



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 9, 2016 – 01:26 PM EDT

PDB ID : 4S0P
Title : Crystal Structure of the Autoinhibited Dimer of Pro-apoptotic BAX (II)
Authors : Priyadarshi, A.; Gavathiotis, E.
Deposited on : 2015-01-04
Resolution : 3.25 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : unknown
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : rb-20027939
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027939

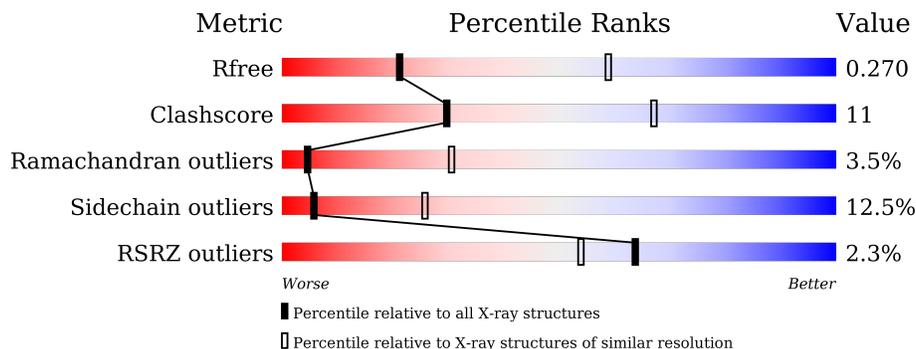
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.25 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	91344	1624 (3.32-3.20)
Clashscore	102246	1806 (3.32-3.20)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	1773 (3.32-3.20)
Sidechain outliers	100360	1771 (3.32-3.20)
RSRZ outliers	91569	1632 (3.32-3.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	192	 2% 59% 29% 9%
1	B	192	 2% 64% 20% 7% 9%

2 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 2756 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Apoptosis regulator BAX.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	174	1378	888	230	252	8	0	0	0
1	B	174	1378	888	230	252	8	0	0	0

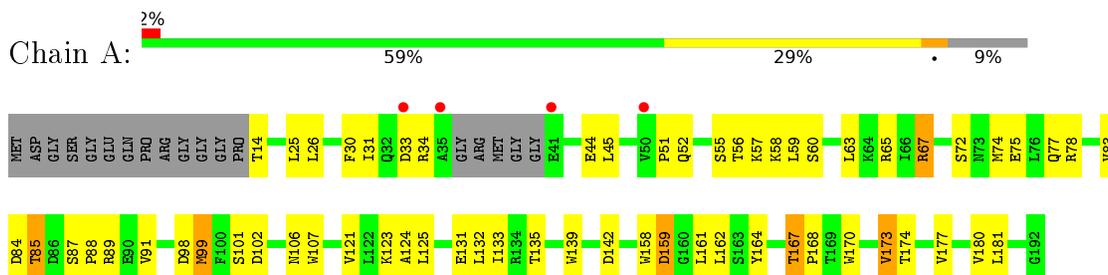
There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	67	ARG	GLY	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP Q07812
B	67	ARG	GLY	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP Q07812

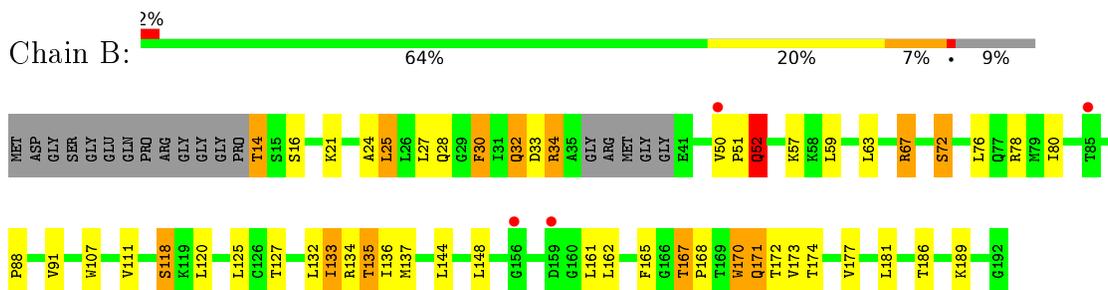
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Apoptosis regulator BAX



