



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 26, 2016 – 05:11 PM BST

PDB ID : 1T1K
Title : NMR STRUCTURE OF HUMAN INSULIN MUTANT HIS-B10-ASP, VAL-B12-ALA, PRO-B28-LYS, LYS-B29-PRO, 15 STRUCTURES
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Deposited on : 2004-04-16

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : unknown
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027457

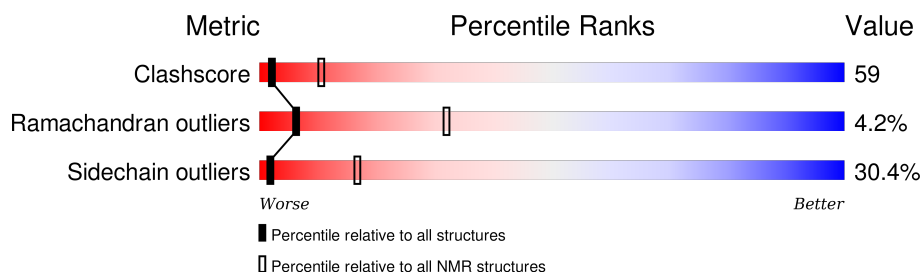
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 47%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	21	
2	B	30	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 15 models. Model 9 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:2-A:21, B:5-B:25 (41)	0.21	9

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	2, 4, 6, 8, 9, 11, 15
2	1, 3, 5, 7, 10, 12, 14
Single-model clusters	13

3 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 775 atoms, of which 374 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Insulin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	21	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			312	99	149	25	35	4	

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Insulin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
2	B	30	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			463	154	225	38	44	2	

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	10	ASP	HIS	ENGINEERED	UNP P01308
B	12	ALA	VAL	ENGINEERED	UNP P01308
B	28	LYS	PRO	ENGINEERED	UNP P01308
B	29	PRO	LYS	ENGINEERED	UNP P01308

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

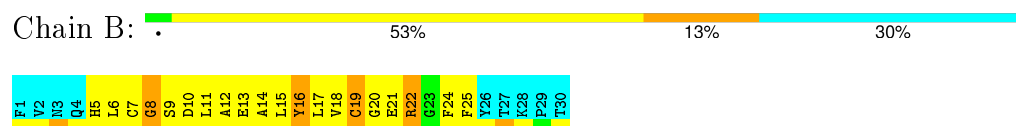
4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Insulin



- Molecule 2: Insulin

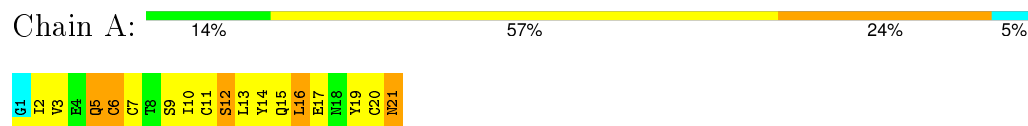


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

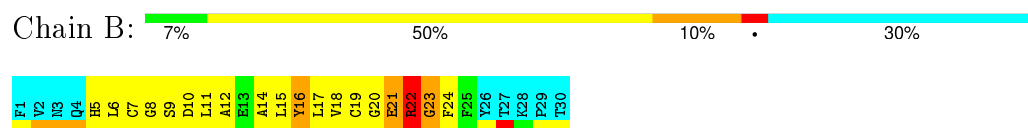
Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: Insulin

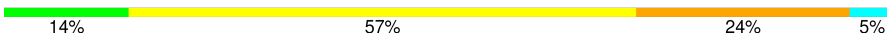


- Molecule 2: Insulin



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: Insulin

Chain A: 




- Molecule 2: Insulin

Chain B: 



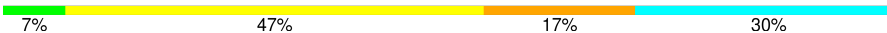
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Insulin

Chain A: 



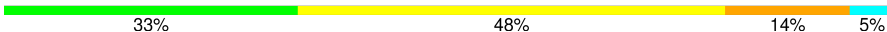
- Molecule 2: Insulin

Chain B: 



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Insulin

Chain A: 



- Molecule 2: Insulin

Chain B: 

