



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 1, 2016 – 11:17 AM GMT

PDB ID : 3OLF  
Title : Crystal structure of human FXR in complex with 4-({(2S)-2-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-5,6-difluoro-1H-benzimidazol-1-yl]-2-cyclohexylacetyl}amino)-3-methylbenzoic acid  
Authors : Rudolph, M.G.  
Deposited on : 2010-08-26  
Resolution : 1.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.  
We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)  
A user guide is available at  
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>  
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

---

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692  
EDS : rb-20026688  
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)  
Refmac : 5.8.0135  
CCP4 : 6.5.0  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk26865

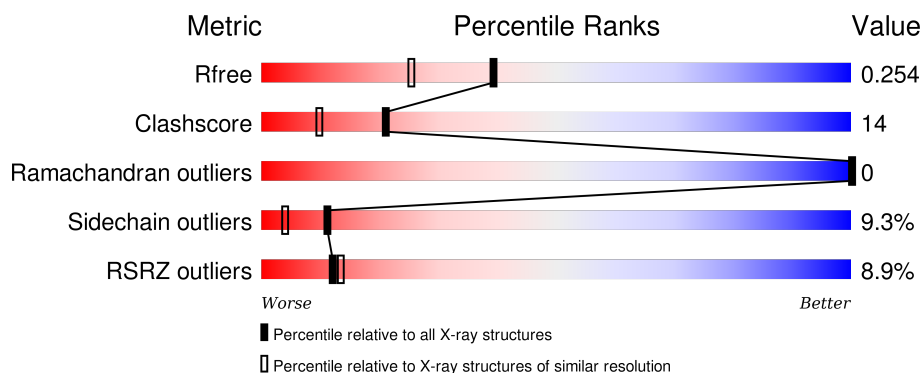
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	91344	4755 (1.90-1.90)
Clashscore	102246	5398 (1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	5338 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	100360	5339 (1.90-1.90)
RSRZ outliers	91569	4766 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	233	<div> <div>9%</div> <div>71%</div> <div>25%</div> <div>• •</div> </div>
1	C	233	<div> <div>9%</div> <div>68%</div> <div>29%</div> <div>• •</div> </div>
2	B	14	<div> <div>64%</div> <div>14%</div> <div>21%</div> </div>
2	D	14	<div> <div>7%</div> <div>57%</div> <div>21%</div> <div>21%</div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4233 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Bile acid receptor.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	230	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			1885	1206	319	349	11			
1	C	230	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1881	1203	317	349	12			

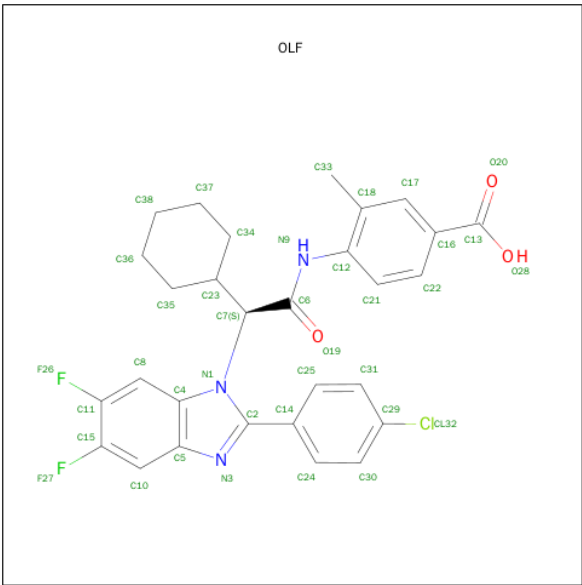
There are 12 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	244	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q96RI1
A	245	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q96RI1
A	246	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q96RI1
A	247	MET	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q96RI1
A	281	ALA	GLU	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP Q96RI1
A	354	ALA	GLU	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP Q96RI1
C	244	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q96RI1
C	245	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q96RI1
C	246	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q96RI1
C	247	MET	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q96RI1
C	281	ALA	GLU	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP Q96RI1
C	354	ALA	GLU	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP Q96RI1

- Molecule 2 is a protein called peptide of Nuclear receptor coactivator 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	11	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			99	64	18	17			
2	D	11	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			99	64	18	17			