- Molecule 1: Apoptosis regulator BAX



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	40.59Å 65.01Å 65.59Å 90.00° 89.87° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	46.17 – 3.25 46.17 – 3.25	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	88.8 (46.17-3.25) 88.9 (46.17-3.25)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	22.11 (at 3.25Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: dev_1839)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.211 , 0.270 0.201 , 0.270	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	256 reflections (5.27%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	66.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.251	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.33 , 3.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.026 for -h,l,k 0.035 for -h,-l,-k 0.427 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	2756	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	45.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 9.93% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.53	0/1406	0.64	0/1903
1	B	0.53	0/1406	0.64	0/1903
All	All	0.53	0/2812	0.64	0/3806

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1378	0	1390	30	0
1	B	1378	0	1390	33	0
All	All	2756	0	2780	62	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

All (62) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:34:ARG:HG3	1:A:67:ARG:HH22	1.30	0.93
1:A:89:ARG:HH11	1:B:78:ARG:HH22	1.15	0.92

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:52:GLN:HG2	1:B:57:LYS:HG3	1.68	0.75
1:A:85:THR:HG23	1:A:123:LYS:HG2	1.73	0.70
1:B:63:LEU:HD11	1:B:161:LEU:HD21	1.78	0.66
1:B:34:ARG:HH21	1:B:67:ARG:HH12	1.43	0.65
1:A:84:ASP:OD2	1:A:87:SER:HB2	1.97	0.65
1:A:34:ARG:HG3	1:A:67:ARG:NH2	2.09	0.64
1:B:111:VAL:HG21	1:B:165:PHE:CZ	2.33	0.63
1:A:56:THR:HA	1:A:59:LEU:HD12	1.82	0.62
1:B:30:PHE:HB3	1:B:118:SER:OG	2.01	0.60
1:A:25:LEU:HD11	1:A:52:GLN:HG2	1.88	0.56
1:B:132:LEU:O	1:B:135:THR:N	2.40	0.55
1:A:88:PRO:HA	1:A:91:VAL:HG12	1.89	0.55
1:A:107:TRP:HB2	1:A:164:TYR:CD1	2.43	0.54
1:B:25:LEU:HD12	1:B:50:VAL:HB	1.91	0.53
1:A:44:GLU:HG2	1:A:45:LEU:HG	1.91	0.53
1:B:88:PRO:HA	1:B:91:VAL:HG12	1.89	0.53
1:A:55:SER:OG	1:A:56:THR:N	2.43	0.52
1:B:170:TRP:O	1:B:172:THR:N	2.43	0.52
1:B:34:ARG:HD3	1:B:67:ARG:HH22	1.75	0.52
1:B:111:VAL:HG21	1:B:165:PHE:HZ	1.75	0.51
1:B:30:PHE:HE1	1:B:67:ARG:HB3	1.75	0.51
1:A:132:LEU:HA	1:A:135:THR:OG1	2.12	0.50
1:B:76:LEU:HG	1:B:80:ILE:HD11	1.93	0.50
1:B:144:LEU:HA	1:B:148:LEU:HD12	1.94	0.49
1:B:132:LEU:HB3	1:B:136:ILE:HD12	1.94	0.49
1:B:76:LEU:HD21	1:B:181:LEU:HD23	1.96	0.48
1:B:173:VAL:O	1:B:177:VAL:HG23	2.14	0.47
1:A:158:TRP:O	1:A:161:LEU:N	2.39	0.47
1:A:98:ASP:HA	1:A:101:SER:HB3	1.96	0.47
1:B:133:ILE:O	1:B:137:MET:HG3	2.13	0.47
1:A:26:LEU:HA	1:A:26:LEU:HD23	1.76	0.47
1:B:170:TRP:C	1:B:172:THR:H	2.18	0.47
1:B:76:LEU:O	1:B:80:ILE:HG13	2.15	0.46
1:A:159:ASP:N	1:A:159:ASP:OD1	2.46	0.46
1:A:83:VAL:HG22	1:A:91:VAL:HG21	1.97	0.45
1:A:30:PHE:CE2	1:A:63:LEU:HD23	2.52	0.45
1:A:63:LEU:O	1:A:67:ARG:HB3	2.17	0.45
1:B:162:LEU:HA	1:B:162:LEU:HD12	1.81	0.44
1:B:132:LEU:HA	1:B:135:THR:OG1	2.18	0.44
1:B:167:THR:N	1:B:168:PRO:HD2	2.33	0.44
1:A:58:LYS:HB3	1:A:162:LEU:HD21	2.00	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:173:VAL:O	1:A:177:VAL:HG23	2.17	0.44
1:A:99:MET:HE3	1:A:181:LEU:HD13	2.00	0.43
1:B:134:ARG:HG3	1:B:134:ARG:H	1.68	0.43
1:A:107:TRP:CE3	1:A:161:LEU:HD12	2.53	0.43
1:B:28:GLN:O	1:B:32:GLN:HG2	2.19	0.43
1:B:107:TRP:CE3	1:B:161:LEU:HD12	2.54	0.43
1:B:72:SER:O	1:B:72:SER:OG	2.36	0.43
1:B:59:LEU:HD23	1:B:161:LEU:HD22	2.00	0.42
1:B:24:ALA:O	1:B:27:LEU:HB3	2.19	0.42
1:A:74:MET:O	1:A:77:GLN:N	2.53	0.42
1:A:88:PRO:CA	1:A:91:VAL:HG12	2.49	0.41
1:B:132:LEU:O	1:B:133:ILE:C	2.59	0.41
1:A:75:GLU:HA	1:A:78:ARG:HH21	1.85	0.41
1:B:32:GLN:HE21	1:B:32:GLN:HB2	1.75	0.41
1:A:139:TRP:O	1:A:142:ASP:HB2	2.21	0.41
1:A:14:THR:O	1:A:14:THR:HG22	2.21	0.41
1:A:121:VAL:O	1:A:124:ALA:N	2.48	0.41
1:A:85:THR:HA	1:A:123:LYS:HE3	2.02	0.40
1:B:14:THR:CG2	1:B:14:THR:O	2.69	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	170/192 (88%)	148 (87%)	16 (9%)	6 (4%)	4	30
1	B	170/192 (88%)	143 (84%)	21 (12%)	6 (4%)	4	30
All	All	340/384 (88%)	291 (86%)	37 (11%)	12 (4%)	4	30

