



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 1, 2016 – 11:26 AM GMT

PDB ID : 3P08
Title : Crystal structure of the human BTK kinase domain
Authors : Yu, C.L.; Hymowitz, S.G.
Deposited on : 2010-09-27
Resolution : 2.30 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : rb-20026688
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk26865

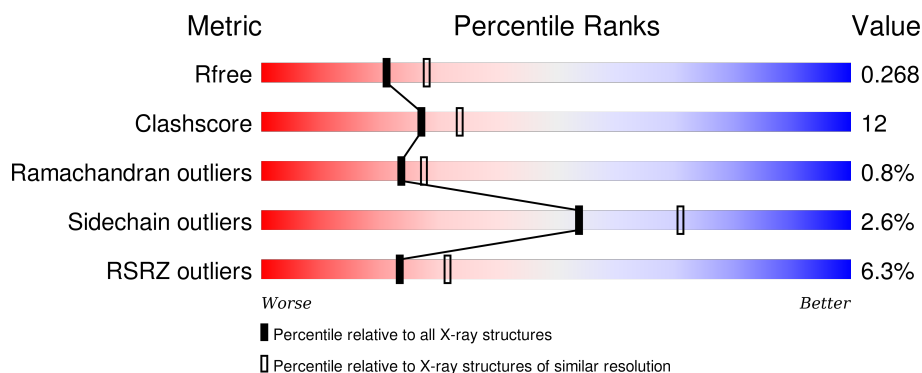
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	91344	3852 (2.30-2.30)
Clashscore	102246	4452 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	4410 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	100360	4409 (2.30-2.30)
RSRZ outliers	91569	3857 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	267	<div> <div>5%</div> <div>75%</div> <div>18%</div> <div>6%</div> </div>
1	B	267	<div> <div>7%</div> <div>77%</div> <div>18%</div> <div>6%</div> </div>

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4335 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Tyrosine-protein kinase BTK.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	252	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2070	1330	342	379	19			
1	B	258	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2125	1364	350	392	19			

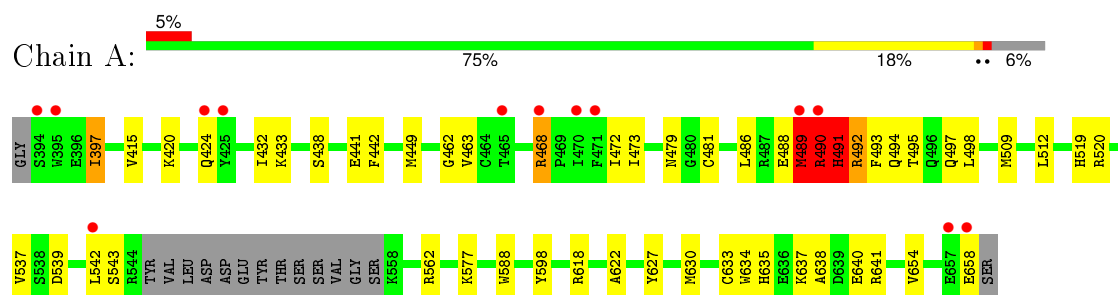
- Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	81	Total	O	0	0
			81	81		
2	B	59	Total	O	0	0
			59	59		

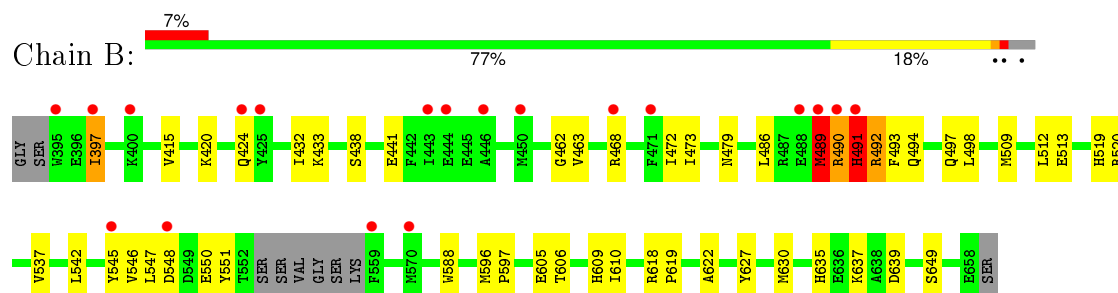
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($\text{RSRZ} > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein kinase BTK



• Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein kinase BTK



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	46.60Å 103.49Å 117.56Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	47.35 – 2.30 43.32 – 2.30	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.2 (47.35-2.30) 99.2 (43.32-2.30)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.06	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.23 (at 2.29Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.222 , 0.278 0.214 , 0.268	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2542 reflections (10.92%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	48.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.033	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.33 , 36.6	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Outliers	0 of 25821 reflections	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	4335	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	53.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.23% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	A	0.49	1/2118 (0.0%)	0.63	2/2851 (0.1%)
1	B	0.44	0/2174	0.62	2/2929 (0.1%)
All	All	0.47	1/4292 (0.0%)	0.63	4/5780 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2
1	B	0	3
All	All	0	5

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	481	CYS	CB-SG	-5.53	1.72	1.81

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	468	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	7.73	124.16	120.30
1	B	468	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-7.61	116.50	120.30
1	A	468	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.54	116.53	120.30
1	A	468	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.16	123.88	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	491	HIS	Peptide

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	492	ARG	Peptide
1	B	491	HIS	Peptide
1	B	492	ARG	Peptide
1	B	542	LEU	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2070	0	2042	64	0
1	B	2125	0	2087	46	0
2	A	81	0	0	3	0
2	B	59	0	0	4	0
All	All	4335	0	4129	100	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

All (100) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:415:VAL:CG1	1:B:415:VAL:HG11	1.82	1.08
1:A:415:VAL:HG11	1:B:415:VAL:CG1	1.85	1.06
1:B:588:TRP:HD1	1:B:630:MET:HE3	1.32	0.94
1:A:630:MET:HE2	1:A:634:TRP:HH2	1.36	0.91
1:A:630:MET:CE	1:A:634:TRP:HH2	1.85	0.89
1:A:415:VAL:HG12	1:B:415:VAL:HG11	1.57	0.86
1:A:415:VAL:HG11	1:B:415:VAL:HG11	1.41	0.86
1:A:486:LEU:O	1:A:489:MET:HG3	1.74	0.86
1:B:486:LEU:O	1:B:489:MET:HG3	1.75	0.85
1:A:630:MET:HE2	1:A:634:TRP:CH2	2.12	0.84
1:A:635:HIS:HD2	1:A:637:LYS:H	1.26	0.84
1:B:432:ILE:HG23	1:B:545:TYR:CB	2.07	0.84
1:A:630:MET:CE	1:A:634:TRP:CH2	2.61	0.83
1:A:415:VAL:HG11	1:B:415:VAL:HG12	1.61	0.81
1:A:494:GLN:H	1:A:497:GLN:HE21	1.27	0.81