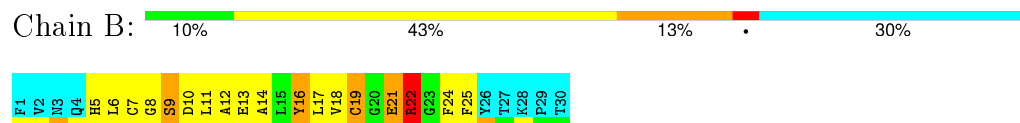


4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Insulin

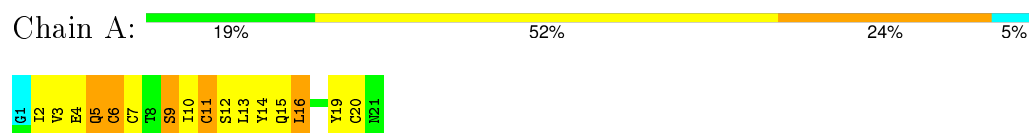


- Molecule 2: Insulin

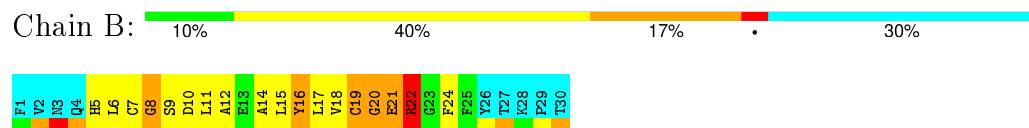


4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Insulin

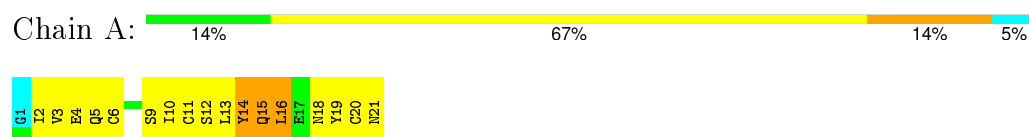


- Molecule 2: Insulin

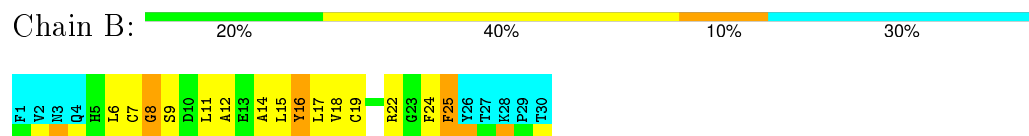


4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Insulin



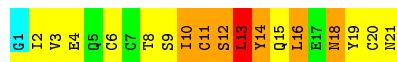
- Molecule 2: Insulin



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Insulin

Chain A: 14% 48% 29% 5% 5%



- Molecule 2: Insulin

Chain B: 10% 37% 20% • 30%



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Insulin

Chain A: 10% 57% 29% 5%



- Molecule 2: Insulin

Chain B: 17% 37% 17% 30%



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Insulin

Chain A: 19% 43% 33% 5%



- Molecule 2: Insulin

Chain B: 10% 40% 20% 30%



4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Insulin

Chain A: 




- Molecule 2: Insulin

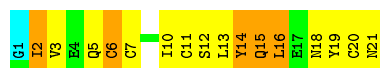
Chain B: 



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Insulin

Chain A: 



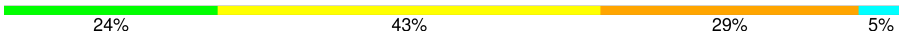
- Molecule 2: Insulin

Chain B: 



4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Insulin

Chain A: 



- Molecule 2: Insulin

Chain B: 