- Molecule 3 is 4-((2S)-2-[2-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-5,6-DIFLUORO-1H-BENZIMIDAZO L-1-YL]-2-CYCLOHEXYLACETYL)AMINO)-3-METHYLBENZOIC ACID (three-letter code: OLF) (formula: C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>26</sub>ClF<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	Cl	F	N	O	0	0
			38	29	1	2	3	3		
3	C	1	Total	C	Cl	F	N	O	0	0
			38	29	1	2	3	3		

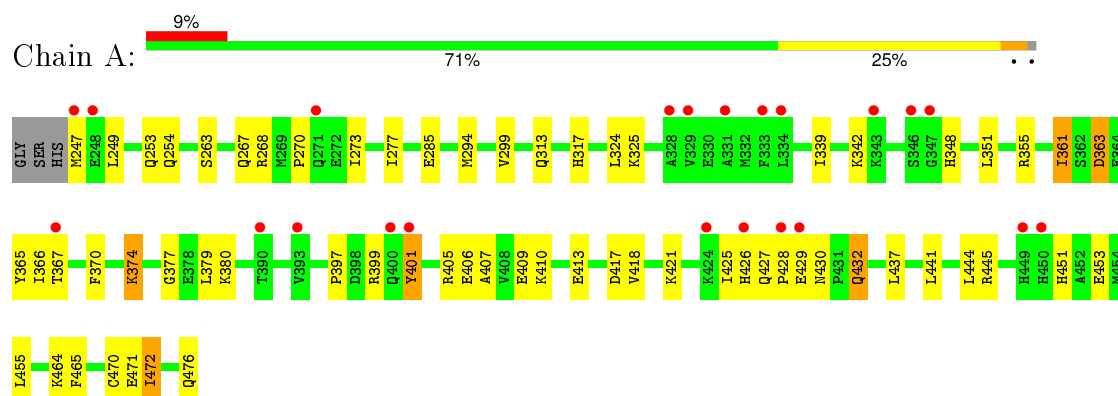
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	110	Total	O	0	0
			110	110		
4	B	8	Total	O	0	0
			8	8		
4	C	73	Total	O	0	0
			73	73		
4	D	2	Total	O	0	0
			2	2		

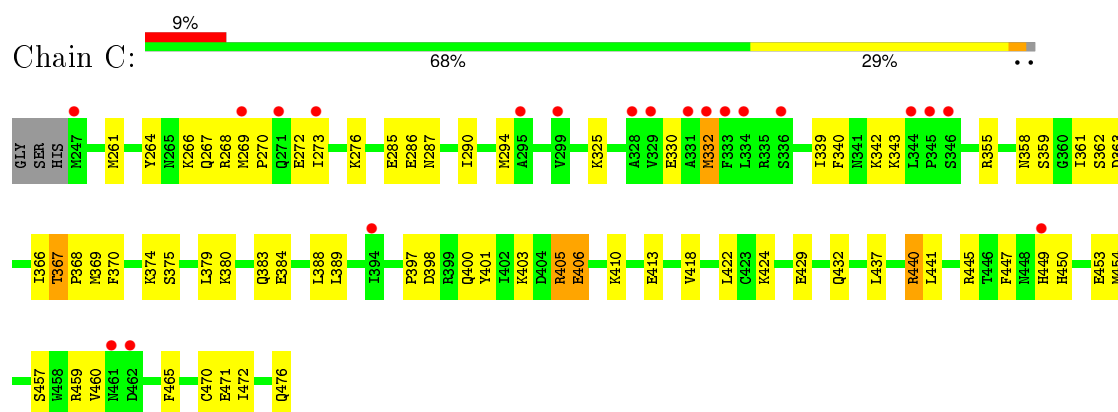
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

