



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 1, 2016 – 12:04 AM GMT

PDB ID : 1ZCJ  
Title : Crystal structure of 3-hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase  
Authors : Taskinen, J.P.; Kiema, T.R.; Hiltunen, J.K.; Wierenga, R.K.  
Deposited on : 2005-04-12  
Resolution : 1.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.  
We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)  
A user guide is available at  
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>  
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692  
EDS : rb-20026688  
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)  
Refmac : 5.8.0135  
CCP4 : 6.5.0  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk26865

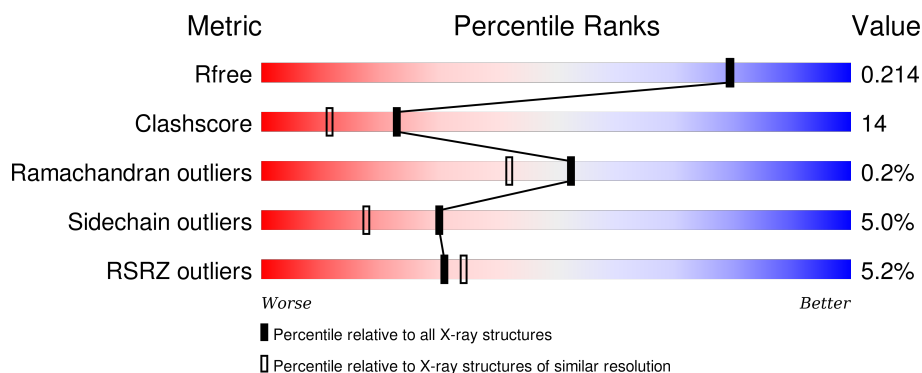
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	91344	4755 (1.90-1.90)
Clashscore	102246	5398 (1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	5338 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	100360	5339 (1.90-1.90)
RSRZ outliers	91569	4766 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	463	<div> <div>5%</div> <div>72%</div> <div>24%</div> <div>..</div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4185 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Peroxisomal bifunctional enzyme.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	459	Total	C	N	O	S	0	10	0
			3603	2301	631	657	14			

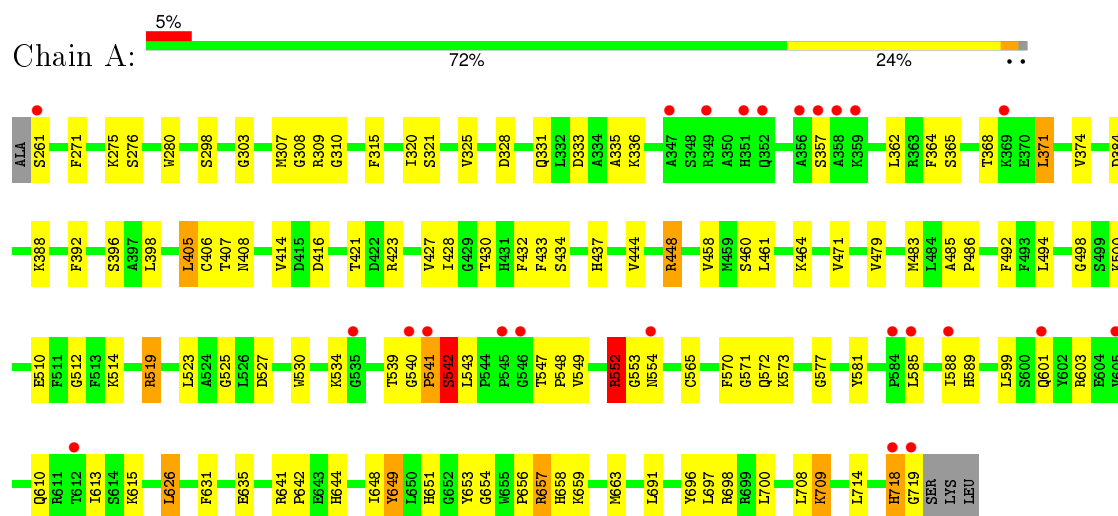
- Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	582	Total	O	0	0
			582	582		

### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $\text{RSRZ} > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Peroxisomal bifunctional enzyme



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	122.91Å 122.91Å 58.25Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.00 – 1.90 28.34 – 1.90	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	100.0 (30.00-1.90) 100.0 (28.34-1.90)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	8.59 (at 1.91Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.1.24	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.170 , 0.221 0.165 , 0.214	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1114 reflections (3.22%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	18.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.187	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.35 , 41.2	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.48$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Outliers	0 of 35765 reflections	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	4185	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	19.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.50% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.68	0/3729	0.91	12/5042 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (12) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	519	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.95	116.33	120.30
1	A	657	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.38	116.61	120.30
1	A	541	PRO	C-N-CA	6.14	137.04	121.70
1	A	553	GLY	N-CA-C	-6.09	97.86	113.10
1	A	541	PRO	CA-C-N	5.96	130.30	117.20
1	A	328	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.94	123.64	118.30
1	A	649	TYR	CA-CB-CG	-5.92	102.15	113.40
1	A	657	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.55	123.07	120.30
1	A	333	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.45	123.20	118.30
1	A	448[A]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.22	122.91	120.30
1	A	448[B]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.22	122.91	120.30
1	A	542	SER	N-CA-CB	5.16	118.25	110.50

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	552	ARG	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3603	0	3622	98	0
2	A	582	0	0	21	0
All	All	4185	0	3622	98	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 14.

All (98) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:718:HIS:H	1:A:719:GLY:HA3	1.17	1.08
1:A:659:LYS:NZ	2:A:1224:HOH:O	1.88	1.03
1:A:541:PRO:N	1:A:542:SER:HB3	1.75	1.00
1:A:718:HIS:H	1:A:719:GLY:CA	1.77	0.97
1:A:709:LYS:HE3	1:A:709:LYS:H	1.35	0.91
1:A:519:ARG:HD2	2:A:887:HOH:O	1.73	0.88
1:A:307[A]:MET:HE1	1:A:432:PHE:HB2	1.56	0.86
1:A:709:LYS:H	1:A:709:LYS:CE	1.87	0.86
1:A:540:GLY:C	1:A:542:SER:HB3	1.97	0.84
1:A:540:GLY:HA2	2:A:1266:HOH:O	1.81	0.80
1:A:500:LYS:HD2	2:A:1130:HOH:O	1.88	0.72
1:A:519:ARG:HD3	1:A:589:HIS:CE1	2.25	0.71
1:A:514:LYS:HB2	2:A:1252:HOH:O	1.88	0.71
1:A:510:GLU:OE1	1:A:615:LYS:HE3	1.91	0.71
1:A:718:HIS:N	1:A:719:GLY:CA	2.54	0.70
1:A:541:PRO:CD	1:A:542:SER:HB3	2.24	0.68
1:A:543:LEU:HD11	1:A:547:THR:HG21	1.76	0.67
1:A:527:ASP:OD2	1:A:573:LYS:NZ	2.26	0.67
1:A:405:LEU:HD22	1:A:423:ARG:HD2	1.76	0.65
1:A:657:ARG:NH2	2:A:871:HOH:O	2.23	0.65
1:A:651:HIS:HE1	2:A:740:HOH:O	1.80	0.64
1:A:307[A]:MET:CE	1:A:432:PHE:HB2	2.27	0.63
1:A:698:ARG:NH1	2:A:1253:HOH:O	2.30	0.63
1:A:718:HIS:N	1:A:719:GLY:HA3	1.99	0.62
1:A:384:ASP:O	1:A:388:LYS:HG2	2.00	0.62