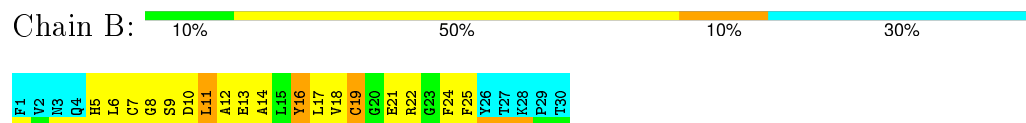


4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Insulin

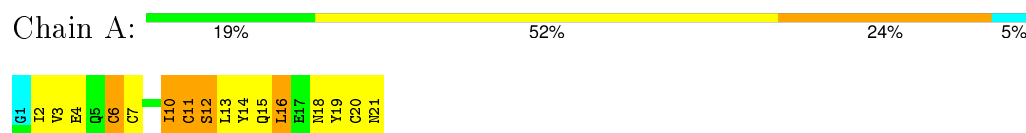


- Molecule 2: Insulin

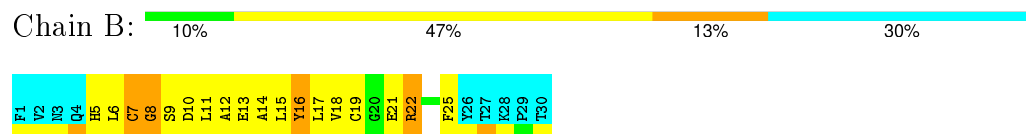


4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Insulin



- Molecule 2: Insulin



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *DISTANCE GEOMETRY AND SIMULATED ANNEALING*.

Of the 50 calculated structures, 15 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
DGII	structure solution	INSIGHTII 2000
X-PLOR	refinement	3.85

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 6204
Number of chemical shift lists	4
Total number of shifts	654
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	654
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	47%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
2	B	0.0±0.0	1.0±0.0
All	All	0	15

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
2	B	22	ARG	Sidechain	15

6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	159	144	144	17±4
2	B	160	148	148	24±5
All	All	4785	4380	4380	544

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 59.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:2:ILE:HD12	1:A:19:TYR:CE2	1.00	1.92	13	12

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
2:B:14:ALA:O	2:B:18:VAL:HG13	0.93	1.63	6	15
1:A:16:LEU:HD21	2:B:6:LEU:HD21	0.93	1.40	7	3
1:A:2:ILE:HD12	1:A:19:TYR:CD2	0.88	2.03	11	13
2:B:6:LEU:HD23	2:B:11:LEU:CD1	0.87	1.98	7	4
1:A:11:CYS:SG	2:B:6:LEU:HD12	0.81	2.16	8	5
1:A:4:GLU:O	1:A:8:THR:HG22	0.79	1.78	8	2
2:B:6:LEU:HB3	2:B:11:LEU:HD13	0.68	1.64	13	10
1:A:10:ILE:HD11	2:B:5:HIS:NE2	0.67	2.05	5	5
2:B:17:LEU:HD12	2:B:17:LEU:O	0.66	1.90	8	8
1:A:16:LEU:CD2	2:B:6:LEU:HD21	0.65	2.19	7	2
1:A:10:ILE:HD11	2:B:5:HIS:CD2	0.64	2.27	14	6
1:A:13:LEU:HD21	1:A:17:GLU:OE2	0.63	1.91	13	1
2:B:25:PHE:O	2:B:25:PHE:CD1	0.61	2.52	7	3
1:A:2:ILE:CD1	1:A:19:TYR:CD2	0.61	2.81	11	3
1:A:6:CYS:SG	2:B:6:LEU:HD12	0.61	2.36	3	5
1:A:10:ILE:HD11	2:B:5:HIS:CE1	0.60	2.31	13	2
2:B:6:LEU:HD23	2:B:11:LEU:HD12	0.60	1.72	11	2
1:A:15:GLN:O	1:A:19:TYR:CD2	0.59	2.56	2	13
2:B:6:LEU:CB	2:B:11:LEU:CD1	0.58	2.81	9	1
2:B:25:PHE:CD2	2:B:25:PHE:O	0.58	2.57	10	6
2:B:24:PHE:CD1	2:B:24:PHE:O	0.58	2.56	7	2
2:B:18:VAL:CG2	2:B:19:CYS:N	0.57	2.67	7	14
2:B:7:CYS:O	2:B:8:GLY:C	0.57	2.42	13	15
1:A:2:ILE:CD1	1:A:19:TYR:CE2	0.57	2.87	11	4
2:B:6:LEU:CB	2:B:11:LEU:HD13	0.57	2.30	14	11
2:B:8:GLY:O	2:B:11:LEU:CB	0.56	2.54	14	13
1:A:13:LEU:HA	1:A:16:LEU:HD13	0.56	1.77	4	15
2:B:12:ALA:O	2:B:16:TYR:N	0.56	2.37	7	14
2:B:20:GLY:O	2:B:22:ARG:N	0.55	2.40	11	4
1:A:8:THR:O	1:A:8:THR:HG22	0.55	1.99	2	2
1:A:10:ILE:CG1	2:B:5:HIS:NE2	0.54	2.71	12	2
2:B:8:GLY:O	2:B:11:LEU:N	0.54	2.41	4	9
1:A:10:ILE:HG12	2:B:5:HIS:CD2	0.54	2.38	10	2
1:A:2:ILE:HG23	1:A:3:VAL:N	0.54	2.16	13	5
1:A:10:ILE:HG12	2:B:5:HIS:CE1	0.53	2.38	6	3
2:B:25:PHE:CD1	2:B:25:PHE:O	0.53	2.61	15	3
2:B:15:LEU:HB3	2:B:24:PHE:CD2	0.53	2.38	3	2
1:A:5:GLN:O	1:A:9:SER:CB	0.53	2.57	10	3
2:B:24:PHE:O	2:B:24:PHE:CD1	0.52	2.62	5	2
1:A:13:LEU:HA	1:A:16:LEU:CD1	0.52	2.35	3	15
2:B:17:LEU:O	2:B:17:LEU:HD12	0.52	2.04	1	7