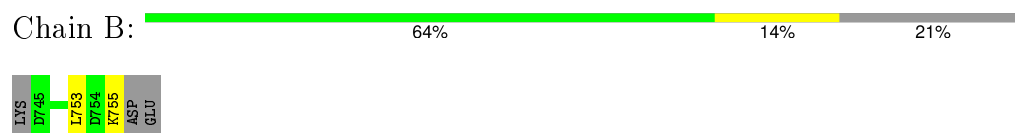
#### • Molecule 1: Bile acid receptor



#### • Molecule 1: Bile acid receptor



#### • Molecule 2: peptide of Nuclear receptor coactivator 1



#### • Molecule 2: peptide of Nuclear receptor coactivator 1





## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	72.28 Å 84.86 Å 191.56 Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	28.44 – 1.90 28.44 – 1.90	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	89.1 (28.44-1.90) 89.1 (28.44-1.90)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.06	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.06	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	1.29 (at 1.91 Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	BUSTER 2.9.5	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.205 , 0.238 0.216 , 0.254	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2091 reflections (5.28%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	35.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.294	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.34 , 49.7	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.48$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Outliers	1 of 41691 reflections (0.002%)	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	4233	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	45.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.09% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: OLF

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.43	0/1929	0.56	0/2607
1	C	0.40	0/1921	0.55	0/2595
2	B	0.36	0/100	0.54	0/133
2	D	0.33	0/100	0.54	0/133
All	All	0.41	0/4050	0.55	0/5468

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1885	0	1883	39	0
1	C	1881	0	1883	73	0
2	B	99	0	101	1	0
2	D	99	0	101	3	0
3	A	38	0	25	3	0
3	C	38	0	25	8	0
4	A	110	0	0	4	0
4	B	8	0	0	0	0
4	C	73	0	0	4	0

*Continued on next page...*



*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	D	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	4233	0	4018	115	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 14.

All (115) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:389:LEU:HD11	1:C:441:LEU:HD11	1.38	1.06
1:A:361:ILE:HD11	1:A:365:TYR:HB2	1.47	0.96
1:C:379:LEU:HD11	1:C:440:ARG:HE	1.35	0.90
1:C:400:GLN:HG3	1:C:401:TYR:HD1	1.36	0.88
1:C:379:LEU:HD13	1:C:437:LEU:HD23	1.62	0.82
1:A:363:ASP:HA	1:A:366:ILE:HD12	1.62	0.80
1:C:465:PHE:H	1:C:476:GLN:NE2	1.85	0.75
1:A:351:LEU:HD11	1:A:355:ARG:NH1	2.03	0.74
1:C:375:SER:OG	1:C:440:ARG:NH2	2.22	0.72
1:C:276:LYS:HE2	1:C:290:ILE:HD13	1.71	0.72
1:C:379:LEU:HD13	1:C:437:LEU:CD2	2.20	0.70
1:C:273:ILE:HD11	3:C:2:OLF:H8	1.75	0.69
1:C:465:PHE:H	1:C:476:GLN:HE21	1.40	0.67
1:A:273:ILE:HG12	1:A:294:MET:HE1	1.77	0.66
1:C:330:GLU:OE2	1:C:445:ARG:HD2	1.96	0.66
1:C:379:LEU:HD11	1:C:440:ARG:NE	2.08	0.66
1:A:267:GLN:HG2	4:A:9:HOH:O	1.94	0.66
1:C:400:GLN:HG3	1:C:401:TYR:CD1	2.27	0.65
1:C:270:PRO:HG2	1:C:342:LYS:HZ3	1.61	0.65
1:C:379:LEU:HG	1:C:440:ARG:HH11	1.63	0.65
1:A:361:ILE:HD11	1:A:365:TYR:CB	2.25	0.64
1:A:324:LEU:HD12	2:B:753:LEU:HD11	1.78	0.64
1:C:449:HIS:HD2	1:C:450:HIS:CE1	2.15	0.64
1:C:325:LYS:HD2	2:D:746:HIS:CE1	2.34	0.63
1:C:270:PRO:HG2	1:C:342:LYS:NZ	2.14	0.62
1:C:459:ARG:O	1:C:460:VAL:HG23	1.99	0.62
1:C:375:SER:CB	1:C:440:ARG:HH22	2.12	0.62
1:C:363:ASP:HB2	4:C:171:HOH:O	1.97	0.62
1:A:406:GLU:O	1:A:410:LYS:HG3	1.98	0.62
1:C:270:PRO:CG	1:C:342:LYS:NZ	2.63	0.62
1:C:264:TYR:O	1:C:267:GLN:HG3	2.00	0.61
1:A:407:ALA:HA	1:A:410:LYS:HE2	1.82	0.61

