



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 19, 2016 – 07:56 PM GMT

PDB ID : 4X6R
Title : An Isoform-specific Myristylation Switch Targets RIIB PKA Holoenzymes to Membranes
Authors : Zhang, P.; Ye, F.; Bastidas, A.C.; Kornev, A.P.; Ginsberg, M.H.; Wu, J.; Taylor, S.S.
Deposited on : 2014-12-09
Resolution : 2.40 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.1 (RC1), CSD as537be (2016)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : rb-20026982
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20026982

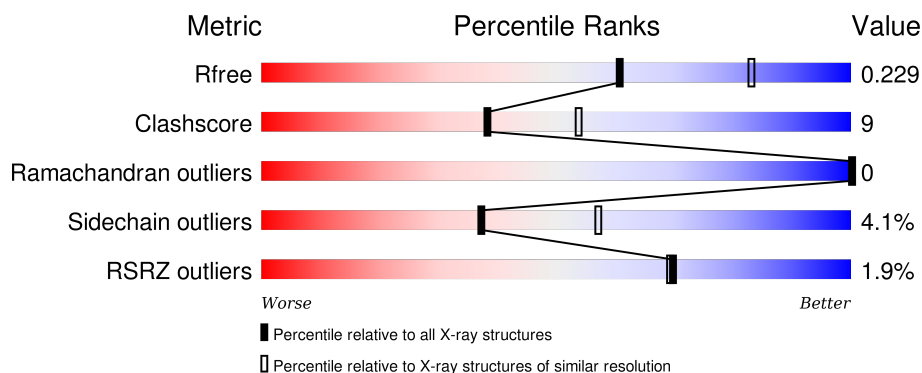
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	91344	2919 (2.40-2.40)
Clashscore	102246	3407 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	3351 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	100360	3352 (2.40-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	91569	2928 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	350	<div> <div>3%</div> <div>84%</div> <div>14%</div> <div>•</div> </div>
2	B	290	<div> <div>%</div> <div>81%</div> <div>17%</div> <div>•</div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	ATP	A	402	-	-	-	X
5	TAM	A	403	-	-	X	X
6	GOL	B	405	-	-	X	X
8	MG	A	407	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition

There are 9 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5545 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called cAMP-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	350	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0	3	0
			2869	1851	480	527	3	8			

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	7	CYS	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P05132

- Molecule 2 is a protein called cAMP-dependent protein kinase type I-alpha regulatory subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	290	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			2306	1460	398	440	8			

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

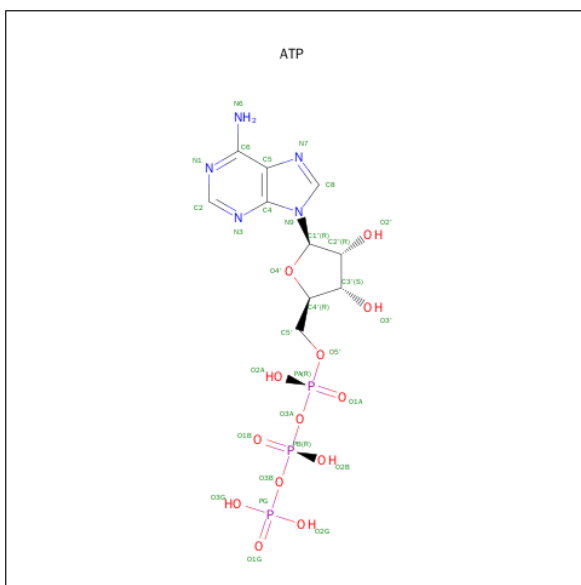
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	333	LYS	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P00514

- Molecule 3 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O₄S).