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
2:B:15:LEU:HA	2:B:18:VAL:HG22	0.52	1.81	6	1
1:A:21:ASN:N	1:A:21:ASN:OD1	0.52	2.43	1	1
2:B:15:LEU:CB	2:B:24:PHE:CD2	0.52	2.93	13	2
1:A:2:ILE:CD1	1:A:6:CYS:HB2	0.51	2.34	12	2
2:B:25:PHE:N	2:B:25:PHE:CD1	0.51	2.77	7	1
1:A:5:GLN:O	1:A:9:SER:N	0.51	2.43	10	3
2:B:9:SER:OG	2:B:10:ASP:N	0.51	2.43	2	3
1:A:12:SER:O	1:A:14:TYR:N	0.51	2.44	9	3
1:A:11:CYS:SG	2:B:6:LEU:CD1	0.51	2.98	6	2
1:A:20:CYS:SG	1:A:21:ASN:N	0.51	2.84	7	12
2:B:19:CYS:O	2:B:22:ARG:CG	0.51	2.59	11	2
2:B:20:GLY:O	2:B:21:GLU:CG	0.51	2.59	8	2
1:A:10:ILE:CD1	2:B:5:HIS:CD2	0.50	2.94	12	4
2:B:21:GLU:CD	2:B:22:ARG:N	0.50	2.64	5	2
2:B:15:LEU:HB3	2:B:24:PHE:CG	0.50	2.42	3	6
2:B:20:GLY:O	2:B:21:GLU:C	0.50	2.50	2	3
2:B:6:LEU:HB3	2:B:11:LEU:CD1	0.50	2.37	9	4
2:B:6:LEU:HB3	2:B:11:LEU:HD12	0.50	1.84	9	1
2:B:10:ASP:O	2:B:14:ALA:N	0.50	2.41	6	9
2:B:24:PHE:CD2	2:B:24:PHE:O	0.50	2.65	6	3
1:A:12:SER:O	1:A:13:LEU:C	0.49	2.50	8	15
2:B:18:VAL:HG23	2:B:19:CYS:N	0.49	2.23	7	7
1:A:10:ILE:CD1	2:B:5:HIS:CE1	0.49	2.96	6	4
1:A:10:ILE:HG12	2:B:5:HIS:NE2	0.49	2.23	10	3
1:A:15:GLN:O	1:A:19:TYR:CE2	0.49	2.66	4	4
2:B:8:GLY:O	2:B:9:SER:C	0.48	2.51	3	15
2:B:19:CYS:SG	2:B:22:ARG:CB	0.48	3.01	10	2
1:A:13:LEU:HD12	1:A:16:LEU:HB2	0.48	1.86	3	2
1:A:16:LEU:CG	2:B:6:LEU:HD21	0.48	2.38	13	1
1:A:19:TYR:HA	2:B:25:PHE:CZ	0.48	2.43	14	1
2:B:20:GLY:O	2:B:21:GLU:OE2	0.48	2.32	11	1
1:A:18:ASN:O	1:A:19:TYR:CD1	0.48	2.67	11	2
2:B:19:CYS:O	2:B:21:GLU:N	0.47	2.47	3	2
1:A:2:ILE:CG2	1:A:3:VAL:N	0.47	2.77	12	6
1:A:12:SER:O	1:A:16:LEU:HD12	0.47	2.09	13	4
1:A:4:GLU:O	1:A:8:THR:CG2	0.47	2.62	9	2
1:A:6:CYS:O	1:A:9:SER:O	0.47	2.33	3	4
2:B:19:CYS:O	2:B:20:GLY:O	0.47	2.32	2	3
2:B:6:LEU:HB2	2:B:11:LEU:CD1	0.47	2.40	9	1
1:A:6:CYS:HB3	2:B:6:LEU:CB	0.47	2.40	13	2
1:A:7:CYS:O	2:B:7:CYS:SG	0.47	2.73	10	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:10:ILE:CG1	2:B:5:HIS:CE1	0.47	2.98	6	1
2:B:6:LEU:HD22	2:B:14:ALA:CB	0.47	2.40	8	1
1:A:20:CYS:SG	2:B:23:GLY:O	0.47	2.73	1	1
1:A:10:ILE:HG22	1:A:11:CYS:N	0.47	2.24	13	1
2:B:8:GLY:O	2:B:11:LEU:HB3	0.46	2.10	5	11
2:B:20:GLY:O	2:B:21:GLU:HG3	0.46	2.10	8	4
2:B:10:ASP:O	2:B:14:ALA:CB	0.46	2.63	4	1
1:A:2:ILE:CD1	1:A:6:CYS:CB	0.46	2.93	12	1
1:A:3:VAL:O	1:A:7:CYS:HB2	0.46	2.11	3	2
2:B:19:CYS:O	2:B:22:ARG:HG2	0.46	2.11	11	2
1:A:3:VAL:O	1:A:7:CYS:SG	0.46	2.73	15	1
1:A:8:THR:O	1:A:8:THR:CG2	0.46	2.64	2	1
1:A:5:GLN:O	1:A:9:SER:O	0.46	2.34	10	1
2:B:19:CYS:CB	2:B:22:ARG:HB2	0.45	2.42	13	8
1:A:13:LEU:HD12	1:A:13:LEU:O	0.45	2.10	3	1
1:A:8:THR:HG22	1:A:8:THR:O	0.45	2.10	3	1
2:B:24:PHE:O	2:B:24:PHE:CD2	0.45	2.70	13	1
1:A:16:LEU:HD23	2:B:15:LEU:CD2	0.45	2.42	15	2
1:A:3:VAL:O	1:A:7:CYS:CB	0.45	2.64	12	3
1:A:2:ILE:O	1:A:6:CYS:HB2	0.45	2.12	1	3
1:A:2:ILE:CG1	1:A:6:CYS:HB2	0.44	2.41	1	1
2:B:24:PHE:N	2:B:24:PHE:CD1	0.44	2.86	11	1
1:A:2:ILE:O	1:A:6:CYS:N	0.44	2.43	8	1
2:B:19:CYS:SG	2:B:22:ARG:HB2	0.44	2.53	11	1
2:B:12:ALA:O	2:B:13:GLU:C	0.44	2.55	14	5
1:A:13:LEU:HD23	1:A:13:LEU:C	0.44	2.33	13	1
2:B:12:ALA:O	2:B:16:TYR:HB2	0.44	2.13	1	11
1:A:13:LEU:O	1:A:14:TYR:C	0.44	2.55	14	9
2:B:21:GLU:O	2:B:21:GLU:CD	0.44	2.56	11	1
1:A:20:CYS:SG	2:B:24:PHE:HA	0.43	2.54	3	1
2:B:6:LEU:HD22	2:B:14:ALA:HB2	0.43	1.90	14	1
2:B:20:GLY:C	2:B:21:GLU:CG	0.43	2.86	8	1
1:A:7:CYS:HA	2:B:6:LEU:O	0.43	2.13	1	1
2:B:21:GLU:OE1	2:B:21:GLU:C	0.43	2.57	3	1
2:B:9:SER:O	2:B:10:ASP:C	0.43	2.57	4	6
2:B:6:LEU:O	2:B:11:LEU:HD13	0.43	2.14	9	1
2:B:6:LEU:CG	2:B:11:LEU:CD1	0.42	2.97	13	1
2:B:10:ASP:OD1	2:B:10:ASP:N	0.42	2.52	1	1
2:B:5:HIS:CD2	2:B:5:HIS:N	0.42	2.87	3	1
2:B:21:GLU:C	2:B:21:GLU:OE2	0.42	2.57	11	1
2:B:10:ASP:O	2:B:11:LEU:C	0.42	2.56	15	4

