Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Feb 1, 2016 – 01:35 PM GMT

PDB ID	:	3U99
Title	:	The experimental X-ray structure of the new diheme cytochrome type c from Shewanella baltica OS155 sb-DHC
Authors	:	De March, M.; Di Rocco, G.; Geremia, S.
Deposited on	:	2011-10-18
Resolution	:	1.15 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

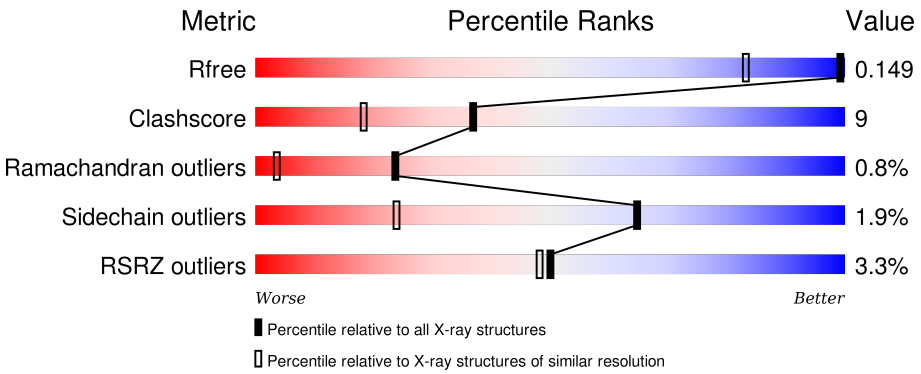
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.9-1692
EDS	:	rb-20026688
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac	:	5.8.0135
CCP4	:	6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	trunk26865

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.15 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	91344	1495 (1.20-1.08)
Clashscore	102246	1593 (1.20-1.08)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	1521 (1.20-1.08)
Sidechain outliers	100360	1518 (1.20-1.08)
RSRZ outliers	91569	1498 (1.20-1.08)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	148	3% 70% 10% • • 17%

2 Entry composition (i)

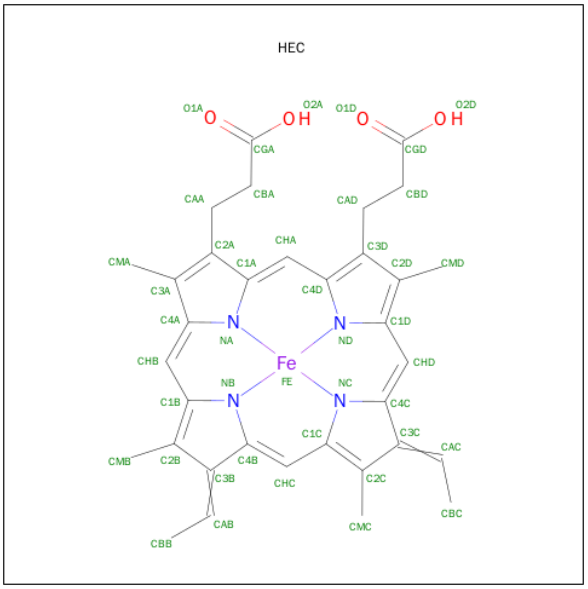
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2353 atoms, of which 1003 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Diheme cytochrome c.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S			
1	A	123	1962	624	951	182	199	6	0	11	0

- Molecule 2 is HEME C (three-letter code: HEC) (formula: $C_{34}H_{34}FeN_4O_4$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	Fe	H	N	O		
2	A	1	72	35	1	26	4	6	0	1
			Total	C	Fe	H	N	O		
2	A	1	69	34	1	26	4	4	0	0

- Molecule 3 is water.