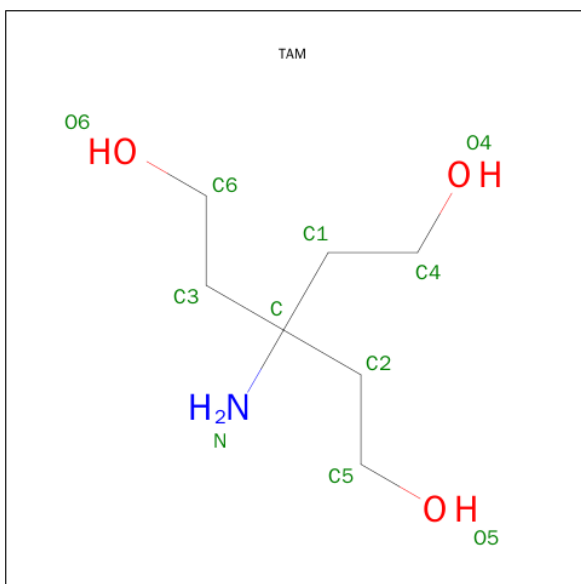
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

- Molecule 4 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3$).



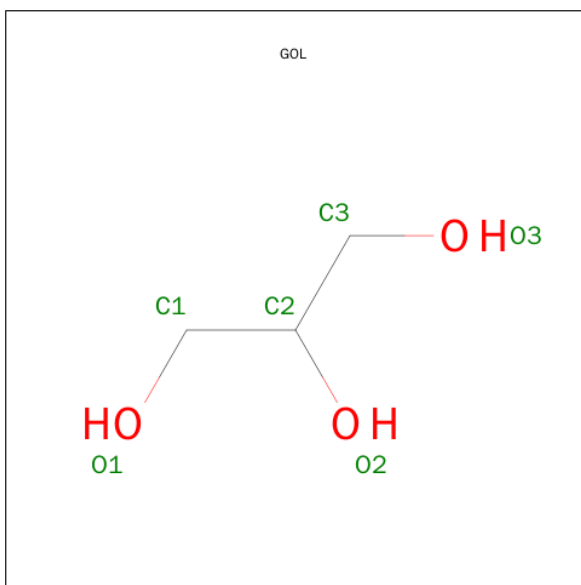
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			31	10	5	13	3		

- Molecule 5 is TRIS(HYDROXYETHYL)AMINOMETHANE (three-letter code: TAM) (formula: $C_7H_{17}NO_3$).



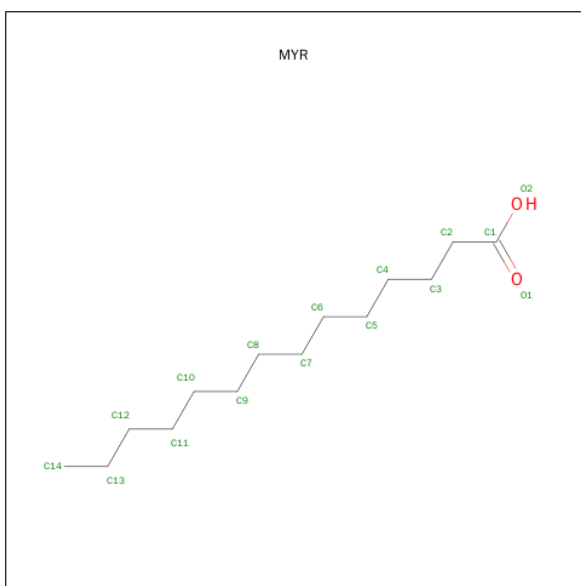
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			11	7	1	3		

- Molecule 6 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $\text{C}_3\text{H}_8\text{O}_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
6	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		

- Molecule 7 is MYRISTIC ACID (three-letter code: MYR) (formula: $C_{14}H_{28}O_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			15	14	1		

- Molecule 8 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	2	Total 2	Mg 2	0	0