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:332:MET:CE	3:C:2:OLF:H31	2.31	0.60
1:A:377:GLY:O	1:A:380:LYS:HD2	2.00	0.60
1:C:375:SER:O	1:C:440:ARG:NH1	2.35	0.60
1:C:270:PRO:CG	1:C:342:LYS:HZ2	2.14	0.60
1:C:361:ILE:HG23	1:C:366:ILE:HG12	1.84	0.59
1:C:424:LYS:NZ	4:C:150:HOH:O	2.36	0.59
1:C:400:GLN:O	1:C:401:TYR:HB2	2.03	0.59
1:A:397:PRO:O	1:A:405:ARG:HG2	2.02	0.58
1:C:273:ILE:HB	1:C:294:MET:HE1	1.85	0.57
1:C:339:ILE:HD12	3:C:2:OLF:H22	1.87	0.57
1:C:367:THR:HB	1:C:368:PRO:HD3	1.87	0.57
1:C:471:GLU:CD	2:D:746:HIS:HA	2.24	0.56
1:C:453:GLU:O	1:C:457:SER:HB3	2.06	0.56
1:C:339:ILE:CD1	3:C:2:OLF:H22	2.36	0.56
1:C:406:GLU:HG2	1:C:410:LYS:NZ	2.22	0.54
1:C:388:LEU:HD11	1:C:418:VAL:HG12	1.90	0.54
1:A:425:ILE:O	1:A:428:PRO:HD3	2.07	0.54
1:A:465:PHE:H	1:A:476:GLN:HE21	1.56	0.54
1:A:285:GLU:HB2	4:A:188:HOH:O	2.07	0.54
1:C:465:PHE:HD2	1:C:476:GLN:HG3	1.74	0.53
1:C:367:THR:HB	1:C:368:PRO:CD	2.39	0.53
1:A:363:ASP:OD1	1:A:363:ASP:N	2.35	0.52
1:A:379:LEU:HD13	1:A:437:LEU:HD23	1.92	0.52
1:A:401:TYR:N	1:A:401:TYR:CD1	2.78	0.51
1:C:276:LYS:HE2	1:C:290:ILE:CD1	2.39	0.51
1:C:449:HIS:CD2	1:C:450:HIS:CE1	2.98	0.51
1:C:273:ILE:CD1	3:C:2:OLF:H8	2.39	0.51
1:A:351:LEU:HD11	1:A:355:ARG:HH12	1.77	0.50
1:A:370:PHE:O	1:A:374:LYS:HD3	2.12	0.50
1:C:375:SER:HB2	1:C:440:ARG:HH22	1.77	0.50
1:C:403:LYS:HE2	4:C:51:HOH:O	2.11	0.50
1:C:273:ILE:HD12	1:C:294:MET:HE2	1.94	0.49
1:A:325:LYS:HE3	1:A:471:GLU:O	2.13	0.49
1:A:342:LYS:HG2	4:A:167:HOH:O	2.13	0.49
1:A:273:ILE:HG12	1:A:294:MET:CE	2.43	0.48
1:A:465:PHE:H	1:A:476:GLN:NE2	2.10	0.48
1:C:340:PHE:CE2	1:C:370:PHE:CE1	3.01	0.48
1:C:340:PHE:CE2	1:C:370:PHE:HE1	2.31	0.48
1:C:379:LEU:CD1	1:C:437:LEU:HD23	2.40	0.48
1:C:270:PRO:HG3	1:C:342:LYS:HZ2	1.79	0.48
1:C:366:ILE:HD13	1:C:369:MET:HE2	1.95	0.48