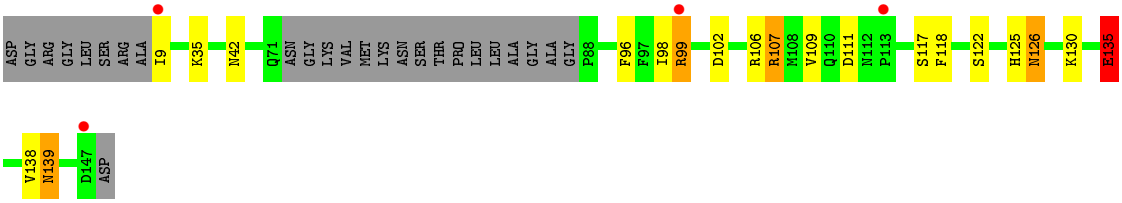
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
3	A	250	250	250	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Diheme cytochrome c

Chain A:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	40.81Å 42.97Å 81.07Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	10.80 – 1.15 18.98 – 1.15	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (10.80-1.15) 91.8 (18.98-1.15)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.11	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	1.48 (at 1.15Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	SHELXL-97	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.107 , 0.154 0.148 , 0.149	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2418 reflections (5.07%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	9.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.014	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.46 , 77.4	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	0.081 for k,h,-l	Xtriage
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.47$, $< L^2 > = 0.31$	Xtriage
Outliers	0 of 47716 reflections	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.98	EDS
Total number of atoms	2353	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 9.74% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HEC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| >5$
1	A	0.87	1/1098 (0.1%)	1.65	15/1483 (1.0%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	99	ARG	N-CA	-6.61	1.33	1.46

All (15) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	A	106[A]	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	25.53	159.34	123.60
1	A	106[B]	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	25.53	159.34	123.60
1	A	98	ILE	O-C-N	-8.27	109.47	122.70
1	A	99	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.95	124.28	120.30
1	A	107	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-6.59	117.00	120.30
1	A	98	ILE	C-N-CA	6.02	136.75	121.70
1	A	135[A]	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	5.91	130.39	123.30
1	A	135[B]	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	5.91	130.39	123.30
1	A	107	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.65	123.12	120.30
1	A	102	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.52	123.27	118.30
1	A	106[A]	ARG	O-C-N	-5.42	114.03	122.70
1	A	106[B]	ARG	O-C-N	-5.42	114.03	122.70
1	A	98	ILE	CA-C-N	5.16	128.55	117.20
1	A	126[A]	ASN	CB-CA-C	5.07	120.55	110.40
1	A	126[B]	ASN	CB-CA-C	5.07	120.55	110.40

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1011	951	929	17	1
2	A	89	52	34	2	0
3	A	250	0	0	11	2
All	All	1350	1003	963	19	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All (19) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:700:HEC:O1D	3:A:198:HOH:O	2.00	0.79
1:A:126[A]:ASN:OD1	3:A:299:HOH:O	2.10	0.69
1:A:117:SER:OG	3:A:198:HOH:O	2.12	0.68
2:A:500[A]:HEC:O2D	3:A:150:HOH:O	2.13	0.63
1:A:96:PHE:HA	1:A:99:ARG:NH2	2.14	0.62
1:A:42:ASN:HB2	3:A:385:HOH:O	2.05	0.56
1:A:130[B]:LYS:HG3	3:A:338:HOH:O	2.07	0.54
1:A:135[A]:GLU:HG3	3:A:358:HOH:O	2.06	0.53
1:A:96:PHE:HA	1:A:99:ARG:CZ	2.42	0.48
1:A:35:LYS:HE3	3:A:171:HOH:O	2.11	0.48
1:A:126[A]:ASN:CG	3:A:299:HOH:O	2.50	0.47
1:A:107:ARG:HD3	3:A:370:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:139:ASN:HD22	1:A:139:ASN:C	2.19	0.45
1:A:122:SER:HA	1:A:125:HIS:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:96:PHE:HA	1:A:99:ARG:HH22	1.85	0.42
1:A:107:ARG:HA	1:A:111:ASP:HB2	2.03	0.41
1:A:9:ILE:N	3:A:349:HOH:O	2.55	0.40

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:126[A]:ASN:OD1	3:A:362:HOH:O[3_755]	2.02	0.18

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:A:166:HOH:O	3:A:220:HOH:O[4_475]	2.02	0.18

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	130/148 (88%)	126 (97%)	3 (2%)	1 (1%)	24 3

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	109	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	116/121 (96%)	113 (97%)	3 (3%)	54 12