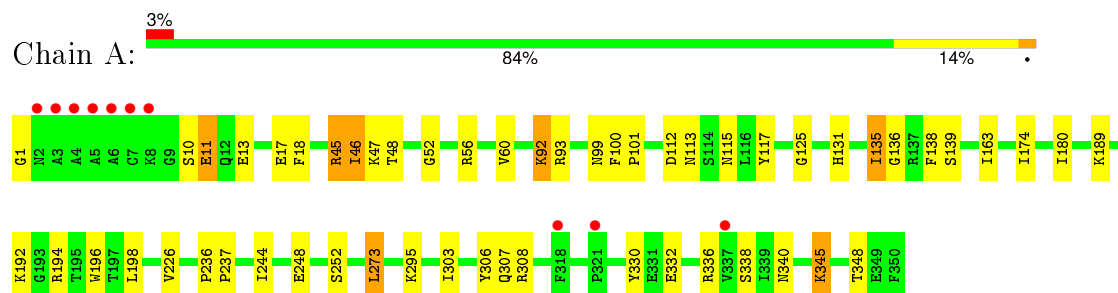
- Molecule 9 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	A	144	Total 144	O 144	0	0
9	B	125	Total 125	O 125	0	0

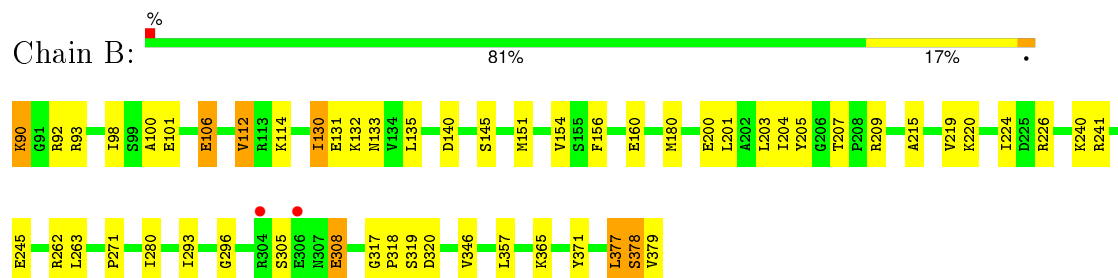
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: cAMP-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha



- Molecule 2: cAMP-dependent protein kinase type I-alpha regulatory subunit



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	125.76Å 125.76Å 140.88Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	62.88 – 2.40 62.88 – 2.40	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.9 (62.88-2.40) 99.9 (62.88-2.40)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	3.52 (at 2.40Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (PHENIX.REFINE: 1.7_650)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.184 , 0.234 0.181 , 0.229	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2575 reflections (5.34%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	43.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.119	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.34 , 43.9	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	0.022 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Outliers	0 of 50790 reflections	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	5545	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	48.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.83% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, MG, SEP, TPO, MYR, SO4, ATP, TAM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.86	0/2916	0.84	0/3928
2	B	0.90	0/2352	0.90	2/3168 (0.1%)
All	All	0.88	0/5268	0.86	2/7096 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)
2	B	93	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.42	117.09	120.30
2	B	209	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.17	117.72	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	136	GLY	Mainchain
1	A	273	LEU	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2869	0	2820	51	0
2	B	2306	0	2304	46	0
3	A	10	0	0	0	0
3	B	20	0	0	0	0
4	A	31	0	12	2	0
5	A	11	0	17	6	0
6	A	6	0	8	1	0
6	B	6	0	8	5	0
7	A	15	0	27	3	0
8	A	2	0	0	0	0
9	A	144	0	0	6	0
9	B	125	0	0	4	1
All	All	5545	0	5196	95	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All (95) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:48:THR:HG21	1:A:56[A]:ARG:HH21	1.11	1.08
2:B:133:ASN:HB3	2:B:200[A]:GLU:OE1	1.68	0.94
1:A:48:THR:HG21	1:A:56[A]:ARG:NH2	1.86	0.90
2:B:377:LEU:HD22	2:B:378:SER:N	1.94	0.82
1:A:252:SER:O	9:A:613:HOH:O	2.04	0.73
1:A:13:GLU:O	1:A:17:GLU:HG2	1.89	0.73
1:A:135:ILE:HD11	1:A:138:PHE:CE1	2.24	0.73
2:B:135:LEU:HD12	2:B:200[A]:GLU:HG2	1.71	0.72
1:A:196:TRP:H	5:A:403:TAM:H51	1.56	0.70
2:B:100:ALA:HB3	9:B:609:HOH:O	1.92	0.69
2:B:226:ARG:HH21	6:B:405:GOL:H2	1.58	0.68
6:A:404:GOL:H31	9:A:567:HOH:O	1.92	0.68
1:A:135:ILE:HD11	1:A:138:PHE:HE1	1.59	0.66
2:B:101:GLU:HG2	6:B:405:GOL:O3	1.95	0.65
2:B:201:LEU:HD23	2:B:207:THR:HG21	1.78	0.64