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:588:TRP:CD1	1:B:630:MET:HE3	2.16	0.81
1:A:397:ILE:HD12	1:A:462:GLY:HA3	1.61	0.80
1:B:463:VAL:HG12	1:B:472:ILE:HG22	1.67	0.76
1:B:494:GLN:H	1:B:497:GLN:HE21	1.30	0.76
1:A:415:VAL:CG1	1:B:415:VAL:CG1	2.53	0.76
1:A:463:VAL:HG12	1:A:472:ILE:HG22	1.69	0.73
1:B:397:ILE:HD12	1:B:462:GLY:HA3	1.70	0.73
1:B:618:ARG:HG3	1:B:627:TYR:HB2	1.74	0.70
1:A:543:SER:HA	1:B:551:TYR:HD2	1.55	0.70
1:B:513:GLU:OE2	2:B:100:HOH:O	2.09	0.70
1:A:588:TRP:CD1	1:A:630:MET:HE1	2.26	0.70
1:A:397:ILE:HD13	1:A:473:ILE:HD11	1.75	0.68
1:B:397:ILE:HD13	1:B:473:ILE:HD11	1.75	0.68
1:A:588:TRP:HD1	1:A:630:MET:HE1	1.61	0.65
1:B:433:LYS:N	1:B:545:TYR:O	2.21	0.65
1:A:449:MET:SD	1:A:542:LEU:HG	2.37	0.64
1:A:494:GLN:H	1:A:497:GLN:NE2	1.96	0.63
1:A:486:LEU:O	1:A:489:MET:CG	2.45	0.63
1:A:543:SER:HA	1:B:551:TYR:CD2	2.34	0.63
1:A:630:MET:HE3	1:A:634:TRP:CH2	2.34	0.62
1:B:494:GLN:H	1:B:497:GLN:NE2	1.97	0.62
1:A:539:ASP:HA	1:A:543:SER:HB3	1.82	0.62
1:A:438:SER:OG	1:A:441:GLU:HB2	2.01	0.60
1:B:438:SER:OG	1:B:441:GLU:HB2	2.03	0.59
1:A:588:TRP:HB2	1:A:630:MET:HE1	1.85	0.58
1:A:588:TRP:HB2	1:A:630:MET:CE	2.34	0.58
1:B:618:ARG:HD3	1:B:622:ALA:O	2.04	0.57
1:B:486:LEU:O	1:B:489:MET:CG	2.49	0.57
1:A:635:HIS:HB3	1:A:641:ARG:HG2	1.88	0.56
1:A:654:VAL:O	1:A:658:GLU:HG2	2.06	0.55
1:A:495:THR:HG22	2:A:14:HOH:O	2.05	0.55
1:B:619:PRO:HD3	1:B:630:MET:HE1	1.89	0.55
1:A:509:MET:CE	1:A:512:LEU:HD12	2.37	0.55
1:B:509:MET:HE1	1:B:537:VAL:HG11	1.87	0.54
1:A:618:ARG:HD3	1:A:622:ALA:O	2.08	0.54
1:A:635:HIS:O	1:A:641:ARG:HD3	2.08	0.54
1:B:610:ILE:HD13	2:B:22:HOH:O	2.06	0.53
1:A:489:MET:C	1:A:491:HIS:N	2.61	0.53
1:A:633:CYS:O	1:A:641:ARG:HD2	2.07	0.53
1:A:509:MET:HE1	1:A:537:VAL:HG11	1.90	0.53
1:A:433:LYS:HG2	1:B:550:GLU:HB2	1.89	0.53

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:606:THR:HG22	1:B:610:ILE:HD12	1.91	0.52
1:B:489:MET:C	1:B:491:HIS:N	2.63	0.50
1:B:605:GLU:O	1:B:609:HIS:HD2	1.93	0.50
1:A:543:SER:CA	1:B:551:TYR:HD2	2.22	0.50
1:B:509:MET:HE3	1:B:537:VAL:HG21	1.93	0.49
1:A:442:PHE:CD1	1:A:542:LEU:HD22	2.48	0.48
1:A:495:THR:HG21	2:A:31:HOH:O	2.13	0.48
1:A:494:GLN:O	1:A:498:LEU:HD12	2.14	0.48
1:A:539:ASP:HA	1:A:543:SER:CB	2.44	0.48
1:A:468:ARG:HD3	2:A:139:HOH:O	2.14	0.47
1:A:509:MET:HE3	1:A:537:VAL:HG21	1.95	0.47
1:B:635:HIS:HD2	1:B:637:LYS:H	1.62	0.47
1:B:420:LYS:HE3	1:B:424:GLN:HA	1.97	0.47
1:A:618:ARG:HG3	1:A:627:TYR:CG	2.51	0.46
1:A:562:ARG:NH1	1:A:598:TYR:O	2.48	0.46
1:B:546:VAL:HG11	2:B:66:HOH:O	2.15	0.46
1:B:397:ILE:HD13	1:B:473:ILE:CD1	2.44	0.46
1:B:519:HIS:O	1:B:520:ARG:HB2	2.16	0.46
1:A:489:MET:C	1:A:491:HIS:H	2.20	0.45
1:A:397:ILE:HD13	1:A:473:ILE:CD1	2.44	0.45
1:A:588:TRP:CB	1:A:630:MET:HE1	2.47	0.45
1:A:635:HIS:CE1	1:A:640:GLU:HG2	2.51	0.45
1:A:490:ARG:HG3	1:A:490:ARG:H	1.52	0.45
1:B:547:LEU:HB3	1:B:548:ASP:H	1.66	0.44
1:A:635:HIS:CG	1:A:640:GLU:HB3	2.52	0.44
1:B:494:GLN:O	1:B:498:LEU:HD12	2.17	0.44
1:A:519:HIS:O	1:A:520:ARG:HB2	2.18	0.44
1:A:442:PHE:CE1	1:A:542:LEU:HD22	2.52	0.44
1:A:479:ASN:HD22	1:A:479:ASN:HA	1.68	0.44
1:B:489:MET:HB3	1:B:493:PHE:CD2	2.53	0.43
1:A:432:ILE:HD11	1:A:472:ILE:HG23	2.01	0.43
1:A:618:ARG:HG3	1:A:627:TYR:HB2	2.00	0.43
1:B:479:ASN:HD22	1:B:479:ASN:HA	1.70	0.43
1:B:509:MET:CE	1:B:512:LEU:HD12	2.48	0.43
1:B:596:MET:HA	1:B:597:PRO:HD3	1.95	0.43
1:A:489:MET:HB3	1:A:493:PHE:CD2	2.54	0.43
1:B:605:GLU:O	1:B:609:HIS:CD2	2.71	0.43
1:A:420:LYS:HE3	1:A:424:GLN:HA	2.00	0.42
1:A:509:MET:HE2	1:A:512:LEU:HD12	2.01	0.41
1:A:577:LYS:HD2	1:A:638:ALA:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:488:GLU:C	1:A:490:ARG:H	2.24	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:630:MET:HE3	1:A:634:TRP:CZ2	2.55	0.41
1:B:489:MET:HE3	2:B:75:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
1:B:489:MET:C	1:B:491:HIS:H	2.23	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	248/267 (93%)	236 (95%)	10 (4%)	2 (1%)	24	27
1	B	254/267 (95%)	240 (94%)	12 (5%)	2 (1%)	24	27
All	All	502/534 (94%)	476 (95%)	22 (4%)	4 (1%)	24	27

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	489	MET
1	B	489	MET
1	B	490	ARG
1	A	490	ARG

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	227/241 (94%)	222 (98%)	5 (2%)	60	77
1	B	233/241 (97%)	226 (97%)	7 (3%)	48	65
All	All	460/482 (95%)	448 (97%)	12 (3%)	54	71

All (12) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	397	ILE
1	A	489	MET
1	A	490	ARG
1	A	491	HIS
1	A	492	ARG
1	B	397	ILE
1	B	489	MET
1	B	490	ARG
1	B	491	HIS
1	B	492	ARG
1	B	639	ASP
1	B	649	SER

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (16) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	412	GLN
1	A	467	GLN
1	A	479	ASN
1	A	496	GLN
1	A	497	GLN
1	A	532	GLN
1	A	609	HIS
1	A	635	HIS
1	A	650	ASN
1	B	412	GLN
1	B	479	ASN
1	B	496	GLN
1	B	497	GLN
1	B	532	GLN
1	B	609	HIS
1	B	635	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	252/267 (94%)	0.17	13 (5%) 31 39	26, 45, 79, 98	0
1	B	258/267 (96%)	0.23	19 (7%) 17 25	29, 54, 82, 115	0
All	All	510/534 (95%)	0.20	32 (6%) 23 31	26, 51, 82, 115	0

All (32) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	489	MET	6.9
1	B	424	GLN	4.8
1	B	395	TRP	4.7
1	B	559	PHE	4.6
1	B	548	ASP	4.6
1	B	491	HIS	4.3
1	A	542	LEU	4.3
1	A	468	ARG	4.2
1	A	489	MET	4.0
1	B	490	ARG	3.8
1	A	395	TRP	3.8
1	B	468	ARG	3.7
1	A	425	TYR	3.5
1	B	397	ILE	3.1
1	A	490	ARG	3.0
1	A	470	ILE	3.0
1	A	424	GLN	2.6
1	A	658	GLU	2.6
1	B	545	TYR	2.5
1	A	471	PHE	2.5
1	B	471	PHE	2.4
1	A	394	SER	2.3
1	A	465	THR	2.3
1	B	400	LYS	2.3

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	450	MET	2.2
1	A	657	GLU	2.1
1	B	443	ILE	2.1
1	B	488	GLU	2.1
1	B	425	TYR	2.1
1	B	446	ALA	2.1
1	B	444	GLU	2.0
1	B	570	MET	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.