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:247:MET:O	1:A:421:LYS:HD3	2.14	0.48
1:C:269:MET:O	1:C:272:GLU:HB2	2.13	0.47
1:C:472:ILE:HG13	2:D:749:LEU:HD11	1.97	0.47
1:C:388:LEU:HD12	1:C:422:LEU:HD12	1.97	0.47
1:A:351:LEU:HD11	1:A:355:ARG:HH11	1.79	0.46
1:C:449:HIS:HB2	4:C:26:HOH:O	2.16	0.46
1:C:379:LEU:CG	1:C:440:ARG:HH11	2.28	0.46
1:A:299:VAL:CG1	1:A:472:ILE:HD12	2.46	0.46
1:A:299:VAL:HG11	1:A:472:ILE:HD12	1.98	0.46
1:A:339:ILE:CD1	3:A:1:OLF:H22	2.46	0.46
1:C:437:LEU:O	1:C:440:ARG:HB2	2.16	0.45
1:A:426:HIS:O	1:A:427:GLN:HG2	2.17	0.45
1:C:332:MET:HE3	3:C:2:OLF:H31	1.99	0.45
1:C:369:MET:HA	1:C:447:PHE:CZ	2.52	0.45
1:A:270:PRO:HG2	1:A:342:LYS:NZ	2.32	0.45
1:A:253:GLN:HB3	1:A:418:VAL:HG22	1.98	0.45
1:C:366:ILE:HD13	1:C:369:MET:CE	2.47	0.44
1:A:277:ILE:HG12	4:A:178:HOH:O	2.18	0.44
3:A:1:OLF:H35	3:A:1:OLF:O19	2.17	0.44
1:A:441:LEU:O	1:A:445:ARG:HG3	2.17	0.44
1:C:340:PHE:HE2	1:C:370:PHE:HE1	1.66	0.44
1:C:406:GLU:HG2	1:C:410:LYS:HZ2	1.82	0.44
1:A:430:ASN:C	1:A:432:GLN:H	2.20	0.43
1:A:470:CYS:SG	1:A:476:GLN:HB2	2.58	0.43
3:A:1:OLF:O19	3:A:1:OLF:C35	2.67	0.43
3:C:2:OLF:O19	3:C:2:OLF:C35	2.67	0.43
1:C:397:PRO:O	1:C:405:ARG:HG2	2.19	0.43
1:C:287:ASN:HD22	1:C:359:SER:HA	1.83	0.43
1:C:332:MET:HE1	3:C:2:OLF:H31	1.99	0.42
1:A:405:ARG:O	1:A:409:GLU:HG3	2.19	0.42
1:C:261:MET:SD	1:C:384:GLU:HA	2.60	0.42
1:A:409:GLU:O	1:A:413:GLU:HG3	2.19	0.42
1:C:375:SER:CB	1:C:440:ARG:NH2	2.78	0.42
1:A:270:PRO:HG3	1:A:342:LYS:HE3	2.01	0.41
1:C:270:PRO:HG3	1:C:342:LYS:NZ	2.34	0.41
1:C:370:PHE:O	1:C:374:LYS:HG3	2.21	0.41
1:C:286:GLU:O	1:C:290:ILE:HG13	2.20	0.41
1:C:340:PHE:HE2	1:C:370:PHE:CE1	2.39	0.41
1:C:470:CYS:SG	1:C:476:GLN:HB2	2.60	0.41
1:C:264:TYR:CZ	1:C:267:GLN:NE2	2.89	0.40
1:C:437:LEU:HA	1:C:437:LEU:HD23	1.88	0.40

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:451[B]:HIS:NE2	1:A:455:LEU:HD11	2.36	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	229/233 (98%)	225 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
1	C	228/233 (98%)	219 (96%)	9 (4%)	0	100	100
2	B	9/14 (64%)	9 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	D	9/14 (64%)	9 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	475/494 (96%)	462 (97%)	13 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	211/213 (99%)	191 (90%)	20 (10%)	11	4
1	C	211/213 (99%)	192 (91%)	19 (9%)	12	4
2	B	11/14 (79%)	10 (91%)	1 (9%)	12	4
2	D	11/14 (79%)	10 (91%)	1 (9%)	12	4

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	444/454 (98%)	403 (91%)	41 (9%)	11 4

All (41) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	249	LEU
1	A	254	GLN
1	A	263	SER
1	A	268	ARG
1	A	313	GLN
1	A	317	HIS
1	A	348	HIS
1	A	361	ILE
1	A	363	ASP
1	A	367	THR
1	A	374	LYS
1	A	399	ARG
1	A	401	TYR
1	A	417	ASP
1	A	429	GLU
1	A	432	GLN
1	A	444	LEU
1	A	453	GLU
1	A	464	LYS
1	A	472	ILE
2	B	755	LYS
1	C	266	LYS
1	C	268	ARG
1	C	285	GLU
1	C	332	MET
1	C	343	LYS
1	C	355	ARG
1	C	358	ASN
1	C	362	SER
1	C	367	THR
1	C	380	LYS
1	C	383	GLN
1	C	398	ASP
1	C	405	ARG
1	C	406	GLU
1	C	413	GLU
1	C	429	GLU