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:48:THR:HG23	1:A:332:GLU:OE1	1.98	0.63
2:B:106:GLU:H	2:B:106:GLU:CD	2.02	0.63
2:B:156:PHE:HB2	2:B:219:VAL:HG22	1.81	0.62
1:A:45:ARG:HG2	9:A:623:HOH:O	2.00	0.62
1:A:194:ARG:HG3	2:B:241:ARG:NH1	2.16	0.61
1:A:189:LYS:NZ	5:A:403:TAM:H41	2.17	0.60
1:A:139:SEP:O2P	9:A:592:HOH:O	2.17	0.59
2:B:106:GLU:OE1	2:B:106:GLU:N	2.29	0.57
1:A:189:LYS:NZ	5:A:403:TAM:H52	2.20	0.57
2:B:226:ARG:NH2	6:B:405:GOL:H2	2.20	0.56
1:A:52:GLY:HA3	4:A:402:ATP:PB	2.46	0.56
1:A:192:LYS:HA	9:A:547:HOH:O	2.06	0.55
2:B:131:GLU:HG3	2:B:132:LYS:HD2	1.88	0.54
1:A:189:LYS:HZ1	5:A:403:TAM:H41	1.71	0.54
2:B:180:MET:HG3	2:B:215:ALA:HA	1.90	0.54
1:A:336:ARG:HH12	1:A:338:SEP:HB3	1.74	0.53
1:A:52:GLY:HA3	4:A:402:ATP:O1B	2.09	0.53
1:A:345:LYS:O	1:A:348:THR:HG22	2.09	0.52
2:B:305:SER:O	2:B:308:GLU:HB2	2.09	0.51
2:B:112:VAL:HG13	2:B:114:LYS:NZ	2.25	0.51
1:A:45:ARG:HA	1:A:60:VAL:HG12	1.92	0.50
1:A:92:LYS:HG3	1:A:93:ARG:N	2.26	0.50
1:A:198:LEU:HD13	2:B:204:ILE:HB	1.96	0.48
2:B:377:LEU:CD2	2:B:378:SER:N	2.71	0.48
1:A:100:PHE:CD2	1:A:101:PRO:HD2	2.49	0.47
1:A:115:ASN:HB2	1:A:117:TYR:CZ	2.49	0.47
2:B:130:ILE:C	2:B:130:ILE:HD12	2.36	0.46
2:B:318:PRO:O	2:B:319:SER:OG	2.31	0.45
2:B:92:ARG:HH21	2:B:92:ARG:HG3	1.80	0.45
1:A:196:TRP:HD1	5:A:403:TAM:H22	1.81	0.45
1:A:1:GLY:C	7:A:405:MYR:H32	2.37	0.45
1:A:226:VAL:HG13	1:A:237:PRO:HD2	1.99	0.45
1:A:125:GLY:O	1:A:131[A]:HIS:HE1	1.99	0.45
1:A:48:THR:OG1	1:A:330:TYR:HB2	2.16	0.45
1:A:236:PRO:HB2	9:A:545:HOH:O	2.17	0.45
2:B:100:ALA:HA	6:B:405:GOL:C1	2.47	0.44
1:A:11:GLU:HG2	1:A:303:ILE:CD1	2.47	0.44
2:B:220:LYS:NZ	9:B:611:HOH:O	2.47	0.44
2:B:151:MET:HG2	2:B:224:ILE:HB	2.00	0.44
2:B:245:GLU:HB3	9:B:575:HOH:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:135:ILE:HD11	1:A:138:PHE:CD1	2.51	0.44

