wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	1N3J
Title	:	Structure and Substrate of a Histone H3 Lysine Methyltransferase from Paramecium Bursaria Chlorella Virus 1
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Deposited on	:	2002-10-28

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

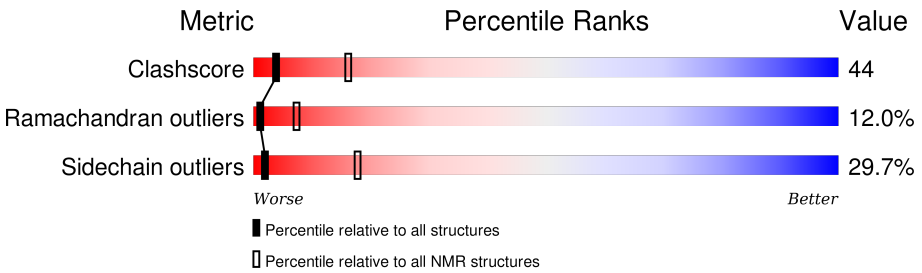
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	unknown
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20027457

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 67%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	119	29% 55% 15% •
1	B	119	29% 55% 15% •

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 1 models. Identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible.

3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 3814 atoms, of which 1902 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Histone H3 Lysine Methyltransferase.

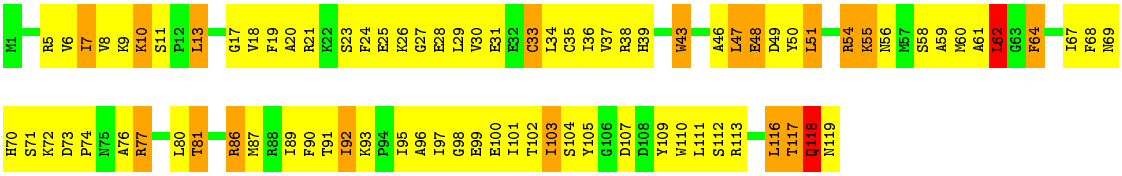
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	119	1907	608	951	169	173	6	0
1	B	119	1907	608	951	169	173	6	0

4 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

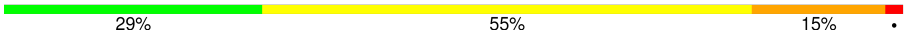
- Molecule 1: Histone H3 Lysine Methyltransferase

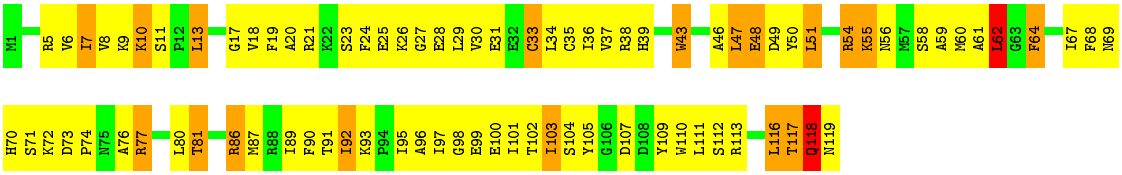
Chain A:



- Molecule 1: Histone H3 Lysine Methyltransferase

Chain B:





5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *distance geometry simulated annealing molecular dynamics.*

Of the 200 calculated structures, 1 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *mimized average structure.*

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR	structure solution	3.1
ARIA	structure solution	1.1
X-PLOR	refinement	3.1

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 5567
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	2240
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	2240
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	67%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	956	951	951	88
1	B	956	951	951	86
All	All	1912	1902	1902	166

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 44.

5 of 166 clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)
1:B:20:ALA:HB2	1:B:101:ILE:HD11	1.00	1.31
1:A:20:ALA:HB2	1:A:101:ILE:HD11	0.99	1.31
1:A:62:LEU:HD11	1:B:62:LEU:HD11	0.94	1.34
1:A:91:THR:HG21	1:A:95:ILE:HD11	0.91	1.42
1:B:91:THR:HG21	1:B:95:ILE:HD11	0.89	1.42

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	117/119 (98%)	74 (63%)	29 (25%)	14 (12%)	1 7
1	B	117/119 (98%)	74 (63%)	29 (25%)	14 (12%)	1 7
All	All	234/238 (98%)	148 (63%)	58 (25%)	28 (12%)	1 7

5 of 28 Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	13	LEU
1	A	55	LYS
1	B	70	HIS
1	A	112	SER
1	A	33	CYS

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	101/101 (100%)	71 (70%)	30 (30%)	2 18
1	B	101/101 (100%)	71 (70%)	30 (30%)	2 18
All	All	202/202 (100%)	142 (70%)	60 (30%)	2 18

5 of 60 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	25	GLU
1	A	39	HIS
1	A	55	LYS
1	A	47	LEU
1	B	39	HIS

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 67% for the well-defined parts and 67% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 5567

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_ chem_ shift_ list_ 1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	2240
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	2240
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	8