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:512:GLY:HA3	1:A:656:PRO:HB3	1.83	0.60
1:A:276:SER:O	1:A:644:HIS:HE1	1.84	0.59
1:A:392:PHE:CE2	1:A:405:LEU:HB3	2.37	0.59
1:A:320:ILE:HD11	1:A:464[B]:LYS:HD3	1.83	0.58
1:A:540:GLY:O	1:A:542:SER:HB3	2.03	0.58
1:A:309:ARG:HD3	1:A:335:ALA:HA	1.88	0.56
1:A:303:GLY:O	1:A:308:GLY:HA3	2.06	0.56
1:A:271:PHE:CZ	1:A:657:ARG:NH2	2.74	0.55
1:A:464[B]:LYS:HE2	2:A:1234:HOH:O	2.06	0.55
1:A:428:ILE:HG21	1:A:458:VAL:HG21	1.89	0.54
1:A:315:PHE:HE1	1:A:461:LEU:HG	1.72	0.54
1:A:663:MET:HA	1:A:663:MET:HE2	1.89	0.54
1:A:654:GLY:HA3	2:A:1252:HOH:O	2.06	0.54
1:A:464[A]:LYS:HE3	2:A:990:HOH:O	2.08	0.53
1:A:414:VAL:HB	2:A:970:HOH:O	2.08	0.53
1:A:615:LYS:HB2	1:A:615:LYS:NZ	2.24	0.53
1:A:644:HIS:HD2	2:A:754:HOH:O	1.93	0.50
1:A:603:ARG:HD3	1:A:610:GLN:CD	2.32	0.50
1:A:485:ALA:HB3	1:A:486:PRO:HD3	1.94	0.50
1:A:396:SER:OG	1:A:421:THR:HB	2.11	0.50
1:A:641:ARG:HD2	1:A:644:HIS:CE1	2.47	0.50
1:A:483:MET:O	1:A:486:PRO:HD2	2.12	0.49
1:A:658:HIS:HE1	2:A:725:HOH:O	1.95	0.49
1:A:368:THR:O	1:A:371:LEU:HB2	2.13	0.49
1:A:534:LYS:HE3	2:A:1053:HOH:O	2.12	0.49
1:A:460:SER:O	1:A:464[A]:LYS:HG2	2.12	0.49
1:A:534:LYS:NZ	2:A:1221:HOH:O	2.35	0.49
1:A:534:LYS:HG3	1:A:539:THR:HG23	1.94	0.49
1:A:530:TRP:CD2	1:A:565:CYS:HB3	2.49	0.48
1:A:626:LEU:HD11	1:A:649:TYR:CE2	2.49	0.48
1:A:392:PHE:CZ	1:A:407:THR:HB	2.49	0.47
1:A:641:ARG:NH2	2:A:835:HOH:O	2.39	0.47
1:A:548:PRO:O	1:A:552:ARG:NH2	2.41	0.47
1:A:406:CYS:HA	1:A:428:ILE:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:498:GLY:HA2	1:A:610:GLN:OE1	2.15	0.46
1:A:541:PRO:HD2	1:A:542:SER:HB3	1.97	0.46
1:A:642:PRO:HB2	1:A:708:LEU:HD11	1.98	0.46
1:A:525:GLY:HA2	1:A:570:PHE:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:571:GLY:HA2	1:A:577:GLY:HA3	1.97	0.45
1:A:408:ASN:O	1:A:408:ASN:CG	2.55	0.45
1:A:310:GLY:HA2	1:A:437:HIS:HB3	2.00	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:336:LYS:HG2	1:A:364:PHE:CG	2.53	0.44
1:A:494:LEU:HD22	1:A:613:ILE:HG21	1.98	0.44
1:A:651:HIS:HD2	2:A:885:HOH:O	2.00	0.44
1:A:549:VAL:O	1:A:552:ARG:NH2	2.50	0.44
1:A:398[A]:LEU:HG	2:A:1172:HOH:O	2.16	0.44
1:A:433:PHE:HE2	1:A:653:TYR:CZ	2.36	0.43
1:A:307[A]:MET:HE2	1:A:307[A]:MET:HB3	1.23	0.43
1:A:298:SER:OG	1:A:374:VAL:HA	2.18	0.43
1:A:603:ARG:HD3	1:A:610:GLN:OE1	2.18	0.43
1:A:325:VAL:HA	1:A:365:SER:O	2.19	0.43
1:A:658:HIS:CD2	1:A:659:LYS:HG2	2.54	0.43
1:A:430:THR:HG22	1:A:458:VAL:HG11	2.01	0.43
1:A:635:GLU:HB2	1:A:696:TYR:HB2	2.01	0.43
1:A:405:LEU:O	1:A:427:VAL:HA	2.19	0.43
1:A:336:LYS:HE2	1:A:364:PHE:HB2	2.01	0.42
1:A:581:TYR:HA	1:A:588:ILE:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:444:VAL:O	1:A:471:VAL:HA	2.20	0.42
1:A:280:TRP:HB2	1:A:471:VAL:HB	2.02	0.42
1:A:540:GLY:O	1:A:542:SER:CB	2.68	0.41
1:A:416:ASP:OD2	2:A:1261:HOH:O	2.22	0.41
1:A:276:SER:O	1:A:644:HIS:CE1	2.69	0.41
1:A:519:ARG:HD3	1:A:589:HIS:ND1	2.34	0.41
1:A:448[A]:ARG:HG3	1:A:448[A]:ARG:HH11	1.86	0.41
1:A:718:HIS:H	1:A:719:GLY:C	2.23	0.41
1:A:275:LYS:HD2	1:A:275:LYS:HA	1.84	0.41
1:A:479:VAL:HB	1:A:648:ILE:HD13	2.03	0.41
1:A:700:LEU:HD23	1:A:700:LEU:HA	1.88	0.41
1:A:298:SER:HA	1:A:321:SER:O	2.20	0.40
1:A:534:LYS:HG2	1:A:540:GLY:HA3	2.03	0.40
1:A:651:HIS:CE1	2:A:740:HOH:O	2.63	0.40
1:A:631:PHE:CD2	1:A:697:LEU:HB2	2.56	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	466/463 (101%)	453 (97%)	12 (3%)	1 (0%)	52	42