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:338:SEP:O2P	1:A:340:ASN:ND2	2.49	0.43
1:A:345:LYS:HG3	1:A:345:LYS:H	1.49	0.43
1:A:196:TRP:N	1:A:196:TRP:CD1	2.86	0.43
2:B:293:ILE:HG22	2:B:318:PRO:HA	1.99	0.43
1:A:273:LEU:HD23	1:A:273:LEU:HA	1.89	0.43
1:A:303:ILE:HG12	7:A:405:MYR:H81	2.01	0.43
1:A:244:ILE:O	1:A:248:GLU:HG3	2.19	0.43
2:B:296:GLY:O	2:B:318:PRO:HD3	2.19	0.42
2:B:101:GLU:HG2	6:B:405:GOL:C3	2.49	0.42
1:A:336:ARG:NH2	1:A:338:SEP:O3P	2.53	0.42
2:B:130:ILE:C	2:B:130:ILE:CD1	2.88	0.42
2:B:220:LYS:HE3	9:B:515:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
2:B:98:ILE:HD12	2:B:205:TYR:CE1	2.54	0.42
2:B:317:GLY:O	2:B:320:ASP:HB2	2.20	0.42
1:A:46:ILE:CG1	1:A:47:LYS:N	2.82	0.42
1:A:196:TRP:H	5:A:403:TAM:C5	2.28	0.42
1:A:112:ASP:C	1:A:112:ASP:OD2	2.58	0.42
2:B:271:PRO:HA	2:B:346:VAL:HG12	2.01	0.41
1:A:10:SER:HA	1:A:13:GLU:HB3	2.01	0.41
1:A:307:GLN:OE1	7:A:405:MYR:H41	2.19	0.41
1:A:244:ILE:HD12	1:A:244:ILE:HA	1.88	0.41
2:B:377:LEU:C	2:B:377:LEU:HD22	2.39	0.41
2:B:262:ARG:HH11	2:B:262:ARG:HD2	1.72	0.41
2:B:90[A]:LYS:HB2	2:B:90[A]:LYS:HE2	1.82	0.41
1:A:125:GLY:HA3	1:A:174:ILE:O	2.20	0.41
2:B:203:LEU:HD23	2:B:203:LEU:HA	1.68	0.41
1:A:163:ILE:HG21	1:A:163:ILE:HD13	1.69	0.41
1:A:100:PHE:CG	1:A:101:PRO:HD2	2.56	0.41
1:A:194:ARG:HG3	2:B:241:ARG:CZ	2.50	0.41
2:B:140:ASP:OD1	2:B:240:LYS:NZ	2.53	0.41
2:B:365:LYS:HE3	2:B:371:TYR:CZ	2.56	0.41
2:B:201:LEU:HA	2:B:201:LEU:HD12	1.93	0.40
2:B:156:PHE:HA	2:B:160:GLU:OE1	2.20	0.40
1:A:113:ASN:HB3	1:A:340:ASN:O	2.21	0.40
1:A:18:PHE:HE2	1:A:306:TYR:HH	1.63	0.40
2:B:280:ILE:HD12	2:B:280:ILE:N	2.36	0.40
2:B:365:LYS:HG3	2:B:371:TYR:CD1	2.57	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
9:B:501:HOH:O	9:B:527:HOH:O[6_555]	2.10	0.10