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:3:VAL:O	1:A:7:CYS:HB3	0.42	2.14	12	1
1:A:15:GLN:N	1:A:15:GLN:OE1	0.42	2.45	11	1
2:B:20:GLY:C	2:B:22:ARG:N	0.42	2.73	11	1
2:B:20:GLY:C	2:B:21:GLU:HG3	0.42	2.35	11	1
1:A:20:CYS:HB2	2:B:24:PHE:CB	0.42	2.44	12	1
2:B:6:LEU:HD23	2:B:11:LEU:HD11	0.42	1.91	13	1
1:A:16:LEU:HD23	2:B:15:LEU:HG	0.42	1.92	6	1
1:A:6:CYS:HB3	2:B:6:LEU:O	0.41	2.15	11	1
1:A:5:GLN:O	1:A:9:SER:CA	0.41	2.67	10	1
1:A:2:ILE:HG12	1:A:6:CYS:SG	0.41	2.55	10	1
2:B:25:PHE:CG	2:B:25:PHE:O	0.41	2.74	10	2
1:A:20:CYS:SG	2:B:24:PHE:HB3	0.41	2.55	6	2
2:B:6:LEU:HB2	2:B:11:LEU:HD13	0.41	1.92	9	1
1:A:10:ILE:CG1	2:B:5:HIS:CD2	0.41	3.03	10	1
1:A:2:ILE:CG1	1:A:6:CYS:SG	0.41	3.09	10	1
1:A:8:THR:CG2	1:A:8:THR:O	0.41	2.69	13	1
1:A:2:ILE:HG12	1:A:6:CYS:HB2	0.41	1.93	1	1
1:A:2:ILE:O	1:A:3:VAL:C	0.41	2.59	13	1
1:A:2:ILE:HG13	1:A:6:CYS:SG	0.41	2.56	1	1
2:B:21:GLU:CD	2:B:21:GLU:C	0.41	2.80	3	1
1:A:11:CYS:SG	2:B:6:LEU:HG	0.41	2.56	2	2
2:B:25:PHE:O	2:B:25:PHE:CG	0.40	2.75	13	1
2:B:21:GLU:C	2:B:21:GLU:CD	0.40	2.79	4	2
1:A:2:ILE:HD13	1:A:6:CYS:HB2	0.40	1.93	12	1
1:A:16:LEU:HD21	2:B:6:LEU:CD1	0.40	2.46	14	1
2:B:6:LEU:CD2	2:B:11:LEU:HD12	0.40	2.42	11	1