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	542	SER

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	390/384 (102%)	371 (95%)	19 (5%)	31	18

All (19) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	261	SER
1	A	331	GLN
1	A	357	SER
1	A	362	LEU
1	A	371	LEU
1	A	405	LEU
1	A	434	SER
1	A	523	LEU
1	A	552	ARG
1	A	554	ASN
1	A	572	GLN
1	A	585	LEU
1	A	599	LEU
1	A	601	GLN
1	A	626	LEU
1	A	691	LEU
1	A	709	LYS
1	A	714	LEU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	718	HIS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (7) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	278	ASN
1	A	437	HIS
1	A	572	GLN
1	A	644	HIS
1	A	651	HIS
1	A	658	HIS
1	A	679	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2		OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	459/463 (99%)	0.22	24 (5%)	31 34	4, 14, 28, 57	0

All (24) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	541	PRO	6.9
1	A	545	PRO	6.0
1	A	718	HIS	5.3
1	A	261	SER	5.3
1	A	585	LEU	5.1
1	A	546	GLY	5.0
1	A	554	ASN	4.9
1	A	612	THR	4.6
1	A	356	ALA	4.3
1	A	540	GLY	4.2
1	A	719	GLY	3.8
1	A	349	ARG	3.1
1	A	358	ALA	3.0
1	A	351	HIS	3.0
1	A	352	GLN	2.6
1	A	369	LYS	2.5
1	A	535	GLY	2.4
1	A	584	PRO	2.3
1	A	347	ALA	2.2
1	A	357	SER	2.1
1	A	601	GLN	2.1
1	A	588	ILE	2.0
1	A	605	VAL	2.0
1	A	359	LYS	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.