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	348/350 (99%)	341 (98%)	7 (2%)	0	100	100
2	B	289/290 (100%)	285 (99%)	4 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	637/640 (100%)	626 (98%)	11 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	299/302 (99%)	289 (97%)	10 (3%)	45	66
2	B	246/245 (100%)	233 (95%)	13 (5%)	28	44
All	All	545/547 (100%)	522 (96%)	23 (4%)	37	56

All (23) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	11	GLU
1	A	45	ARG
1	A	46	ILE

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	92	LYS
1	A	99	ASN
1	A	135	ILE
1	A	180	ILE
1	A	295	LYS
1	A	308	ARG
1	A	345	LYS
2	B	90[A]	LYS
2	B	90[B]	LYS
2	B	106	GLU
2	B	112	VAL
2	B	130	ILE
2	B	145	SER
2	B	154	VAL
2	B	263	LEU
2	B	308	GLU
2	B	357	LEU
2	B	377	LEU
2	B	378	SER
2	B	379	VAL

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	68	HIS
1	A	113	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

3 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected

value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
1	SEP	A	139	1	7,9,10	1.84	2 (28%)	8,12,14	0.87	1 (12%)
1	TPO	A	197	1	7,10,11	1.26	1 (14%)	10,14,16	1.11	1 (10%)
1	SEP	A	338	1	7,9,10	1.90	3 (42%)	8,12,14	1.80	2 (25%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	SEP	A	139	1	-	0/5/8/10	0/0/0/0
1	TPO	A	197	1	-	0/8/11/13	0/0/0/0
1	SEP	A	338	1	-	0/5/8/10	0/0/0/0

All (6) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	338	SEP	P-O2P	2.02	1.61	1.54
1	A	338	SEP	P-O3P	2.26	1.62	1.54
1	A	139	SEP	P-O2P	2.46	1.63	1.54
1	A	197	TPO	CB-CA	2.53	1.58	1.54
1	A	139	SEP	P-O1P	3.35	1.61	1.50
1	A	338	SEP	P-O1P	3.60	1.62	1.50

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	197	TPO	P-OG1-CB	-2.49	110.52	121.42
1	A	139	SEP	O-C-CA	-2.10	120.09	125.72
1	A	338	SEP	O3P-P-OG	2.48	113.97	106.72
1	A	338	SEP	OG-CB-CA	3.72	111.51	108.26

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	139	SEP	1	0
1	A	338	SEP	3	0

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 13 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 11 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	SO4	A	401	-	4,4,4	0.37	0	6,6,6	0.50	0
4	ATP	A	402	8	26,33,33	1.29	3 (11%)	26,52,52	2.00	7 (26%)
5	TAM	A	403	-	7,10,10	0.43	0	9,12,12	2.82	5 (55%)
6	GOL	A	404	-	5,5,5	0.43	0	5,5,5	1.06	0
7	MYR	A	405	1	14,14,15	0.68	0	13,13,15	0.65	0
3	SO4	A	406	-	4,4,4	0.36	0	6,6,6	0.11	0
3	SO4	B	401	-	4,4,4	0.51	0	6,6,6	0.54	0
3	SO4	B	402	-	4,4,4	0.54	0	6,6,6	0.74	0
3	SO4	B	403	-	4,4,4	0.33	0	6,6,6	0.20	0
3	SO4	B	404	-	4,4,4	0.60	0	6,6,6	1.66	2 (33%)
6	GOL	B	405	-	5,5,5	0.29	0	5,5,5	0.53	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	SO4	A	401	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
4	ATP	A	402	8	-	0/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
5	TAM	A	403	-	-	0/12/12/12	0/0/0/0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	GOL	A	404	-	-	0/4/4/4	0/0/0/0
7	MYR	A	405	1	-	0/11/12/13	0/0/0/0
3	SO4	A	406	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
3	SO4	B	401	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
3	SO4	B	402	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
3	SO4	B	403	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
3	SO4	B	404	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
6	GOL	B	405	-	-	0/4/4/4	0/0/0/0

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	402	ATP	C2-N3	2.52	1.36	1.32
4	A	402	ATP	O4'-C1'	2.54	1.44	1.41
4	A	402	ATP	C5-C4	3.83	1.49	1.40

All (14) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	A	402	ATP	N3-C2-N1	-6.77	123.56	128.87
5	A	403	TAM	C2-C-C1	-5.08	102.06	110.52
3	B	404	SO4	O4-S-O3	-2.97	97.14	109.09
3	B	404	SO4	O2-S-O1	-2.52	101.18	109.59
4	A	402	ATP	C2'-C1'-N9	-2.41	107.02	113.47
5	A	403	TAM	C3-C-C2	-2.22	106.83	110.52
4	A	402	ATP	N6-C6-N1	2.03	121.92	118.52
4	A	402	ATP	O3'-C3'-C4'	2.04	117.11	111.01
4	A	402	ATP	C4'-O4'-C1'	2.15	111.92	109.64
4	A	402	ATP	O4'-C1'-N9	3.02	113.81	108.11
5	A	403	TAM	O6-C6-C3	3.18	118.40	111.11
5	A	403	TAM	C1-C-N	3.38	115.12	108.28
4	A	402	ATP	O3G-PG-O1G	3.43	121.83	110.63
5	A	403	TAM	O4-C4-C1	3.96	120.18	111.11

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

5 monomers are involved in 17 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	402	ATP	2	0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	403	TAM	6	0
6	A	404	GOL	1	0
7	A	405	MYR	3	0
6	B	405	GOL	5	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	347/350 (99%)	-0.10	10 (2%) 55 54	24, 45, 87, 136	0
2	B	290/290 (100%)	-0.41	2 (0%) 89 88	30, 44, 63, 101	4 (1%)
All	All	637/640 (99%)	-0.24	12 (1%) 70 69	24, 45, 77, 136	4 (0%)

All (12) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	7	CYS	10.8
1	A	5	ALA	6.7
1	A	4	ALA	6.5
1	A	3	ALA	6.3
1	A	2	ASN	5.4
1	A	6	ALA	3.8
1	A	318	PHE	3.2
1	A	321	PRO	2.8
1	A	337	VAL	2.7
2	B	304	ARG	2.6
1	A	8	LYS	2.2
2	B	306	GLU	2.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	SEP	A	338	10/11	0.92	0.16	-	76,82,84,88	0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
1	SEP	A	139	10/11	0.98	0.09	-	34,38,51,51	2
1	TPO	A	197	11/12	0.99	0.13	-	30,34,40,42	0

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
8	MG	A	407	1/1	0.89	0.33	13.84	68,68,68,68	0
6	GOL	B	405	6/6	0.85	0.21	6.59	61,62,64,74	0
4	ATP	A	402	31/31	0.82	0.27	5.94	45,58,93,100	0
5	TAM	A	403	11/11	0.83	0.29	4.69	47,55,63,67	0
7	MYR	A	405	15/16	0.84	0.32	0.95	40,72,99,104	0
8	MG	A	408	1/1	0.77	0.16	0.34	68,68,68,68	0
3	SO4	B	403	5/5	0.99	0.13	-0.26	56,61,70,70	0
3	SO4	B	402	5/5	0.97	0.12	-0.30	55,57,64,68	0
3	SO4	B	404	5/5	0.99	0.13	-0.77	40,42,44,44	0
3	SO4	A	406	5/5	0.98	0.12	-1.20	64,68,75,75	0
3	SO4	B	401	5/5	0.99	0.11	-3.75	40,43,47,47	0
6	GOL	A	404	6/6	0.86	0.15	-	62,64,68,69	0
3	SO4	A	401	5/5	0.98	0.11	-	58,62,77,81	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.