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	135[A]	GLU
1	A	135[B]	GLU
1	A	139	ASN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	89	GLN
1	A	94	GLN
1	A	139	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
2	HEC	A	500[A]	-	24,50,50	1.65	3 (12%)	19,82,82	2.78	8 (42%)
2	HEC	A	500[B]	-	24,50,50	1.65	3 (12%)	19,82,82	2.83	9 (47%)
2	HEC	A	700	1	24,50,50	1.89	3 (12%)	19,82,82	2.62	6 (31%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	HEC	A	500[A]	-	-	0/6/54/54	0/0/8/8
2	HEC	A	500[B]	-	-	0/6/54/54	0/0/8/8
2	HEC	A	700	1	-	0/6/54/54	0/0/8/8

All (9) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	500[A]	HEC	C3B-C2B	-6.45	1.34	1.40
2	A	500[B]	HEC	C3B-C2B	-6.45	1.34	1.40
2	A	700	HEC	C3B-C2B	-5.61	1.34	1.40
2	A	700	HEC	C3C-C2C	-5.02	1.35	1.40
2	A	500[A]	HEC	C1D-CHD	-2.36	1.33	1.39
2	A	500[B]	HEC	C1D-CHD	-2.36	1.33	1.39
2	A	700	HEC	CAA-C2A	-2.25	1.48	1.52
2	A	500[A]	HEC	CBB-CAB	2.49	1.59	1.49
2	A	500[B]	HEC	CBB-CAB	2.49	1.59	1.49

All (23) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	A	700	HEC	CBB-CAB-C3B	-7.87	109.87	127.35
2	A	500[A]	HEC	CBB-CAB-C3B	-6.83	112.18	127.35
2	A	500[B]	HEC	CBB-CAB-C3B	-6.83	112.18	127.35
2	A	500[A]	HEC	CBC-CAC-C3C	-5.39	115.39	127.35
2	A	500[B]	HEC	CBC-CAC-C3C	-5.39	115.39	127.35
2	A	700	HEC	CBC-CAC-C3C	-4.73	116.84	127.35
2	A	500[A]	HEC	CMB-C2B-C1B	-4.46	120.99	128.36
2	A	500[B]	HEC	CMB-C2B-C1B	-4.46	120.99	128.36
2	A	700	HEC	CMB-C2B-C1B	-3.71	122.23	128.36
2	A	500[A]	HEC	CBD-CAD-C3D	-3.25	106.70	112.53
2	A	500[B]	HEC	CBD-CAD-C3D	-3.25	106.70	112.53
2	A	700	HEC	CAA-C2A-C1A	-3.17	123.57	127.01
2	A	500[A]	HEC	CBA-CAA-C2A	-2.42	108.19	112.53
2	A	500[B]	HEC	CBA-CAA-C2A	-2.42	108.19	112.53
2	A	500[A]	HEC	CMD-C2D-C1D	-2.23	124.67	128.36
2	A	500[B]	HEC	CMD-C2D-C1D	-2.23	124.67	128.36
2	A	700	HEC	CAD-CBD-CGD	-2.01	109.07	112.75
2	A	500[A]	HEC	CAA-CBA-CGA	2.03	116.46	112.75
2	A	500[B]	HEC	CAA-CBA-CGA	2.03	116.46	112.75
2	A	500[B]	HEC	CAD-CBD-CGD	2.43	117.19	112.75
2	A	700	HEC	C4C-C3C-C2C	2.47	109.02	106.35
2	A	500[A]	HEC	C4C-C3C-C2C	2.79	109.36	106.35
2	A	500[B]	HEC	C4C-C3C-C2C	2.79	109.36	106.35

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	500[A]	HEC	1	0
2	A	700	HEC	1	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	123/148 (83%)	0.06	4 (3%) 50 48	7, 12, 22, 30	3 (2%)

All (4) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	9	ILE	3.2
1	A	147	ASP	2.8
1	A	113	PRO	2.4
1	A	99	ARG	2.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
2	HEC	A	500[B]	43/43	0.98	0.12	0.65	6,9,13,19	3

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
2	HEC	A	500[A]	43/43	0.98	0.12	0.42	6,9,13,19	3
2	HEC	A	700	43/43	0.99	0.08	0.22	6,9,15,32	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.