6.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

6.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	19/21 (90%)	16±1 (85±6%)	3±1 (15±6%)	0±0 (1±2%)	31	76
2	B	21/30 (70%)	17±1 (80±4%)	3±1 (13±4%)	2±1 (7±5%)	3	17
All	All	600/765 (78%)	493 (82%)	82 (14%)	25 (4%)	6	32

All 6 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	B	8	GLY	9
2	B	20	GLY	6
2	B	21	GLU	4
2	B	23	GLY	3
1	A	13	LEU	2
2	B	9	SER	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	20/20 (100%)	13±1 (64±6%)	7±1 (36±6%)	1	9
2	B	16/25 (64%)	12±1 (77±8%)	4±1 (23±8%)	3	29
All	All	540/675 (80%)	376 (70%)	164 (30%)	2	17

All 28 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	11	CYS	15
2	B	16	TYR	15
1	A	16	LEU	14
1	A	6	CYS	12
1	A	9	SER	9
1	A	14	TYR	9
2	B	19	CYS	9
1	A	5	GLN	9
2	B	21	GLU	9
1	A	18	ASN	8
1	A	12	SER	8
2	B	9	SER	6
2	B	22	ARG	6
1	A	4	GLU	4
2	B	13	GLU	4
1	A	21	ASN	4

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	17	GLU	4
1	A	15	GLN	4
1	A	10	ILE	3
1	A	2	ILE	2
2	B	11	LEU	2
1	A	13	LEU	2
2	B	7	CYS	1
2	B	18	VAL	1
2	B	6	LEU	1
1	A	7	CYS	1
2	B	25	PHE	1
2	B	10	ASP	1

6.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation [i](#)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 47% for the well-defined parts and 45% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 6204