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	236	-0.15 ± 0.19	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	216	-0.10 ± 0.15	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	0	—	—
^{15}N	220	0.94 ± 0.23	Should be applied

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 67%, i.e. 2030 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 3018. 26 out of 30 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	900/1174 (77%)	444/468 (95%)	236/476 (50%)	220/230 (96%)
Sidechain	950/1564 (61%)	540/922 (59%)	410/558 (73%)	0/84 (0%)

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	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Aromatic	180/280 (64%)	100/150 (67%)	80/120 (67%)	0/10 (0%)
Overall	2030/3018 (67%)	1084/1540 (70%)	726/1154 (63%)	220/324 (68%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

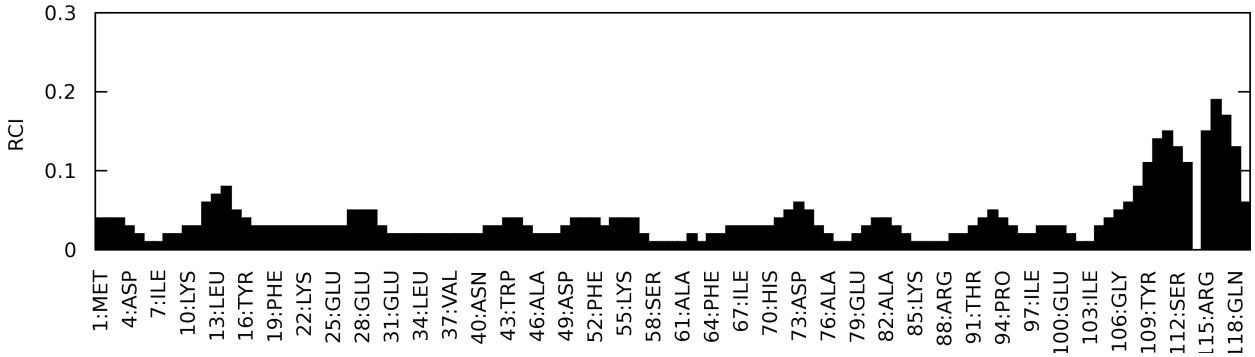
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, *ppm*	Expected range, *ppm*	Z-score
1	A	46	ALA	HB3	0.04	2.61 – 0.11	-5.3
1	B	46	ALA	HB1	0.04	2.61 – 0.11	-5.3
1	A	46	ALA	HB2	0.04	2.61 – 0.11	-5.3
1	B	46	ALA	HB2	0.04	2.61 – 0.11	-5.3
1	A	46	ALA	HB1	0.04	2.61 – 0.11	-5.3
1	B	46	ALA	HB3	0.04	2.61 – 0.11	-5.3
1	A	65	GLY	N	129.50	129.07 – 90.27	5.1
1	B	65	GLY	N	129.50	129.07 – 90.27	5.1

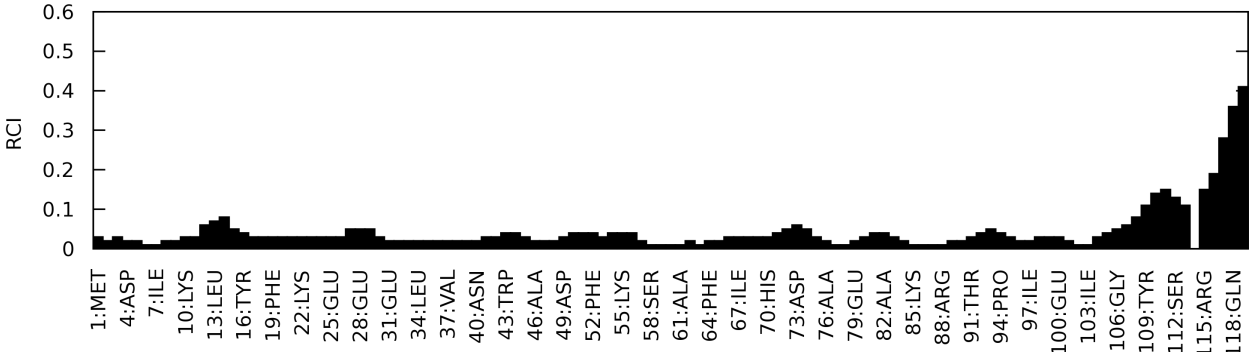
7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The images below report *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



Random coil index (RCI) for chain B:


RCI
0.6
0.5
0.4
0.3
0.2
0.1
0
1:MET
4:ASP
7:ILE
10:LYS
13:LEU
16:TYR
19:PHE
22:LYS
25:GLU
28:GLU
31:GLU
34:LEU
37:VAL
40:ASN
43:TRP
46:ALA
49:ASP
52:PHE
55:LYS
58:SER
61:ALA
64:PHE
67:ILE
70:HIS
73:ASP
76:ALA
79:GLU
82:ALA
85:LYS
88:ARG
91:THR
94:PRO
97:ILE
100:GLU
103:ILE
106:GLY
109:TYR
112:SER
115:ARG
118:GLN