wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 17, 2016 – 10:35 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	1NZQ
Title	:	D-Phe-Pro-Arg-Type Thrombin Inhibitor
Authors	:	Lange, U.E.; Bauke, D.; Hornberger, W.; Mack, H.; Seitz, W.; Hoeffken, H.W.
Deposited on	:	2003-02-19
Resolution	:	2.18 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

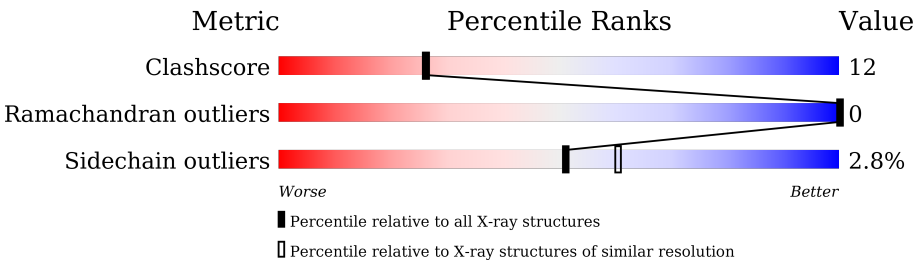
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.7.1 (RC1), CSD as537be (2016)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	NOT EXECUTED
EDS	:	NOT EXECUTED
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20027457

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.18 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	102246	5965 (2.20-2.16)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	5863 (2.20-2.16)
Sidechain outliers	100360	5864 (2.20-2.16)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	L	36	47% 28% • 22%
2	H	259	73% 22% • •
3	D	11	73% 27%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2535 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Thrombin light chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	L	28	227	143	37	46	1	0	0	0

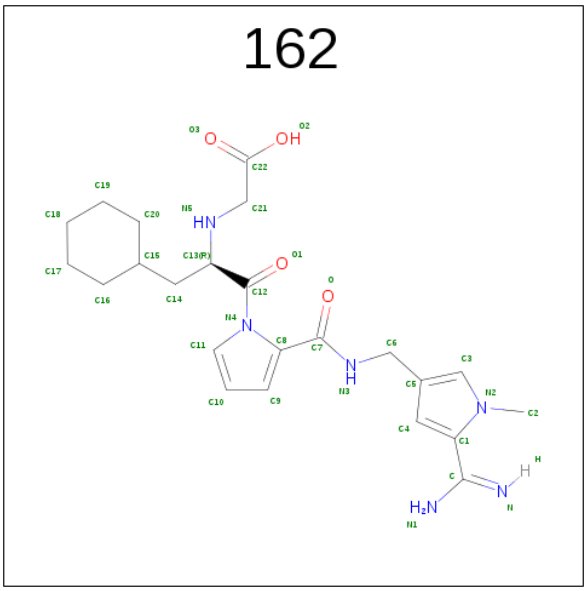
- Molecule 2 is a protein called Thrombin heavy chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	H	250	2025	1292	358	361	14	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Decapeptide Hirudin Analogue.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
3	D	11	106	68	11	26	1	0	0	0

- Molecule 4 is (2-{2-[(5-CARBAMIMIDOYL-1-METHYL-1H-PYRROL-3-YLMETHYL)-CARBAMOYL]-PYRROL-1-YL} -1-CYCLOHEXYLMETHYL-2-OXO-ETHYLAMINO)-ACETIC ACID (three-letter code: 162) (formula: $C_{23}H_{32}N_6O_4$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O		
4	H	1	33	23	6	4	0	0

- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
5	D	3	3	3	0	0
			Total	O		
5	H	130	130	130	0	0
			Total	O		
5	L	11	11	11	0	0

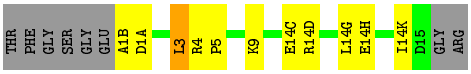
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

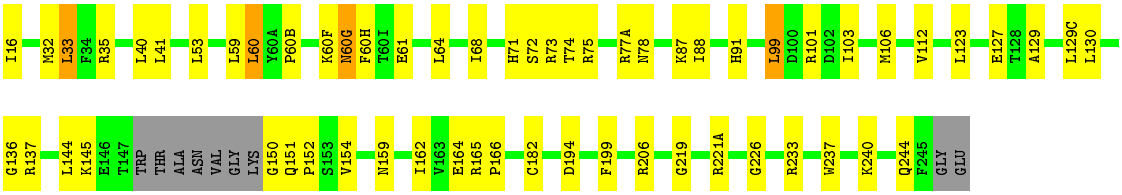
- Molecule 1: Thrombin light chain

Chain L:



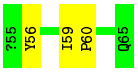
- Molecule 2: Thrombin heavy chain

Chain H:



- Molecule 3: Decapeptide Hirudin Analogue

Chain D:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section will therefore be incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	71.11Å 71.96Å 73.16Å 90.00° 100.82° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	50.00 – 2.18	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	90.0 (50.00-2.18)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.13	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.08	Depositor
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.197 , 0.242	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	2535	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	29.0	wwPDB-VP

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HYP, SMF, ALC, 162, SIN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$
1	L	0.38	0/229	0.61	0/305
2	H	0.37	0/2077	0.60	0/2806
3	D	0.42	0/63	0.61	0/80
All	All	0.37	0/2369	0.60	0/3191

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	L	227	0	227	9	0
2	H	2025	0	2001	50	0
3	D	106	0	86	2	0
4	H	33	0	30	0	0
5	D	3	0	0	0	0
5	H	130	0	0	2	0
5	L	11	0	0	2	0
All	All	2535	0	2344	58	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

The worst 5 of 58 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:L:14(K):ILE:HD12	1:L:14(K):ILE:O	1.87	0.74
2:H:71:HIS:NE2	2:H:154:VAL:HG21	2.05	0.71
2:H:60:LEU:HD22	2:H:60(B):PRO:HD3	1.74	0.70
2:H:233:ARG:HD2	5:H:309:HOH:O	1.95	0.65
2:H:237:TRP:HA	2:H:240:LYS:HE3	1.79	0.64

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	L	26/36 (72%)	24 (92%)	2 (8%)	0	100	100
2	H	246/259 (95%)	233 (95%)	13 (5%)	0	100	100
3	D	5/11 (46%)	4 (80%)	1 (20%)	0	100	100
All	All	277/306 (90%)	261 (94%)	16 (6%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	L	25/31 (81%)	24 (96%)	1 (4%)	38	44

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	H	219/225 (97%)	213 (97%)	6 (3%)	52	62
3	D	7/7 (100%)	7 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	251/263 (95%)	244 (97%)	7 (3%)	51	60

5 of 7 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	H	60(G)	ASN
2	H	129(C)	LEU
2	H	99	LEU
2	H	33	LEU
2	H	123	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	H	60(G)	ASN
2	H	78	ASN
2	H	151	GLN
2	H	159	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

3 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
3	HYP	D	60	3	6,8,9	0.54	0	5,10,12	1.07	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
3	SMF	D	63	3	13,16,17	1.26	1 (7%)	18,22,24	2.02	5 (27%)
3	ALC	D	64	3	9,11,12	0.81	0	11,13,15	1.20	2 (18%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	HYP	D	60	3	-	0/0/11/13	0/1/1/1
3	SMF	D	63	3	-	0/9/11/13	0/1/1/1
3	ALC	D	64	3	-	0/4/14/16	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	D	63	SMF	O2-S	2.59	1.52	1.45

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
3	D	63	SMF	O3-S-O2	-3.98	102.45	111.26
3	D	63	SMF	O2-S-O1	-3.66	103.61	113.96
3	D	63	SMF	CG-CB-CA	-2.19	109.08	114.12
3	D	64	ALC	O-C-CA	-2.18	119.86	125.72
3	D	64	ALC	CG-CB-CA	2.41	120.80	114.25

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	D	60	HYP	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
4	162	H	248	-	26,35,35	2.80	5 (19%)	28,48,48	2.10	4 (14%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	162	H	248	-	-	0/15/38/38	0/3/3/3

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	H	248	162	C10-C9	-2.56	1.31	1.39
4	H	248	162	C3-N2	-2.11	1.35	1.38
4	H	248	162	C11-C10	5.84	1.51	1.38
4	H	248	162	C9-C8	6.67	1.51	1.40
4	H	248	162	C11-N4	9.78	1.49	1.38

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
4	H	248	162	C9-C8-C7	-7.07	110.86	129.31
4	H	248	162	C11-C10-C9	2.43	110.15	106.93
4	H	248	162	C3-C5-C4	2.57	107.78	104.43
4	H	248	162	C10-C9-C8	5.96	110.33	106.83

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section will therefore be empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section will therefore be empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section will therefore be empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section will therefore be empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section will therefore be empty.