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	432	GLN
1	C	440	ARG
1	C	454	MET
2	D	750	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (12) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	267	GLN
1	A	313	GLN
1	A	426	HIS
1	A	427	GLN
1	A	476	GLN
1	C	254	GLN
1	C	271	GLN
1	C	433	HIS
1	C	449	HIS
1	C	463	HIS
1	C	476	GLN
2	D	746	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and

the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
3	OLF	A	1	-	37,42,42	0.96	2 (5%)	49,61,61	1.37	4 (8%)
3	OLF	C	2	-	37,42,42	0.86	2 (5%)	49,61,61	1.30	4 (8%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	OLF	A	1	-	-	0/16/32/32	0/5/5/5
3	OLF	C	2	-	-	0/16/32/32	0/5/5/5

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	C	2	OLF	C8-C11	2.27	1.37	1.35
3	A	1	OLF	C10-C15	2.65	1.38	1.35
3	C	2	OLF	C10-C15	3.08	1.38	1.35
3	A	1	OLF	C8-C11	3.08	1.38	1.35

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	C	2	OLF	C36-C35-C23	-2.26	108.44	111.92
3	A	1	OLF	C14-C2-N3	2.20	126.22	122.65
3	A	1	OLF	C2-N3-C5	2.22	108.18	103.78
3	C	2	OLF	C2-N3-C5	2.47	108.68	103.78
3	C	2	OLF	C14-C2-N3	2.86	127.29	122.65
3	A	1	OLF	C34-C23-C7	3.56	115.02	111.28
3	C	2	OLF	C35-C23-C7	4.39	115.89	111.28
3	A	1	OLF	C35-C23-C7	5.45	117.00	111.28

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 11 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	1	OLF	3	0
3	C	2	OLF	8	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	230/233 (98%)	0.51	22 (9%) 10 11	22, 39, 69, 84	0
1	C	230/233 (98%)	0.47	20 (8%) 13 14	26, 44, 69, 88	0
2	B	11/14 (78%)	-0.22	0 100 100	31, 40, 66, 75	0
2	D	11/14 (78%)	0.26	1 (9%) 11 13	36, 42, 69, 69	0
All	All	482/494 (97%)	0.47	43 (8%) 12 13	22, 42, 69, 88	0

All (43) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	247	MET	4.8
1	A	426	HIS	4.1
1	C	247	MET	3.9
1	A	248	GLU	3.6
1	A	346	SER	3.5
1	A	401	TYR	3.4
1	C	462	ASP	3.4
1	A	331	ALA	3.4
1	C	346	SER	3.3
1	C	269	MET	3.2
1	A	271	GLN	3.1
1	C	332	MET	3.1
1	C	328	ALA	3.0
1	C	329	VAL	3.0
1	A	329	VAL	2.9
1	A	429	GLU	2.9
1	A	424	LYS	2.9
1	A	449	HIS	2.9
1	C	461	ASN	2.8
1	A	393	VAL	2.8
1	C	449	HIS	2.7

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	C	334	LEU	2.5
1	C	295	ALA	2.5
1	C	331	ALA	2.5
1	C	344	LEU	2.5
1	C	271	GLN	2.5
1	C	333	PHE	2.5
1	A	428	PRO	2.4
1	A	328	ALA	2.4
1	A	400	GLN	2.3
1	A	390	THR	2.3
1	C	273	ILE	2.3
1	C	394	ILE	2.3
1	A	367	THR	2.3
1	A	450	HIS	2.2
1	A	334	LEU	2.2
1	C	336	SER	2.2
1	A	343	LYS	2.2
1	C	299	VAL	2.1
1	A	333	PHE	2.1
1	A	347	GLY	2.1
2	D	756	ASP	2.1
1	C	345	PRO	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
3	OLF	C	2	38/38	0.96	0.18	0.69	28,34,39,43	0
3	OLF	A	1	38/38	0.96	0.14	0.03	23,28,34,35	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.