All (12) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	171	GLN
1	A	170	TRP
1	B	52	GLN
1	A	168	PRO
1	B	21	LYS
1	B	170	TRP
1	B	133	ILE
1	A	167	THR
1	A	31	ILE
1	B	51	PRO
1	A	133	ILE
1	A	51	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	148/158 (94%)	131 (88%)	17 (12%)	7	30
1	B	148/158 (94%)	128 (86%)	20 (14%)	5	22
All	All	296/316 (94%)	259 (88%)	37 (12%)	6	26

All (37) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	33	ASP
1	A	57	LYS
1	A	60	SER
1	A	65	ARG
1	A	67	ARG
1	A	72	SER
1	A	85	THR
1	A	99	MET
1	A	102	ASP
1	A	106	ASN
1	A	125	LEU
1	A	131	GLU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	159	ASP
1	A	167	THR
1	A	173	VAL
1	A	174	THR
1	A	180	VAL
1	B	14	THR
1	B	16	SER
1	B	25	LEU
1	B	30	PHE
1	B	32	GLN
1	B	33	ASP
1	B	34	ARG
1	B	52	GLN
1	B	67	ARG
1	B	72	SER
1	B	118	SER
1	B	120	LEU
1	B	125	LEU
1	B	127	THR
1	B	135	THR
1	B	167	THR
1	B	171	GLN
1	B	174	THR
1	B	186	THR
1	B	189	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	174/192 (90%)	0.19	4 (2%) 64 54	36, 44, 57, 67	0
1	B	174/192 (90%)	0.02	4 (2%) 64 54	34, 44, 58, 62	0
All	All	348/384 (90%)	0.10	8 (2%) 64 54	34, 44, 58, 67	0

All (8) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	33	ASP	4.0
1	A	35	ALA	3.9
1	B	50	VAL	2.9
1	B	156	GLY	2.7
1	A	50	VAL	2.5
1	B	85	THR	2.3
1	B	159	ASP	2.1
1	A	41	GLU	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.