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	130
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	130
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 23%, i.e. 108 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 475. 0 out of 8 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	38/205 (19%)	38/82 (46%)	0/82 (0%)	0/41 (0%)
Sidechain	62/221 (28%)	62/129 (48%)	0/85 (0%)	0/7 (0%)
Aromatic	8/49 (16%)	8/26 (31%)	0/22 (0%)	0/1 (0%)
Overall	108/475 (23%)	108/237 (46%)	0/189 (0%)	0/49 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 18%, i.e. 108 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 599. 0 out of 9 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	38/253 (15%)	38/101 (38%)	0/102 (0%)	0/50 (0%)
Sidechain	62/280 (22%)	62/164 (38%)	0/106 (0%)	0/10 (0%)
Aromatic	8/66 (12%)	8/35 (23%)	0/30 (0%)	0/1 (0%)
Overall	108/599 (18%)	108/300 (36%)	0/238 (0%)	0/61 (0%)

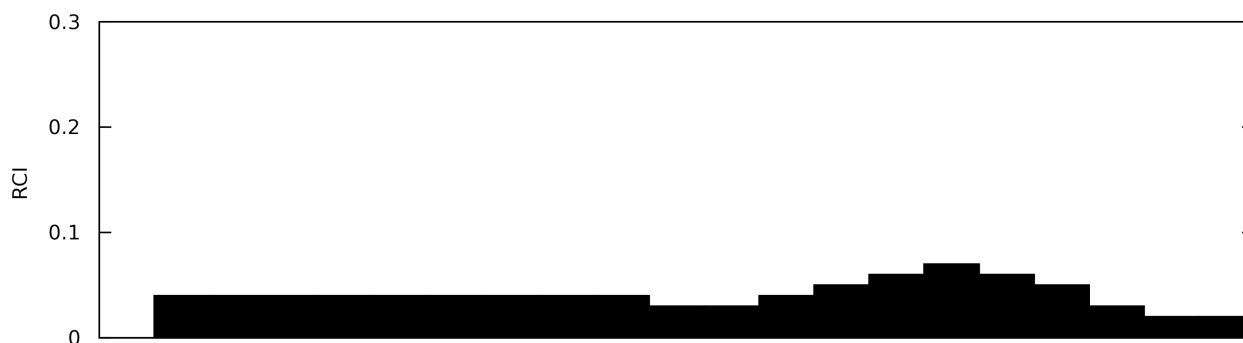
7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



7.2 Chemical shift list 2

File name: BMRB entry 6204

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_2*

7.2.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	134
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	134

Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.2.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.2.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 24%, i.e. 112 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 475. 0 out of 8 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	40/205 (20%)	40/82 (49%)	0/82 (0%)	0/41 (0%)
Sidechain	64/221 (29%)	64/129 (50%)	0/85 (0%)	0/7 (0%)
Aromatic	8/49 (16%)	8/26 (31%)	0/22 (0%)	0/1 (0%)
Overall	112/475 (24%)	112/237 (47%)	0/189 (0%)	0/49 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 19%, i.e. 112 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 599. 0 out of 9 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	40/253 (16%)	40/101 (40%)	0/102 (0%)	0/50 (0%)
Sidechain	64/280 (23%)	64/164 (39%)	0/106 (0%)	0/10 (0%)
Aromatic	8/66 (12%)	8/35 (23%)	0/30 (0%)	0/1 (0%)
Overall	112/599 (19%)	112/300 (37%)	0/238 (0%)	0/61 (0%)

7.2.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

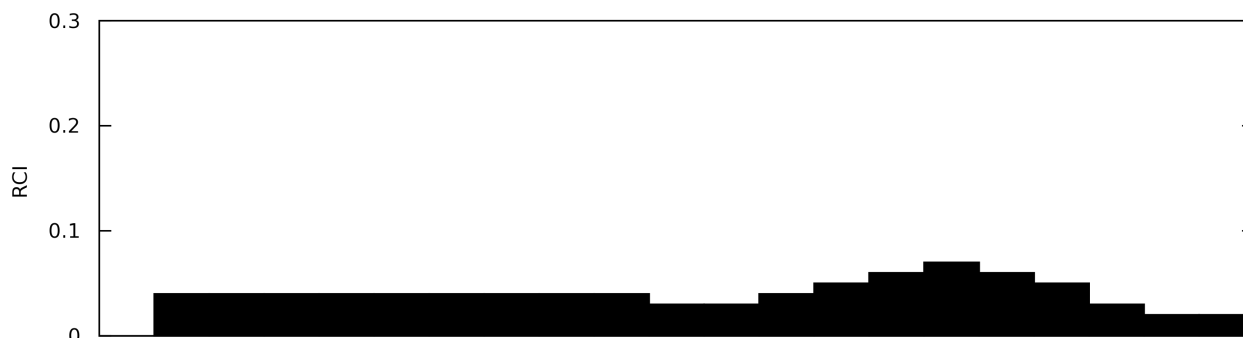
There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.2.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication

of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



7.3 Chemical shift list 3

File name: BMRB entry 6204

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_3*

7.3.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	195
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	195
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.3.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.3.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 23%, i.e. 109 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 475. 0 out of 8 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Backbone	42/205 (20%)	42/82 (51%)	0/82 (0%)	0/41 (0%)
Sidechain	55/221 (25%)	55/129 (43%)	0/85 (0%)	0/7 (0%)
Aromatic	12/49 (24%)	12/26 (46%)	0/22 (0%)	0/1 (0%)
Overall	109/475 (23%)	109/237 (46%)	0/189 (0%)	0/49 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 26%, i.e. 158 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 599. 0 out of 9 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Backbone	58/253 (23%)	58/101 (57%)	0/102 (0%)	0/50 (0%)
Sidechain	80/280 (29%)	80/164 (49%)	0/106 (0%)	0/10 (0%)
Aromatic	20/66 (30%)	20/35 (57%)	0/30 (0%)	0/1 (0%)
Overall	158/599 (26%)	158/300 (53%)	0/238 (0%)	0/61 (0%)

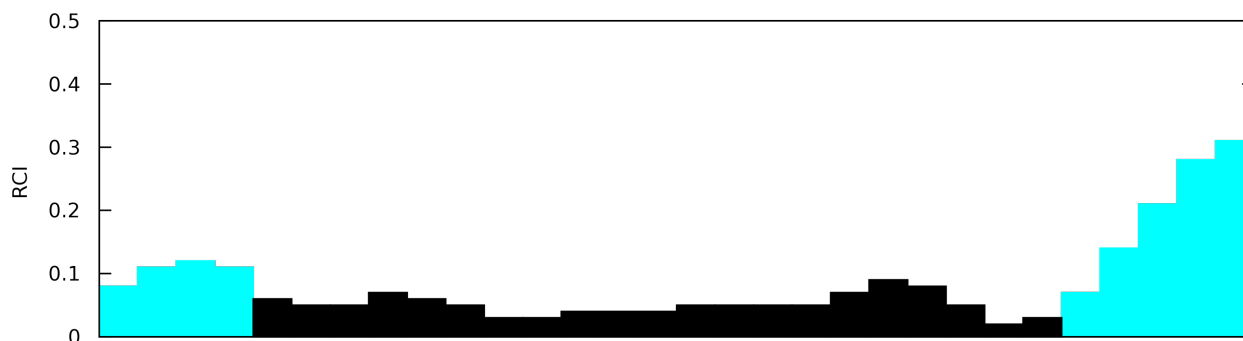
7.3.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.3.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain B:



7.4 Chemical shift list 4

File name: BMRB entry 6204

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_4*

7.4.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	195
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	195
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.4.2 Chemical shift referencing

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.4.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 23%, i.e. 109 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 475. 0 out of 8 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	42/205 (20%)	42/82 (51%)	0/82 (0%)	0/41 (0%)
Sidechain	54/221 (24%)	54/129 (42%)	0/85 (0%)	0/7 (0%)
Aromatic	13/49 (27%)	13/26 (50%)	0/22 (0%)	0/1 (0%)
Overall	109/475 (23%)	109/237 (46%)	0/189 (0%)	0/49 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 26%, i.e. 158 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 599. 0 out of 9 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	58/253 (23%)	58/101 (57%)	0/102 (0%)	0/50 (0%)
Sidechain	79/280 (28%)	79/164 (48%)	0/106 (0%)	0/10 (0%)
Aromatic	21/66 (32%)	21/35 (60%)	0/30 (0%)	0/1 (0%)
Overall	158/599 (26%)	158/300 (53%)	0/238 (0%)	0/61 (0%)

7.4.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.4.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain B:

