	1.74	12	2
1:A:38:ILE:CB	1:A:38:ILE:CA	1.62	1.74	5	4
1:A:38:ILE:CA	1:A:38:ILE:CB	1.59	1.75	18	3
1:A:72:VAL:CB	1:A:72:VAL:CA	1.59	1.76	3	4
1:A:72:VAL:CA	1:A:72:VAL:CB	1.58	1.76	8	6
1:A:44:ILE:CA	1:A:44:ILE:CB	1.57	1.74	13	2
2:B:9:VAL:CA	2:B:9:VAL:CB	1.56	1.74	7	2
2:B:9:VAL:CB	2:B:9:VAL:CA	1.54	1.74	20	1
1:A:72:VAL:HB	1:A:72:VAL:CA	0.75	2.06	16	5
1:A:38:ILE:HB	1:A:38:ILE:CA	0.74	2.09	19	4
1:A:38:ILE:CA	1:A:38:ILE:HB	0.74	2.07	13	3
1:A:72:VAL:CA	1:A:72:VAL:HB	0.72	2.07	11	5
1:A:43:ILE:CA	1:A:43:ILE:HB	0.71	2.11	11	11
1:A:43:ILE:HB	1:A:43:ILE:CA	0.67	2.12	3	8
1:A:64:VAL:O	1:A:67:VAL:HB	0.63	1.93	4	1
2:B:9:VAL:CA	2:B:9:VAL:CG1	0.61	2.74	7	1
2:B:9:VAL:CG1	2:B:9:VAL:CA	0.61	2.75	20	2
1:A:44:ILE:CA	1:A:44:ILE:HB	0.60	2.10	16	2
1:A:87:ILE:HB	1:A:87:ILE:CA	0.59	2.13	7	2
1:A:38:ILE:CG2	1:A:38:ILE:CA	0.56	2.77	12	5
1:A:38:ILE:CA	1:A:38:ILE:CG2	0.55	2.80	18	2
1:A:72:VAL:CA	1:A:72:VAL:CG1	0.55	2.78	4	6
2:B:9:VAL:CG2	2:B:9:VAL:CA	0.55	2.79	19	2
2:B:9:VAL:CA	2:B:9:VAL:CG2	0.54	2.79	7	1
2:B:9:VAL:HB	2:B:9:VAL:CA	0.53	2.15	20	1
1:A:44:ILE:CB	1:A:44:ILE:N	0.53	2.68	16	1
1:A:72:VAL:CG1	1:A:72:VAL:CA	0.52	2.79	15	4
2:B:9:VAL:CA	2:B:9:VAL:HB	0.52	2.15	7	1
1:A:72:VAL:CB	1:A:72:VAL:C	0.47	2.77	6	3
1:A:72:VAL:C	1:A:72:VAL:CB	0.45	2.76	8	5
1:A:44:ILE:CA	1:A:44:ILE:CG1	0.45	2.83	13	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:44:ILE:CA	1:A:44:ILE:CG2	0.44	2.83	16	2
1:A:64:VAL:O	1:A:67:VAL:HG22	0.44	2.13	15	3
1:A:87:ILE:CG1	1:A:87:ILE:CA	0.42	2.87	12	1
1:A:64:VAL:O	1:A:67:VAL:HG12	0.42	2.15	8	1
1:A:87:ILE:CA	1:A:87:ILE:CG2	0.41	2.86	7	1
1:A:22:SER:HB2	1:A:42:LYS:HB3	0.41	1.92	10	1
1:A:43:ILE:CG1	1:A:43:ILE:CA	0.41	2.87	17	2
1:A:43:ILE:CA	1:A:43:ILE:CG1	0.41	2.88	14	1
1:A:61:ILE:HG21	1:A:64:VAL:HG23	0.40	1.94	11	1

6.3 Torsion angles [\(i\)](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	75/99 (76%)	66±1 (88±2%)	6±1 (8±2%)	3±1 (4±1%)	6 31
2	B	1/9 (11%)	1±0 (80±40%)	0±0 (20±40%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100 100
All	All	1520/2160 (70%)	1333 (88%)	123 (8%)	64 (4%)	6 32

All 6 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	60	SER	20
1	A	54	ARG	18
1	A	86	SER	15
1	A	20	GLY	5
1	A	65	ASN	3
1	A	66	GLU	3

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR

entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	60/78 (77%)	56±1 (93±2%)	4±1 (7±2%)	23 68
2	B	2/9 (22%)	2±0 (100±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100 100
All	All	1240/1740 (71%)	1154 (93%)	86 (7%)	24 69

All 19 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	38	ILE	18
1	A	88	VAL	11
1	A	11	THR	10
1	A	90	LEU	9
1	A	55	LEU	9
1	A	64	VAL	7
1	A	69	VAL	6
1	A	93	MET	4
1	A	67	VAL	2
1	A	54	ARG	1
1	A	89	ARG	1
1	A	71	GLU	1
1	A	12	LEU	1
1	A	9	GLU	1
1	A	23	ILE	1
1	A	8	GLU	1
1	A	81	LEU	1
1	A	51	GLN	1
1	A	40	ILE	1

6.3.3 RNA [\(i\)](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [\(i\)](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [\(i\)](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [\(i\)](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [\(i\)](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation i

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 77% for the well-defined parts and 71% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: 2mho_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping i

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	992
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	992
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing i

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	95	0.16 ± 0.21	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	84	-0.05 ± 0.12	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	0	—	—
^{15}N	90	0.08 ± 0.35	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments i

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 76%, i.e. 684 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 902. 13 out of 14 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	294/383 (77%)	147/153 (96%)	74/154 (48%)	73/76 (96%)
Sidechain	348/468 (74%)	207/268 (77%)	141/179 (79%)	0/21 (0%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	42/51 (82%)	21/27 (78%)	21/22 (95%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	684/902 (76%)	375/448 (84%)	236/355 (66%)	73/99 (74%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 67%, i.e. 855 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1267. 14 out of 17 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	370/530 (70%)	185/211 (88%)	95/216 (44%)	90/103 (87%)
Sidechain	439/678 (65%)	265/394 (67%)	174/252 (69%)	0/32 (0%)
Aromatic	46/59 (78%)	23/31 (74%)	23/24 (96%)	0/4 (0%)
Overall	855/1267 (67%)	473/636 (74%)	292/492 (59%)	90/139 (65%)

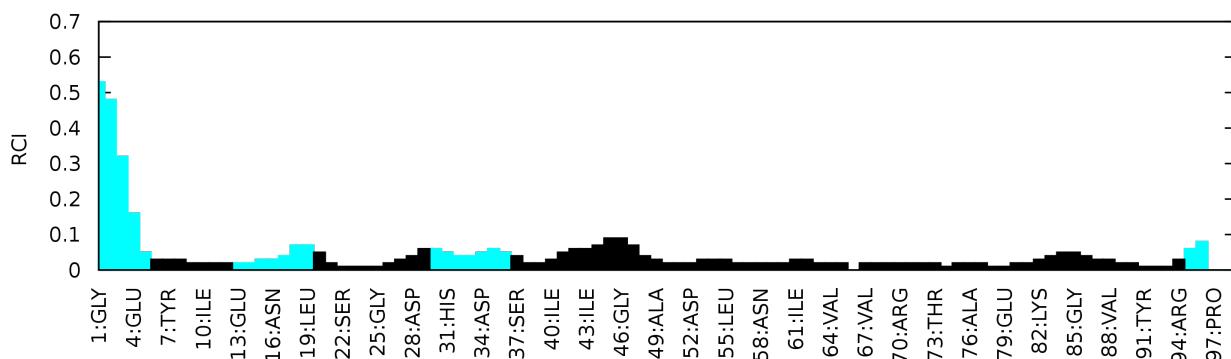
7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [\(i\)](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [\(i\)](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



7.2 Chemical shift list 2

File name: 2mho_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_2*

7.2.1 Bookkeeping [\(i\)](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	59
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	59
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.2.2 Chemical shift referencing [\(i\)](#)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.2.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [\(i\)](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 1%, i.e. 9 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 902. 0 out of 14 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	4/383 (1%)	4/153 (3%)	0/154 (0%)	0/76 (0%)
Sidechain	5/468 (1%)	5/268 (2%)	0/179 (0%)	0/21 (0%)
Aromatic	0/51 (0%)	0/27 (0%)	0/22 (0%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	9/902 (1%)	9/448 (2%)	0/355 (0%)	0/99 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 3%, i.e. 43 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1267. 0 out of 17 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	14/530 (3%)	14/211 (7%)	0/216 (0%)	0/103 (0%)
Sidechain	29/678 (4%)	29/394 (7%)	0/252 (0%)	0/32 (0%)
Aromatic	0/59 (0%)	0/31 (0%)	0/24 (0%)	0/4 (0%)
Overall	43/1267 (3%)	43/636 (7%)	0/492 (0%)	0/139 (0%)

7.2.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [\(i\)](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.2.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [\(i\)](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain B:

